THE WEATHER.
Fair, warmer Friday. Saturday fair.

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VILLA BANDITS CROSS BORDER AND KILL 16 AMERICANS

U.S. Cavalry Pursues Invaders Into Mexico; Washington Approves

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GERMANY DECLARES WAR ON PORTUGAL FOR SEIZURE OF INTERNED STEAMERS

Fighting Between French and Germans Near Verdun Has Not Yet Slackened.

ATTACKS VERY VIOLENT

Russians Have Taken Offensive Against German Advanced Positions.

Thirteen Countries Now Engaged in the War.

Germany has declared war on Portugal. Thus thirteen countries now are engaged in the international struggle. The declaration of war was made by Germany chiefly on account of the recent seizure of German merchantmen interned in Portuguese ports and Portugal's refusal to rescind this action and once more place the ships under the German flag.

A long series of alleged breaches of neutrality by the Portuguese also were contributing factors.

Fighting between the French and the Germans northwest and north of Verdun has in no wise slackened.

Attacks Particularly Violent.

Particularly violent have been the attacks of the Germans to the north of Verdun, around Douaumont, the village of Vaux and Fort Vaux, but, according to Paris, they went for naught.

The Germans were thrown in solid formation against trenches of the French bordering the foot of the ridge dominating Fort Vaux, which the latest German official report said the Germans had captured, but the French drove back the attacking forces with "enormous losses."

Northeast of the fort the Germans essayed an assault against the village of Vaux, from which they previously had been driven by the French, but here also they were repulsed with heavy casualties.

To the west of the Meuse, midway between Bethincourt and the river, the French have continued on the offensive in the Corbeaux wood and are officially reported to have driven the Germans from almost all of that important salient.

In Eastern Theatre.

In the eastern theatre, the Russians at various points have taken the offensive against German advanced positions, but Berlin declares they have not met with success.

The Russians on the Black Sea coast continue to press toward Turkey's principal port, Trebizond, and also are making progress against the Ottomans in the Persian sector.

The Russian foreign office catagorically denies that Turkey has made peace proposals of any kind.

MINISTER GIVEN PASSPORTS.

Germany Declared War on Portugal Wednesday Afternoon.

Berlin, via wireless to Sayville, March 9.—Germany declared war on Portugal at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon and handed the Portuguese minister his passports.

EXODUS OF GERMANS.

Numbers of German Residents of Portugal are Leaving Country.

Lisbon, March 8, via Paris, March 9.—Large numbers of German residents are leaving Portugal as a result of notices given to them by German consuls that they should quit the country as soon as possible.

EXPECTS NO ORDERS.

General Bell Does Not Expect Call for Forces from the West.

San Francisco, March 9.—Major General J. Franklin Bell, commanding the Western Department, said tonight that no orders had been received for sending troops from here to Mexico and that he did not expect any.

The only organization now in San Francisco is the coast artillery, which would not be sent, General Bell said. Of mobile troops available, there was one regiment and two battalions of infantry in Washington and one regiment of cavalry in California, quartered at Monterey, San Diego and Calexico. The cavalry and infantry would be immediately available, he said, but in his opinion would not be called for.

ARMY WILL BE GIVEN FREE REIN TO CAPTURE THE VILLA OUTLAWS

Washington Stands Squarely Behind Colonel Slocum in His Sending American Cavalry Across Border in Running Down the Bandits—Satisfaction Expressed Over Success Attending the Pursuit of Raiders.

Washington, March 9.—Washington stands squarely behind Colonel Slocum in sending cavalry into Mexico in pursuit of Francisco Villa and his band of outlaws who raided Columbus, N. M., today, murdering American soldiers and citizens and firing the town.

Secretary Lansing tonight informed the defacto government of Mexico, through Eliseo Arredondo, its ambassador designate here, that he trusted no objection would be made to the action of the American troops, they having followed what is known in military circles as a "hot trail." No orders have been issued for the return of the soldiers, and it is not probable that any will be issued for the present.

Shocked indignation, occasioned by news of Villa's outrage, was quickly succeeded by undisguised satisfaction in official and congressional circles over the knowledge that after three years of patient forebearance, U. S. soldiers actually were on Mexican soil to avenge the death of their comrades and bring to justice the outlaws whose depredations have terrorized Americans on both sides of the border. Reports that the American troopers were in action tonight against a much larger force of the bandits, were heard with anxious interest in official circles.

Army to Have Free Rein.

While no formal word of the policy of the administration was given out it was reliably stated that the army would be given free rein to catch the bandits if possible. It was not considered in administration circles that Colonel Slocum's act in any sense constituted an invasion of Mexico, a policy which the administration has opposed in the past, and will continue to oppose.

Formally there is no authority for the presence of the American troops in Mexico. In fact the patrols along the border have from the beginning of the disorders there been under orders not to cross under any consideration. If the provocation had not been so great the officers responsible for the action of today, would face court martial.

Suggestions that Colonel Slocum, in command at Columbus, might be court martialed, however, were scouted by some officials, while at the War Department itself the subject was not discussed.

Newton D. Baker, who became Secretary of War today, conferred over the situation with President Wilson tonight. Three hours later Mr. Baker said no orders had been sent for the recall of the American soldiery.

Major General Scott, chief of staff, telegraphed General Funston at Fort Sam Houston, in command of the border forces, for all details available. He said the policy of the government would not be outlined until General Funston's reply had been received.

What had been done toward strengthening the forces near Columbus or reinforcing the little command that had ridden against the bandits apparently was not known at the War Department tonight. General Funston has full authority on the border and is making such troop movements as he things necessary. Even he, however, is not fully informed as to what Colonel Slocum has done.

A brief report reached the department during the day telling of the raid, but afterward General Funston relayed a dispatch from Brigadier General Pershing telling of a telephone report from Colonel Slocum and announcing that five troops had been sent across the border with instructions not to go more than two miles. Tonight General Funston sent this telegram to General Scott:

Forty-six Mexicans Killed.

"The only information that I have of our troops having crossed the border is newspaper reports. Report from Colonel Slocum most meagre in spite of telegram to him this morning for full particulars. I wired him this afternoon for full report. Will forward further details as soon as I can get them. Latest report from Colonel Slocum says 46 Mexican soldiers killed. Seven seriously wounded, now in camp. We had seven men killed, two officers and five men wounded. They will recover."

There are more than 4,000 cavalry and a battalio nof the Fourth mountain artillery with 12 mountain guns in the territory between Douglass, Ariz., and El Paso, Tex. They could be assembled at any point within 24 hours. In the same territory are eight regiments of infantry, the 6th field artillery and another battalion of the 4th field artillery, making an additional force of approximately 8,000 infantrymen and 36 field and mountain guns, which could be gathered at Columbus within two days.

The mountain battery is designed especially for fighting of the character that the troops would encounter should they continue further the pursuit of the bandits. The guns are carried on mules and accompanied by an ammunition train which would permit them to operate with the cavalry in the hills.

In addition the Thirteenth cavalry, the Seventh, Eighth and Tenth regiments are scattered along the border in the territory described. The Sixth, Seventh, Sixteenth and Twentieth infantry are at El Paso, sixty miles from Columbus, the Twelfth infantry is at Nogales, between Columbus and Douglas, the Eleventh, Eighteenth and Twenty-second infantry are at Douglas, with the Sixth field artillery and the First battalion of Fourth mountain artillery.

Invasion the Proper Thing.

Officials agreed it was proper for the troops to enter Mexico today in pursuit of the bandits, although they would not countenance such an entry after the massacre of Santa Ysabel. Today, it was pointed out, there was an invasion of American territory for the purpose of murder and destruction.

It was emphatically stated by a high official that the American troops would not co-operate in any way with troops of the defacto government and that they under no consideration would do anything else than apprehend the raiding outlaws and then return to American soil.

Word that the cavalrymen were in Mexico served to quiet rather than increase excitement at the capitol over the news from the border. There was no outbreak of debate in the Senate, but on the House side, Representative Mondell, of Wyoming, Republican, made a vigorous attack upon the administration's Mexican policy and drew a sharp reply from Representative Foster, Democrat, of Illinois.

Administration leaders will seeg to curb debate on dthe subject, but they may have difficulty in restraining some members. Senator Fall, of New Mexico, long an ardent advocate of intervention and consistent critic of the President, tonight announced his purpose of introducing a resolution to provide for recruiting 500,000 volunteers to intervene in Mexico at the earlies possible moment. It is known too that other Republia senators, among them Senator Gallinger, have in contemplation resolutions with respect to aggressive action toward Mexico.

Senator Fall, in explaining his resolution tonight, said that he had devised it as a means of averting war with Mexico or war with some foreign power over Mexico, which he regarded as inevitable unless some aggressive action is taken in the near future.

Would Send Army of 500,000.

"I would send 500,000 men in Mexico to seize the ports and railroads and aid the authorities there in annihilating bandit bands and in re-establishing government," he said. "I have had this plan in contemplation some time awaiting the time when I knew this problem would be again be brought forcibly before the Confress and the American people. The intervention proposed in my plan would not mean war against Mexico, and is the only way I can see that actual war can be averted."

Senator Sone, chairman of the Foreign Relations committee, said no congressional action was contemplated that he knew of, although he expected that debate would be precipitated and some radical step proposedb w miority members. It is the general opinion of Democratic leaders, however, that no action will be taken in Congress unless the President requests it. The Democrats think the border troops will continue to handle the situation without interference.

AFFAIR IS REGRETTED.

Acting Foreign Minister of Carranza Cabinet Makes Statement.

Mexico City, March 9.—"My government sincerely regrets this affair and asks the American people to be patient," said Maceleno Davalos, acting foreign minister of the Carranza cabinet, in a statement to the Associated Press regarding the raid on Columbus, N. M., early today.

"The government asks the American people to remember that Villa is a common enemy," he continued, "and an outlaw to be hunted down by all men. The Mexicon government will use the most vigorous means to run this man to earth and avenge his horrible acts."

It is stated unofficially that General Trevino, with a large force, already is

(Continued on Page Two)

GENERAL FRANCISCO VILLA, THE OUTLAW.

HELD CAPTIVE BY VILLA FOR NINE DAYS; HER HUSBAND AND A YOUTH POSSIBLY MURDERED

Mrs. Maud Wright, an American, Ordered to Leave Baby with Mexican Family—Knew of Rebel Chief's Intention to Attack Columbus—Men Obey Him Because of Fear—Describes Capture and Release.

Columbus, N. M., March 9.—Mrs. Maud Hawk Wright, an American woman who said she was held captive by Villa for nine days and was liberated in the midst of today's fighting, declared today that Villa announced on March 1 his intention to attack Columbus and proceeded north under forces marches to carry out his purpose.

His men, with scant supplies of water and meat, suffered severely, she said, and many dropped from their horses on the march to Boca Grande. Villa, she declared, ruled them by fear and his officers with the flats of their swords beat the soldiers into animation sufficient to reach that point where they rested and prepared for the raid.

Tuesday, Mrs. Wright related, Villa bandits attacked Epes, of the Palomas Cattle Company, engaged in rounding up cattle, killing four Americans.

Ordered to Abandon Baby.

Mrs. Wright said her husband, Edward John Wright, formerly of Houston, Texas, and Frank Hayden, a youth, employed at the LaBooker saw mill, were taken from the Wright ranch March 1 and possibly killed. When she was taken prisoner and forced to ride away with a detachment of Villa's men under Colonel Nicholas Servantes, she said a bandit ordered her to give her baby to a Mexican family.

Mrs. Wright was cared for today at the home of Mrs. Slocum, wife of Colonel Slocum. There she told the story of her capture and experiences from the time she was taken from the ranch at Colona Hernandez, west of Pearson, where the de facto Mexican government was reported to have maintained a heavy garrison for the protection of Americans.

Up to yesterday, she said, Villa wore civilian clothing, a queer little round straw hat and rode a small mule, but just before the fight this morning he appeared clad in a trim military uniform and rode one of three handsome sorrel charges which had not been used during the long march. Mrs. Wright said Villa led nearly 1,500 men upon the sleeping American town at which were quartered less than 300 American troopers.

Just before she and her husband were taken prisoners with the Hayden boy, Mrs. Wright said, the Villa men told her they had raided Colonia Juarez, an American Mormon settlement, west of Pearson, looted all the stores and had killed some of the foreigners.

Pretended to be Carranza Men.

"Servantes, with 12 men, came to the ranch the night of March 1," Mrs. Wright said in her story. "They pretended to be Carranza soldiers and asked me if I had any food to sell. My husband and Frank Hayden were at Pearson buying supplies. I told them we had only a little flour and meal—just enough for our family and the family of a Mexican employe. I was cooking in expectation of my husband's arrival home and Servantes asked if he might buy food for some of his men. I told him I would sell him and his men something to eat.

"It was just about dark then and my husband came into the yard with two pack mules which he unloaded. As soon as that was done some of the Mexicans caught and saddled the animals. My husband came into the house and said 'That looks bad.' I said we would have to put up with it and do the best we could. Servantes became impatient and demanded to see our stores of flour and meal. As soon as I opened the store room he ordered some of his men to take all our supplies.

Then they called my husband outside. The next I knew of him his hands had been tied behind his back. My husband called to Hayden and he also was tied. Then I went with my baby in my arms to Servantes and told him that he had eaten our food and taken all of our flour and meal leaving us nothing and that I did not think it was just to make a prisoner of my husband.

"Meanwhile the soldiers, evidently at Servantes' order, began stripping the house of everything. They took 13 horses and every other animal on the ranch. I protested again and Servantes said he would order the flour to be returned, but the man to whom he gave the order never moved.

"My husband was taken out to the gate of the ranch yard and tied there with Hayden. I went out with the baby to see him and saw that they had

(Continued on Page Ten.)

MANY BUILDINGS ARE FIRED IN RAID ON COLUMBUS, N. M.

Under Cover of Night, Led by Their Chief, the Mexican Outlaws, Numbering 1,500, Invade the Town, and Guided by the Slogan, "Death to Americans," Open Fire Upon Citizens in Homes and on Streets.

AMERICAN SOLDIERS QUICKLY RESPOND, AND THE BANDITS ARE DRIVEN OUT, LEAVING MANY DEAD

Villa's Total Losses Are Estimated at More Than 100 Killed and Twice as Many Wounded—Seven American Troopers Killed and Six Wounded—Homes and Stores Are Looted and the Furniture Destroyed.

Columbus, N. M., March 9. — Francisco Villa, outlawed Mexican bandit, raided United States territory today. With 1,500 men he attacked Columbus, killing at least 16 Americans, and fired many buildings before he was driven back across the international border.

Not less than 250 troopers of the Thirteenth United States cavalry followed the Villa band into Mexico. Reports to Colonel H. J. Slocum, commanding United States troops at this point, late today, stated that Villa had made a stand 15 miles south of the border, where spirited fighting ensued. In this engagement an unnamed private was killed and Captain George W. Williams, adjutant of the Thirteenth cavalry, was wounded. The small detachment of troopers under Major Frank Tompkins and Elmer Linsley, fighting dismounted, made a determined stand against the renewed Villa attack, and at last reports were holding their ground.

The raid on American territory proved costly to the bandit chieftain. The bodies of 18 bandits, including Pablo Lopez, second in command, had been gathered and buried before noon, and troopers reported an undetermined number of dead still lying in the brush.

Led to the attack under the slogan, "Death to the Americans," Villa's followers fought with desperation. Just before dawn they crept along ditches skirting the United States cavalry camp and rushed the sleeping town, firing heavily.

Troopers Quickly Respond.

The first volley brought American troopers into almost instant action. While a portion of the raiders engaged the cavalrymen, others began applying the torch and shooting American civilians who ventured from the buildings. Lights in homes and public buildings immediately became targets for snipers posted at Villa's direction. Other bandits, creeping close to American homes, enticed a number of civilians into the open with English spoken invitations. A number of fatalities are attributed to this ruse.

Stores were looted, oil was poured on frame structures and the match applied by still other bandits. The post office was raided and furniture smashed by the looters, who secured only one small registered package.

Many civilians barricaded themselves in their homes and fired at the Mexicans as they darted through the streets. The fighting in the town ended almost as suddenly as it began. Less than two hours after the first shot was heard Villa's buglers sounded the retreat and the raiders began a disordered flight, closely followed by American troopers.

The casualties of the Thirteenth cavalry in the fighting at Columbus were seven killed and six wounded.

Villa's total losses in the day's fighting were estimated in excess of 100 killed and twice as many wounded. The American pursuit into Mexico, which ended about 2 o'clock, was reported to have accounted for more than 25 Mexicans killed and wounded.

The American losses on the Mexican side was one corporal slain when Villa threw out a heavy guard to engage the pursuing American troopers.

Two Burned to Death.

Of the eight American civilians slain here, Charles DeWitt Miller, of Albuquerque, and Dr. H. J. Hart, of El Paso, were burned to death in the fire that destroyed the Commercial Hotel.

The body of Walton Walker, a Sunday school convention delegate from Playas, N. M., who was shot to death with W. T. Richie, proprietor of the hotel, also was incinerated.

The Mexicans set the hoted on fire; together with a number of other buildings, and posted snipers to pick off the Americans as they fled.

Mrs. James was shot and killed from the doorway of another hotel which was run by her husband. Mrs. James fell dying over the body of C. C. Miller, who had been driven from his drug store across the street. Her sister, a child not yet in her teens, escaped the fusillade without a scratch. Mrs. James' husband was wounded.

Mrs. S. F. T. Ryan, wife of the captain of Troop E, and Captain Rudolph Smyzer, of Troop H, with Mrs. Smyzer and her little children, had narrow escapes from the bandits. The Ryan house fronts regimental headquarters, and the ditch up along which Villa's troops came. It was riddled with bullets.

Mrs. Ryan was in bed in line with a front window facing the ditch in which Villa opened the attack. Bullets shattered the glass and struck through her clothing, arranged on a chair near the bed.

Shot After Killing Two Bandits.

Fred Griffin, private of K troop, was on sentry duty in front of the headquarters, and opened fire on a party of Mexicans attacking the quarters of Lieutenant John P. Lucas, commanding the machine gun troops of the 13th cavalry. Griffin fell mortally wounded under a volley of bullets but killed two Mexicans, and then crawled to the side of the Ryan home. Mrs. Ryan, arising, ran around the side of the house under fire of the Mexicans to an adobe garage. A party of bandits was standing about Griffin. She opened the garage, when a Mexican grasped her arm and demanded where she was going. She answered calmly that she was going into the building to get a motor car. The Mexican let her go, and during the fighting in the camp she remained in the automobile unharmed.

Every piece of furniture in the Ryan home was riddled.

The Smyser home, north of the track, was surrounded on front and both sides by bandits before a shot was fired.

Captain Smyser heard some one tell the bandits that an American officer and his family lived there. Gathering his wife and children, he emerged from the back door and reached the barn just as the bandits broke in the front door. The bandits looted the house and were preparing to set fire to the barn when the American forces opened fire. Leaving Mrs. Smyzer in nothing but the night gown in which she escaped, Captain Smyzer managed to join his troops in time to participate in the battle in which the Mexicans finally were driven from the town.

Captain F. G. Turner and his wife were in an adobe house just north of the railroad tracks. Mexicans pointed out his dwelling as a house occupied by an American army officer. They remained inside until the troops in camp got into action, and scattered the bandits.

Villa Loses Personal Papers.

Villa dropped his personal papers as he went with his fleeing men back into Mexico. A note found among the evidently a transcript of an order sued just before the attack read: all the Gringoes."

Villa's presence is accepted h discrediting his recent assertio he was not responsible for the sination of 14 Americans wes city of Chihuahua a few week

That outrage was laid at the Pablo Lopez, Villa's second i mand. If so, the Americans ha parently been avenged, for

(Continued on Page Two)

TO MAKE DEMANDS ON THE RAILROADS

Brotherhoods Overwhelmingly Favor Eight-Hour Day.

NO STRIKE THREATENED

Demands to Open Negotiations For Shorter Day Will Be Presented to the Railway Managements at an Early Date.

Chicago, March 9.—It was officially announced here tonight that the vote of 400,000 engineers, firemen, conductors and trainmen of American railroads overwhelmingly favored authorizing union heads to enter into negotiations with the railroads for an eight-hour day. The following statement was issued:

"While the returns from the membership of these four organizations are not completed it is evident that the vote is overwhelmingly in favor of presenting to the railway companies of the United States the requests for the eight-hour day and time and one-half for overtime. Consequently the movement with that object in view will be carried forward in its regular course.

"The present vote has no significance except as an indication of the desire of the men that this matter should be pressed to a conclusion and all reports that it has any significance as a strike vote are erroneous and misleading. In the immediate future the requests will be presented to the railway managements and the necessary steps taken to make the same effective."

The statement was signed by W. S. Stone, grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; A. B. Garretson, president of the Order of Railway Conductors; W. S. Carter, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, and W. G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen.

According to Mr. Stone returns not yet it cannot possible affect the result. The demands in a few days will be presented to the railroads and they will have thirty days in which to make reply.

The roads have made it plain that they intend to fight the proposed conditions. Upon their refusal to accede to the request, which is taken as a foregone conclusion, committees representing both sides will be appointed to negotiate a settlement if possible.

The railroads, it is said, will insist upon arbitration under the Erdman Act if the private negotiations fail.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE.

Met at noon.

Judiciary sub-committee in executive session was asked by Senator Works, of Massachusetts, to re-open hearings in the Brandeis inquiry.

Steering committee decided to support Senator Tillman in his request to make the government armor plate plant bill unfinished business.

Senator McCumber withdrew his resolution to warn Americans off armed ships.

Took up Senator Tillman's bill for government armor plate factory under agreement to vote on it March 21.

Senator Vardaman made speech attacking administration's stand in armed ship controversy.

Adjourned at 5:45 p. m. to noon Friday.

HOUSE.

Met at noon.

Resumed debate on legislative appropriation bill.

Naval committee continued hearings on national defense.

Debated Mexican situation, Representative Mondell bringing it up by a speech attacking administration's Mexican policy.

Adjourned at 4:30 p. m., as a mark of respect to memory of the late Representative Brown, of West Virginia, to meet at noon Friday.

MANY BUILDING FIRED BY MEXICAN RAIDERS

(Continued From Page One.)

among the invaders slain by the troops was identified as that of Lopez.

The day's events were accepted as confirmation of recent reports that Villa, disgruntled at Washington's attitude in favor of his rival, General Carranza, had determined to bring about intervention if possible, and that this, rather than robbery, was the motive behind the massacre.

On Tuesday last Villa hanged three Americans. Yesterday, according to a fugitive Mexican, who said that to publish his name would mean his death, asserted that Villa addressed his men to the effect that the killing of Americans was justifiable because the United States was responsible for the wretched condition of the Mexican people. The ignorant peons received his words with cheers and cries of "Vive Villa."

"The Americans intend tot swallow Mexico," Villa was quoted as saying. "Let us to do what we can to make it stick in their throats."

Adequate Forces on Guard.

Three troops of cavalry were posted on the boundary tonight. A battalion of infantry and a squadron of the eighth cavalry from Fort Bliss left El Paso late today to reinforce the troops here. With these Slocum said he could handle any further attack Villa in desperation might decide to make.

Villa, according to reliable information obtained by Colonel Slocum, attacked with 1,500 men, leaving 1,000 across the border. Twenty of his officers sent here Tuesday to spy out the situation, learned that the American cavalry troops with headquarters here were scattered for miles along the border on patrol duty in accordance with instructions.

The troops stationed at Gibson's ranch, 15 miles west, did not get into the action. Three troops were in camp here, with an effective force of about [illegible] men. Informed of this and assured [illegible] spies that certain aid would be [illegible] some of the Mexican residents, [illegible]rted his advance from the Boca [illegible]er late yesterday.

[illegible] intimation of the approach [illegible] Private Griffin, on sentry duty, saw a number of Mexicans around the quarters of Lieut. John P. Lucas. Griffin opened fire and at the cost of life drew attention of the bandits for sufficient time to permit Lucas to reach camp and turn out his machine gun troop.

Casualties Among American Soldiers.

The following casualties were sustained by the American soldiers.

Killed—Frank Kendall, horse shoer, Troop K; Sergeant Marg A. Dobbs, machine gun troop; Corporal Paul Simon, Sergeant John Nievergelt, band; Corporal Harry Wiswall, Troop G; Private Fred A. Griffin, Troop K; Private Thomas Butler, Troop F.

Wounded:—Lieut. C. C. Benson, Troop G, 13th cavalry, shot in the left arm; Jesse P. Taylor, Troop F, shot through the head; Theodore Kalzorke, Troop L, shot through both legs; Michael Barmazel, machine gun troop, shot through the neck; James Veeder, Troop K, shot in the chest; John Yarbrough, Troop K; James Venner, Troop M, shot through the arm; John Keogh, Troop G.

Mexican Dead Burned.

The bodies of the Mexican slain were burned. Twenty-seven bodies were disposed of today while a number of the wounded were treated at the hospital of the 13th cavalry. Some of the Villa wounded were mere boys. Army officers said resident Mexicans of the town pointed out to the bandits the houses occupied by Americans those sheltering Mexicans. As a result of this Colonel Slocum ordered troops to search every Mexican house and deprive every one of arms on pain of death if they were not voluntarily given up. There are about 500 Americans in Columbus and nearly as many Mexicans.

One Mexican, Lebrado Marquez, was caught and placed in the military guard house, charged with having directed the operations of the bandits and also with having given information to Villa through his spies.

Lieut. Castleman in Command.

Lieut. James P. Castleman, commanding troop F, was officer of the day. Griffin's shots and the answering volley which pierced his stomach, caused Castleman to leap for the door. He was met by a Mexican who fired point blank at him and missed. Castleman killed him. By this time the Mexicans had swept through the town, riddling the barracks and hospital and leaving 14 of their number dead.

Castleman marched Troop F into the town to protect civilian men, women and children who already were running through the streets under the fire of Mexican troopers who were lighted in their work by the flaming Commercial hotel and other buildings. Lieut. John P. Lucas disposed his men on the railroad skirting the southern side of the town, with two machine guns supported by riflemen.

Castleman, stationing his men in front of the hotel owned by Mayor W. C. Hoover, next door to the Columbus bank, engaged many times the number of Mexicans and drove the bandits westward. They sought the cover of a hill in the rear of the customs house, 50 yards southeast of the El Paso & Southwestern railroad station. Lucas' machine gun troop caught them as they crossed the track and riflemen in a ditch took them in flank as the Mexicans, practically all mounted, dashed forward.

Colonel Slocum was out of his quarters up town within ten minutes after the first shot was fired and reached the Hoover hotel corner as the Mexicans approached. A bullet struck the barrel of his revolver and knocked it from his hand.

Villa Raved and Cursed.

Villa men, according to the statement of Mrs. Wright, did not stand fire as Villa thought they should and he raved and cursed and threatened as he followed southward striving vainly to rally them for another attack. As they retreated southward, the Mexicans stopped at the ranch of J. J. Moore, long enough to kill Moore, wound his wife and loot the place. Moore was taken out of his house and murdered on the doorstep. His wife was found out in a field. American soldiers passing saw her wave a handkerchief and with Mrs. Wright, who had been liberated by Villa nearby, assisted her to an army ambulance. She was wounded in the thigh.

RETURN TO BORDER.

Major Thompson and Detachment of Troops Halted by Bandits.

San Antonio, Texas, March 9.—Major Frank Tompkins, commanding the detachment of American troops which pursued General Villa and his bandits into Mexico after the attack early tonight on Columbus, N. M., have returned to the border after engaging in three running fights with the Mexicans who finally made a stand which stopped the advance of the American soldiers.

t Malaria and Build Up the System.

Old Standard GROVE'S chill TONIC. You know taking as the formula is very label, showing it is Iron in a tasteless form.

TO PUT ONE OVER ON REPUBLICAN MEMBERS

All Revenue and Tariff Features in One Bill.

Kitchin and Ways and Means Committee Plan to Include Tariffs Commission, Income Tax, Tariff Revision, Etc.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, March 9.—Majority Leader Claude Kitchin and the members of the Ways and Means committee have decided to put one over on the Republicans, when they bring in a new tariff or revenue raising bill to meet the enormous expenditures which are certain to be made for increases to the army and navy. Only one bill will be reported. It will include the tariff commission, revision of the income tax, repeal of the stamp tax, and a rider to place a heavy tax on chemicals used in the manufacture of dye stuffs.

The Republicans want a tariff commission. Their party is committed to it. But they are opposed to increasing the percentage and limitation of the income tax, such as is proposed by the Democratic members of Congress. But they must either vote for a Democratic tariff raising measure or refuse to vote for the tariff commission which their own party endorses.

It is considered a very good way to expedite the work of Congress and at the same time an excellent means of forcing Republicans to go on record for Democratic tariff doctrine.

The bill is not expected to be reported to the House before some time in May. It will be late in the summer before it is finally passed, and snow will probably be on the ground before Congress adjourns.

TELLS HOW SHE AVOIDS KNIFE BY TAKING TANLAC

Placed Confidence in Tonic and Won—Now Walks to Town Daily.

"I was confined to bed for 8 months."

"My case was diagnosed as peritonitis.'

"Second operation was recommended after first one had failed."

"Friends advised Tanlac."

"I took it."

"Enjoyed sitting up after taking first bottle of Tanlac."

"In three weeks I gained 7 pounds."

"Am well again—walk to town every day."

These testimonials, as quoted, are taken from the endorsement offered by Mrs. J. L. Luther, of 800 Park avenue, Greensboro, and are generally known among her numberless friends.

There is no need of repetition for the above facts clearly tell the story.

The rapid health gains of Mrs. Luther are among the more remarkable of the thousands wrought by Tanlac.

Yes! Her endorsement is strong. But, to those familiar with the aids held in Tanlac, the story of Mrs. Luther's recovery is not particularly striking.

"I feel so grateful over my rescue from the operating table and the knife, and so anxious to spread relief among suffering women that I offer my testimony for publication so it will reach far and quick." Mrs. Luther concludes.

Tanlac, which is daily spreading comfort among thousands of men and women who suffer from those maladies that are prevalent today and to which this remedy is specially adapted, is sold exclusively in this city at the Bellamy Drug Co., where Mr. Drum or one of his assistants daily explains how it should be taken and the results that may be expected from its use.

(Advertisement.)

SAM SMALL CANNOT REACH WHITEVILLE FOR TONIGHT

Will Fill His Engagement on Friday, the 17th Instead.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Whiteville, N. C., March 9.—A telegram received this evening from Paul H. Pelter, advance man for Sam Small, states that Dr. Small was unexpectedly called to Washington city on urgent business and would not, therefore, be able to fill his engagement here tomorrow evening, when he was to have delivered an address at the Methodist church on the subject, "Uncle Sam's Water Wagon." Dr. Small was originally billed to speak here on the 17th, but because of an open date on the 10th his advance man moved the date for the engagement up, and he now finds that it will be impossible to be here tomorrow night, but advises that he will fill the engagement here on the night of the 17th, as originally advertised.

ARMY WILL BE GIVEN FREE REIN TO CATCH THE VILLA OUTLAWS

(Continued From Page One.)

in pursuit of Villa. Senor Davalos said he had communicated by telegraph with General Carranza and that the general later would make a full statement to the American people.

Baltimore, March 9.—A cablegram to the Maritime Exchange today stated that the British steamer Sandisen, London for Baltimore, had arrived at Bermuda for machinery repairs.

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

NUXATED IRON

$100.00 FORFEIT

increases strength of delicate, nervous, run down people 200 per cent in ten days in many instances. $100 forfeit if it fails as per full explanation in large article soon to appear in this paper. Ask your doctor or druggist about it.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. always carry it in stock.

SAGE TEA DANDY TO DARKEN HAIR

Look Years Younger! Use the Old-Time Sage Tea and Sulphur and Nobody Will Know.

You can turn gray, faded hair beautifully dark and lustrous almost overnight if you'll get a 50-cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" at any drug store. Millions of bottles of this old famous Sage Tea Recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, are sold annually, says a well-known druggist here, because it darkens the hair so naturally and evenly that no one can tell it has been applied

Those whose hair is turning gray or becoming faded have a surprise awaiting them, because after one or two applications the gray hair vanishes and your locks become luxuriantly dark and beautiful.

This is the age of youth. Gray-haired, unattractive folks aren't wanted around, so get busy with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound tonight and you'll be delighted with your dark, handsome hair and your youthful appearance within a few days.

This preparation is a toilet requisite and is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

STOP! LOOK! LISTEN!

Our salesmen are in Wilmington today, proving by actual burning test the purity of Sovereign Cigarettes. Watch him burn the paper and

BE CONVINCED!

Showing a roll of pure Sovereign paper—how evenly it burns—and makes Sovereign burn.

The Finest Southern-Grown Tobacco

rolled in the best imported cigarette paper, makes a combination that can't be equaled for Quality. *That's* SOVEREIGN! The best blend of Virginia-North Carolina Old Belt leaf is *protected* by the highest-priced French paper—the *purest* in the world.

That explains the wonderful SOVEREIGN *Flavor*—unspoiled by any paper-taste, charring or smouldering. Explains the cool, pleasant feeling in your throat after *all-day-long* enjoyment of SOVEREIGN.

There are many grades of cigarette paper—the lower the grade, the closer it resembles ordinary paper, which burns with heavy odor and black, soot-like ash. SOVEREIGN paper burns evenly—odorless—with *pure white ash!*

You'll find SOVEREIGN *Entirely Different*—*"QUALITY TELLS!"*

Coupons also good for Valuable Presents

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY

SAM JERGENSON

The Unknown, who will try to defeat

FRITZ HANSON

At The Academy Tonight

The *New*

MICHELIN

UNIVERSAL TREAD

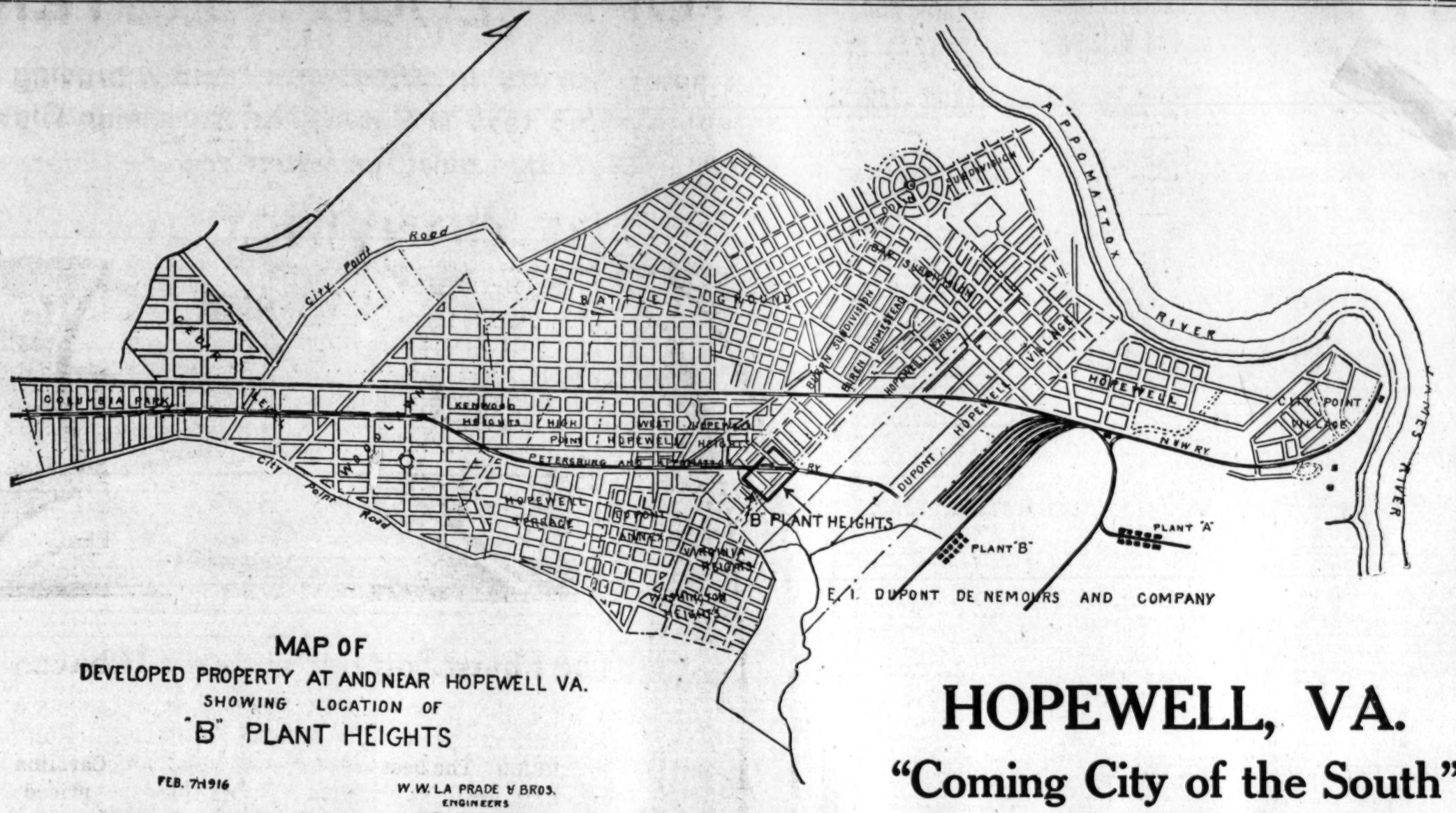
No Other Tire Like It For All-round Service

Note the Heavy Broad Flat Tread

Combining All the Advantages of Other Non-Skids of Both the Raised Tread and the Suction Tread Types

CANNON AUTO. CO., Wilmington, N. C.
'Phone 422. 14-16 Market St.

Star Business Locals Get Results Everybody Reads Star Business Locals



MAP OF
DEVELOPED PROPERTY AT AND NEAR HOPEWELL VA.
SHOWING LOCATION OF
"B" PLANT HEIGHTS

FEB. 7TH 1916

W. W. LA PRADE & BROS.
ENGINEERS
RICHMOND VA

HOPEWELL, VA.

"Coming City of the South"

I have for sale Fifteen Choice Business Lots in the Business Center of "The New Hopewell," B-Plant Heights, situated on the New Trolley Line that runs between Petersburg and Hopewell. This Subdivision is Only Three Minutes' Walk to "B-Plant" Gate, DuPont's largest plant.

About Fifteen Thousand People Pass Through "B-Plant Heights" Daily. This Subdivision is the Only Available Business Property that can be bought at a reasonable price in Hopewell today.

A Fifty-Room Hotel, Fire-Proof Building, is now being built on "B-Plant Heights."

THESE LOTS WILL DOUBLE THEIR VALUE IN SIX MONTHS. NOW IS THE TIME TO ACT.

D. N. CHADWICK, Jr., Orton Hotel.

IN THE REALM OF SPORTS

SWEDE VS. DANE TONIGHT

Herbert Hartley Will Endeavor to Get Fritz Hanson's Goat by Proxy at Academy of Music.

A comparison of the measurements of Fritz Hanson, of this city, and Tom Jorgenson, of Chicago, who will meet in a finish wrestling match at the Academy of Music tonight, leads to the conclusion that except in height and neck kstrength, the local man has the advantage over the visitor, who is Herbert Hartley's proxy, to defeat the man who downed him here in two successive matches.

However, measurements are tricky things, and while figures do not lie of their own accord, they sometimes lead to premature conclusions that are not borne out by later happenings. So while Hanson appears to be just a bit stronger in his arms and legs and Jorgenson to have the advantage in height and neck muscle, there is to be considered the ever present possibility that such dope is not to be depended upon in picking the winner.

Working on the law of averages, most of the local fans are counting on Hanson to come across with the Dane's scalp, as he did with that of the fast little Englishman who is responsible for Jorgenson's presence here. However, they are satisfied that the Dane will give Fritz a much harder bout than did Hartley. Those who saw him work out with Hartley in their one fall benefit exhibition in Woolvin Hall last Saturday night, know that he is fast, strong and has some new and dangerous holds. Hanson, however, was present and watched the workout, and mat veteran that he is, should have several blocks worked out for these holds by this time.

The men are to enter the ring at 162 pounds. Jorgenson, ordinary, wrestles at 159 and Hanson at from 148 to 154. The match will be two falls out of three to a finish, catch as catch can style, with the toe and strangle holds barred. Gunner McGurley, of Fort Caswell, will referee. The main bout will start promptly at 9 o'clock, while the preliminaries will begin at 8:30. The winner of the bout will receive 75 per cent. of the net gate receipts and the loser 25.

Along with the admonition to keep in mind our previous reference as to the unreliability of such dope as a basis for predictions, the measurements of the two grappers are offered, as follows:

Hanson.		Jorgenson.
5 feet 6 in.	height	5 feet 1 in.
40 in.	chest	40 in.
17 in.	neck	19 1-10 in.
32 in.	waist	31 1-2 in.
21 in.	thigh	20 1-2 in.
16 in.	calf	13 1-2 in.
15 in.	biceps	13 6-10 in.
12 in.	forearm	11 3-10 in.
7.8 in.	wrist	7in.

Jorgenson's neck measurements of 17 1-10 inches normal are not extraordinary, but by expanding the muscles of his neck he brings the measurements up to 20 2-10 inches, a most remarkable expansion of neck muscles. Hartley declares that it is impossible to strangle Jorkenson on account of this extraordinary neck development.

THRONG OF BUYERS CONTINUE.

Special Half Price Brings Many Patrons to J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.

The people of Wilmington and vicinity appreciate the great advantage J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. obtained for them, in getting the Dr. Howard Co. to allow the regular 50 cent size of Dr. Howard's specific, for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia, to be sold at half price, 25 cents, and have bought hundreds of bottles.

Every bottle of the specific sold by J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. has had their personal guarantee to refund the money if it was not satisfactory, but none has come back, showing the wonderful curative power of this remedy.

If you have not already taken advantage of this chance to get a month's medical treatment for 25 cents, be sure to call at J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. today, for they have only a small amount of the specific on hand.

FRITZ HANSON TO WRESTLE IN GOLDSBORO MARCH 20TH

First Bout Seen There—Will Try to Promote Interest.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Goldsboro, N. C., March 9.—The first wrestling match of a professional nature will be held in this city Monday night, March 20th, when Fritz Hanson, the clever little Swede, who makes his home in Wilmington, will endeavor to impress upon lovers of the sport in this city, and those who have never witnessed a professional bout, just how exciting and interesting this sport is.

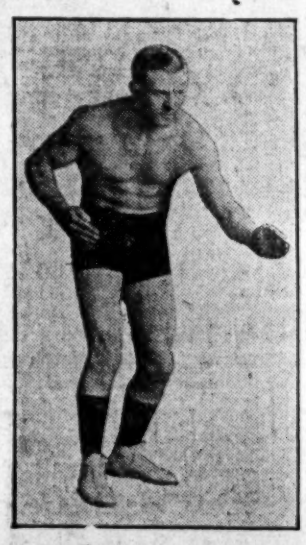
He will select an opponent from the professional circuit now organized in this State, composed of the following towns: Charlotte, Greensboro, Raleigh, Wilmington and New Bern.

Mr. Hanson will endeavor to get a match with Mr. Kaiser, Raleigh's popular wrestler, and will undertake the task of pinning the shoulders of this worthy rival, who has many admirers in this city, for the best two falls out of three in a finish match.

An effort will be made by several of the "faithful" in this city to inaugurate Goldsboro in the circui t and have a professional match pulled off in this city every week, also secure a professional wrestler to locate here permanently.

Jacksonville, Fla., March 9.—Connie Mack, manager of the Philadelphia Americans, arrived at the team's training camp here late today in company with Ira Thomas, the Athletics' veteran catcher, and Joe Bush, pitcher. Other members of the squad are due here tomorrow or Saturday.

MEETS HANSON TONIGHT.



TOM JORGENSON, CHICAGO, ILL.

DAVIDSON'S RECORD.

Basketball Quint Made General Percentage of .550 for Season.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Davidson, N. C., March 9.—Much to the credit of the college, the Davidson quint made a general percentage of .550. This is the first year that Davidson has participated in intercollegiate basketball and the record is one of which the student body and friends should be justly proud. Twenty games were played and only nine were lost.

With the first appearance of spring weather the formal call was issued for candidates for the baseball nine. Under the instruction of Coaches Fetzer and Kluttz, aided by Captain Alford, the indications for another winning Davidson team are excellent. There is a wealth of last year's material, both 'varsity and scrub, back in uniform, and besides this there is a number of promising new men and Freshmen eager for a chance at the coveted positions. Among the men eager to secure a place in the pitcher's staff is Harry Shaw, a Wilmington boy, who is remembered as one of the Wilmington High School nine.

SECOND SQUAD LEAVES.

Washington Americans go to Training Camp at Charlottesville, Va.

Washington, March 9.—The second squad of the Washington American League baseball club left here today for their training camp at Charlottesville, Va., with Manager Griffith in charge. Griffith has 31 men from among whom he will select his team—13 pitchers, 4 catchers, 6 infielders and 8 outfielders. Walter Johnson was the only pitcher in the party, the others having arrived in camp March 1.

The team will leave Charlottesville the latter part of the month.

INTERESTING BASKETBALL GAMES AT THE Y. M. C. A.

City Laundry and Elvington & Mintz Winners in Commercial League.

The first game at the Y. M. C. A. last evening was between the City Laundry and the National Woolen Mills and resulted in a one-sided score, 36 to 6, in favor of the former. At the end of the first half the laundrymen had the millers by a lead of 18 points. It was full of snap and vigor from beginning to end. The forwards for the City Laundry with their center were successful in caging the ball, Seitters and Rich each shooting seven field goals, and Houston four. In the second half one foul throw resulted in one point, making the only foul shot made in the game. Honors for the Millers goes to LeGwin, Monroe and Rhodes, each securing one lone field goal, totaling the six points.

The second game between Elvington & Mintz and Jacobi was the game of the evening. Each team had their full line-up and was determined from beginning of the game to add another victory to their credit, until at the end of the first half the medicene men had the hardware men by a five-point lead. Shepard made all the points in the first half for Jacobi. The second half opened up with Red before the Jacobi men's eyes and they were determined to cut down the medicine men's lead, however, during the last half of play Jacobi scored 15 points against City Laundry's 12 points, but the City Laundry's five-point lead in the first half won the game for them by two points. Seitters and Monroe for Elvington & Mintz team each caged the ball four times; Applewhite two field goals; Hill and Woolard each one.

In the second half Captain Davis of the Jacobi team caged the ball three times and Hines added another, Shepard equalled Rich and Seitters, of the City Laundry team in caging the ball seven times during the game, scoring 14 points. The final score: Elvington & Mintz, 25; Jacobi, 23.

Y. M. C. A. BASEBALL START SOON.

Twilight League Will Be Formed From Gym. Class.

Although the Y. M. C. A. will not enter the City League on account of the expense involved, it will nevertheless have a league of its own to be known as the Twilight League from the fact that the teams composing it will play at 6:15 o'clock three afternoons each week at Sunset Park. Secretary J. B. Huntington stated yesterday that it would cost the association about $50 to put a team in the City League, and only about $10 of this would be covered by receipts. He also said that as most members of the association prefer to spend their Saturdays at the beach, it is deemed advisable to make some arrangement by which they can play baseball on other days of the week.

A meeting will be called in the near future by Mr. J. P. Seitters, physical director of the association, for the purpose of organizing the men of the 6 o'clock Gym. Class and others who wish to play into a league. The first games in the Twilight League will be played early in April.

BOXING BILL IS PASSED.

Measure to Permit 15-Round Bouts in Kentucky Passes House.

Frankfort, Ky., March 9.—A bill to legalize 15-round boxing bouts in Kentucky passed the house late today by a vote of 48 to 27. Friends of the bill claim it will pass in the senate.

ABOLISH BARNSTORMING TRIPS.

Major League Players to be Penalized For Taking Part in Them.

Cincinnati, March 9.—The National Baseball commission today issued a notice approving the recent legislation by the two major leagues abolishing barnstorming trips. In its notice the commission says:

"Adequate penalties on all major league players who, after the promulgation of this notice, may engage in games not conducted by their reserve clubs will be imposed.

"This action of the National and American leagues is predicated on the opposition of their respective clubs on a practice that has been abused from the standpoint of sportsmanship and has resulted in injuries to players that have impaired their ability and earning capacity."

Pittsburg, Pa., March 9.—Announcement was made by the Pittsburg National League baseball club today that James E. McAuley, shortstop, and W. P. Siglin, second baseman, had been conditionally released to the Rochester club of the International League.

Aiken, S. C., March 9.—Cold weather again today prevented play in the Aiken polo tournament.

INDIGO COMES BACK

Old-Time Dye Material Is In Demand Again.

(Chicago Journal.)

There was a time when indigo was true to its name—the dye from India; when the great peninsula and a small district of China had a pretty close monopoly of the substance which makes the best blue coloring for textiles, and is used in producing some of the best blacks. Then German chemists began nosing into the matter, and pretty soon they were making indigo in the laboratory—as everyone hopes some day to make rubber.

That was a bad time for the indigo raising ryot of the Far East. Now he is getting his revenge. The blockade has kept German dyes out of the world's markets, and the world's textile makers are calling for the old coloring material. An industry which was almost dead has been revived, the acreage sown to indigo plant in Southern India has more than trebled, and conventions are being held to see if some means cannot be found to put the business in shape to meet laboratory competition after the war.

CANADA IS PROSPERING

People Making Money Now After Long Depression.

(Washington Post)

"Canada is enjoying almost as high a degree of prosperity now as the United States," remarked John A. Tory, an insurance man of Toronto, at the New Willard.

"At the beginning of the war there was a very severe depression in business. Many industries were affected and new enterprises, such as the development of oil lands and other properties, were checked. Banks cut down their loans, and business of all kinds suffered. It was fortunate that in such a situation we should have had a record grain crop. The harvesting of this crop helped to revive business, and last year a crop that exceeded by several hundred thousand bushels the crop of 1914 kept the thing moving. Now business of every kind has been mounting the wave of prosperity, and whereas a few months ago there were a considerable number of idle persons, today everybody who wants work is employed."

IT MAKES FLYING EASY

Wonders Working by Use of Gyroscope on Aeroplanes.

(New York Sun.)

Elmer A. Sperry, a member of the Naval Consulting Board and president of the New York Electrical Society, told the society about the working of the gyroscope as applied by him in stabilizing vessels and aeroplanes.

He said the theory of the gyroscope is simple—"it is the finest illustration of Newton's first law, that all matter is pigheaded." The stabilizer, he said, has already been tested in submarines and small surface vessels, and is soon to be tried in a battleship.

"Its properties," he continued, "are marvelous. For example, the submarine G-4 is normally so unstable that it rolls back and forth a total of 1,800 degrees in a minute. You can imagine the life that is led by its crew. But with the gyroscope the G-4 can be made to roll not at all.

"France has recently decided to adopt the gyroscope for her aeroplanes on a very large scale. If he wants to do so, the operator of an aeroplane thus equipped can leave his seat and walk out to the end of one of the planes while the stabilizer does his flying for him."

Inadvertently it was stated in yesterday's Star that Miss Columbia Munds gave the demonstration at the exercises at the Cornelius Harnett school. It should have been Miss Petteway.

IF YOU NEED
GLASSES
SEE
MILES W. MALONEY, OPH. D.
WILMINGTON OPTICAL CO.
A Complete Lens Grinding Plant. Front and Princess Streets

DAVID'S

Spring Styles Ready

IT'S always a pleasure to us to announce the opening of a new season in men's styles. So many of our customers take a lively interest in seeing the new fabrics; the new designs in the garments; the new fashions; we're always glad when things are ready.

Hart Schaffner & Marx new spring styles are here; special values in suits at $20.00, $22.50, $25.00 and up.

The A. David Company

The home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $5 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year; $4 00 for six months, $1.75 for three months

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one yea. $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may rest assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected, unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

FRIDAY, MARCH 10, 1916.

TOP O' THE MORNING.

In sorrow sweetest virtues grow,
As flowers in rain.
—SELECTED.

Butler, Bonds, Boodle and Boo!

A great many of our converted cruisers failed to be good during our war with Spain.

A Republican friend of ours says he doesn't know exactly what he is except that the Bull Moose is his man for president.

Oh, well, when nations fight they may all be doing the best they can to lick each other to keep from getting a thrashing.

Our idea of being absolutely faithful is to be just as faithful as Patton of the Charlotte News is to his friend the ground hog.

The relationship between us and the English seems to be exceedingly close. They wrangle among themselves just like we do in Washington.

The Hon. William J. Bryan seems to have gotten into a fight that somewhat appals him. At any rate, he sees the necessity of being more discreet.

The United States is such a big nation that no one nation is liable to take us on, so adequate preparedness has to be sufficient to stand off all those alliances.

Senator LaFollette, of Wisconsin, has thrown his hat in the presidential ring, but it must be a funny sort of hat. The Republicans are laughing out loud at the senator's hat.

One reason why a certain woman has no use for a certain man is that he was foolish enough to tell her that her ripe age and mature wisdom induced him to come to her for advice.

President Wilson long ago begged everybody not to rock the boat. As soon as he saw that some were determined to rock the boat, he had nothing else to do but to rock the boat with them.

A Rome dispatch says: "Italian antiques are being exported to the United States in unprecedented quantities." This shows that the thrifty Italians had made plenty of antiques before they got into war.

Governor Whitman, of New York, has been mentioned for president, but it seems to have been done under cover in New York. There are no signs that mention of that kind has been made in any other state.

Men who abandon their residence in North Carolina ought not to be given any countenance when they come back here for the sole purpose of diabolizing the politics of the State. Men who stick to the State ought to insist on conducting its affairs without foreign interference.

War is about the last thing civilized people should resort to, but nations which are after trade, wealth and territory fight for the same reason that savages fight. Indians used to fight over their hunting grounds, while modern avarice plunges into war over territory in which there is trade, mineral and commercial wealth to be fought for. War is a state of mind. The Indian's conception of his tribal rights didn't extend beyond his hunting cinch. The enlarged vision and broader scope of civilization's state of mind will bring on a fight over the riches of all the continents of the earth. If there were no wealth in Mexico and no American investments, there would be no more demand for American intervention there than there would be for sending a military expedition to the North Pole. Just at the present time, the necessity for our military and naval preparedness has nothing to do with maintaining our rights and interests at the North Pole. There never has been and never will be a war at the North Pole, for it never has been worth anything but hard feelings between Commander Peary and Dr. Cook.

CITY'S CHARMS ATTRACTED HIM.

We have been hearing for some time that the Savannah people have been so persistently carrying out the "city beautiful" idea that the Georgia port city is becoming wideley known for its attractiveness and loveliness. Former places of unsightliness and ugly nooks of former days have been converted into parks, plazas and beauty spots, and street pride has gotten to be one of the main ideas of all Savannah people. They believe in making the downtown streets as pretty as possible, while the people on the residence streets know the value of flowers, shrubbery and grasses in the work of creating loveliness along the avenues.

All this counts, too, for it is adding not only to the attractiveness of Savannah, but to its importance also. It was only last Tuesday that an automobile party on its way from St. Augustine to Michigan was scheduled to pass through Savannah. According to the Morning News, the tourists did not pass through the city, but stopped over on account of its attractiveness. Mr. J. O. Pickand, a capitalists of Cheliovgen, Mich., was so attracted by the glimpse he got of Savannah that he halted his party for a sojourn of two weeks. The party are guests of one of Savannah's fine hotels and there they are sojourning instead of hurrying on through to Michigan.

Mr. Pickand happens to be the right sort of man to get stuck on a city, for he is a multi-millionaire. He is head of the Pickand-Matther Company, one of the largest steamship companies on the Great Lakes. He also has a controlling interest in the Statler Hotel system, which has hotels in Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo and Toronto. He is largely interested in one of Cleveland's leading daily newspapers. He has become deeply interested in the shipping and commercial life of Savannah and is greatly impressed with the possibilities of the port.

There really is no telling what the "city beautiful" idea will do for a city. There is a value in it as well as attractiveness. This idea is being encouraged in Wilmington and some of our people with more civic pride and city constructiveness than most of us are taking steps to emphasize it in a practical way. Savannah certainly furnishes us an example of city attractiveness as a publicity factor.

FOR AMERICA FIRST.

The real significance of the defeat of armed ship resolutions by both houses of Congress is that Congress took the side of the United States in her diplomatic correspondence with the European belligerents. Whatever may be the merits of the latest controversy as to armed merchantmen, Congress has gone on record against abridging, suspending or abrogating a single American right under The Hague agreement between the world powers.

The party significance of the vote in the representative body, the House, is that the Democrats stood firmly by America—casting 182 votes for American rights and only 33 votes for their suspension. Patriotic Republicans cast 93 votes for American right, but 102 voted for abrogation. One Progressive voted for American rights, while five shared in the timidity of the 142 Representatives who voted in favor of taking water in our foreign controversies. The House cast the total decisive vote of 276 against 142.

A tremendous Democratic majority stood for America first. The majorities of the Republican and Progressive parties voted the other way. The record is one in which all Democrats can manifest genuine party pride, a record worthy of the party that declared that it was not willing to surrender a single American right.

We all ought to be proud of it as a Democratic triumph, for the party will not have to explain to the American people why it did not stand up for their rights. The Democratic party can go before the Nation as the only American party, and that is the long and the short of it.

The action of Congress does not indicate hostility to any foreign country. It simply frees the hands of the President to carry on his foreign controversies on their merits, and that he will do so with a view to preserving peace with honor, the country can rest assured.

CHANCE FOR WEST INDIAN TRADE.

The lack of commercial prowess in our South Atlantic ports is to be wondered at when there are rich commercial opportunities for them in Porto Rico, Cuba, the West Indies generally, and Central and South American countries besides.

In our own island of Porto Rico last year, the commerce done amounted in value to $83,241,203. The island had a balance of trade of $15,472,611, the highest in Porto Rican history. In 1915, Porto Rico's shipments to the United States totaled $42,311,920, while she took from the United States commodities to the value of $30,929,831. How much of that export business to Porto Rico went from Wilmington and other South Atlantic ports?

We have both export and import opportunities in Porto Rico, but what do we know about them? There are hundreds of millions of dollars of American trade with Cuba and the West Indies, but practically all of it goes from Northern ports. It is true there are no regular ship sailings from our Southern ports to the West Indies, but there is not a steamship company that will not make any one of them a port of call if exporters will only offer them business. The President of one of the West Indian lines told us that at any time Wilmington has a cargo of considerable shipment to go south one of his ships would come right in after it.

Secretary of State Martin Travieso, of Porto Rico, recently made a cheering report of Porto Rico's commerce, but he says it is a continuous source of complaint that the American markets are not opened to Porto Rico's coffee, "our poor man's crop," as he calls it. He says: "If the American consumer could be made to realize that the $8,193,544 worth of coffee produced by Porto Rico in 1914 was an American product which should have been sold in the American market, the day would soon come when the European trade of the island would be reduced to a negligible quantity."

Porto Rico ships her coffee to Europe, but it certainly is reasonable to suppose that if it is good enough for Europe it ought to suit the American markets as well.

THE NORTH CAROLINA DEMOCRACY

The Democratic State executive committee met in Raleigh Wednesday night and lost no time in unanimously endorsing President Wilson for re-nomination and in approving his administration and backing up his foreign policy. The committee heaped praise on the President and unanimously declared its loyalty to him. The committee certainly represents the sentiment of the State Democracy in that respect, even taking into consideration the negligible defection that crops out in every campaign.

The committee called the State convention for April 27 at Raleigh, named Saturday, April 15, for the precinct meetings, and set Saturday, April 22, for county conventions to select State convention delegates. State Chairman Warren reported the Democracy of the State as in fine trim, and ready to put it all over the Marion Butler party next November.

We know of no defection anywhere among the Democratic masses, but there is every reason why Democrats should stick out their chests because the Democratic Congress has put itself on record as for America against all comers. The vote shows that it is the American party.

Two ladies were swinging on to a strap in a street car. One of them, whose shoes were pinching her feet, inquired impatiently of the other: "Why is it that some men are getting so they won't offer their seats to ladies?" "Oh, I presume, replied the other, "that they prefer a custom which will make strap-hangers of their mothers, wives and sisters, if all men were to be as selfish as they."

An old-fashioned gentleman says he notices that the coquetry and diablerie which used to characterize the girls when he was young is unknown among the girls of today. It's a sad story, mates, but when a man begins to get old he gives his age away. He ought to ask some of the young fellows about it.

"What would you do," queries Laura Jean Libby, "if a strange man were to come right up and unexpectedly kiss you?" Of course, the paragraphers can't answer that question, for they never will undergo that experience. At the same time they will wonder what she did or would do.

Miss Jane Addams says the Ford peace voyage accomplished its purpose. In addition to that, whatever it was, it opened the eyes of Mr. Ford to the fact that very few people who favor peace can be ranked as pacifists.

In the states where the Bull Moosers are uniting with the Republicans they are not sending any Republicans to the Chicago convention if they know it.

WANTS ANIMALS PROTECTED.

To the Editor of The Star:

I wish you would call the attention of the people to an incident I noted a few days ago while walking down Front street. I saw a horse that had fallen down and skinned himself so that it could not work any more. But just the same the officer let the negro boy work the horse. Now that officer was not any good at all. Anybody with good sense would know that that horse could not work. It is bad enough to let thieves break into houses I think. But to let people treat animals like that is going too far and something ought to be done right away. ANIMAL FRIEND.

CURRENT COMMENT

The action of Congressmen Kitchin and Webb in declining to attend a dinner in honor of former Secretary of State William Jennings Bryan, given by some friend and admirer of the Commoner and who, like himself, is openly opposed to the President's policy, will meet with the approval of the majority of their constituents, we feel sure. This is no time for encouragement to the revolting efforts of "has beens" and "would like to bes at any price." There may be honest difference of opinion held by the Congressmen and the President, but let these be threshed out in the halls of the assembly and not with "high privates" at honor dinners.—Kinston Free Press.

The name of Hon. Edward W. Pou is being spoken around the world these days. It cannot but be a matter of profound gratification to North Carolinians wherever they are that the name of the good old North State is being magnified by reason of the fidelity of his trust of one of her distinguished sons. It is an evidence of the prominent part that North Carolina is today playing in the affairs of the nation that perhaps the most important letter which President Wilson has ever written was addressed to a North Carolinian. In the debates in the Senate during the closing days of last week there has been constant reference by great Senators to the President's letter to Mr. Pou. Every quotation in American newspapers from English or other foreign newspapers in regard to the present diplomatic crisis refers to Mr. Pou. It quickens a North Carolinian's State pride to find the President of the nation appealing to a North Carolinian for help, and it quickens it all the more to find that North Carolinian responding immediately, and pledging all his strength individually and all the influence he can bring to bear to back up the President. As ranking member of the Rules committee of the House of Representatives in the absence of the chairman, Mr. Pou was not appealed to in vain by the Chief Executive, and was able to give immediate assurance that the Rules committee was ready to act upon the suggestion of the President at the proper moment. The world today is speaking the name of the Congressman from the Raleigh District.—Raleigh News and Observer.

Mr. Mann, leader of the Republicans, wants the House to attend to its constitutional duties, while the President attends to similar duties devolving on himself. As a matter of fact, Mr. Mann is right. The House had no earthly or constitutional business in discussing the international situation. It had no right to undertake a regulation of the armed ship controversy, but meddlers in the body started the talk and the House shortly found itself involved. It became intrusively active where it had no business becoming so, for it had, as the country justice of the peace would say, no jurisdiction in the matter. It trespassed on ground which the President alone had the right to tread. The trouble was started by a few Congressmen and the situation growing out of these intrusive activities is pointedly described by the New York Sun. "Misunderstandings, misconstructions, false interpretations and untruths have flourished in Washington in a manner hitherto unprecedented; malign influence has found in the confusion that has attended the debate its most fruitful opportunity, and grave danger has arisen from the mere threat to alter the accepted and orderly method of transacting our foreign affairs." President Wilson's determination to put the members on record is thus the more easily understood and its justification the more easily comprehended. The vote today will disclose how many members of the House will persist in a course "whose perils have already been disclosed and whose inherent menace has been demonstrated by the events that have flowed from its mere suggestion."—Charlotte Observer.

What account will North Carolina give of itself at the Fort Oglethorpe encampment? The governoment is making elaborate preparations to impart to young men the rudiments of military training. Everybody knows the part North Carolina played in the Civil War. Then the necessity was known of all men. It may be that an occasion will never arise that will demand that these amateur soldiers put their knowledge to the test, but of this there is no assurance. Apart from the possibility of trouble at some future time, however, the effect of the military training on physique and on character is of undoubted benefit. In the course of an editorial on the subject, The Birmingham News quotes from a letter to Major Brown from Capt. Gordon Johnston, formerly of Charlotte, now of the United States army, in which he says: "As a matter of interest in connection with the Southern military training camps, I wish to inform you that Mr. Arthur J. Draper, of Charlotte, has very generously offered to send, at his expense, ten or more students from the University of North Carolina to the Southern Military Training Camp. Mr. Draper was a volunteer in 1898 during the Spanish-American War, and stated to me that his experience at that time convinced him of the necessity of training officers and of the serious consequences resulting from the use of unskilled men, called into service as officers in time of emergency. He states that, owing to business obligations, he is himself unable to attend any of the military training camps this year, but is so thoroughly convinced of their value to the country at large, as well as to the individual, that he wishes to send ten young men to the Southern camp."

This, The Birmingham paper remarks, is an act of fine patriotism, and it suggests that Birmingham men of means follow Mr. Draper's example. —Charlotte Observer.

PATIENCE WORN THREADBARE.

Kinston to Appeal to Corporation Commission in Depot Matter.

Kinston, N. C., March 9. — The chamber of commerce has decided to request the Corporation Commission at Raleigh to get into action with regard to the Kinston union passenger station. The building was ordered erected at the northeast corner of Gordon and Independent streets, two blocks from the business district, some months ago, but the railroads have taken no action. The commission first passed upon the matter a couple of years ago, but allowed the railroads time in which to recuperate from the depression following the outbreak of the war in Europe. Present depot facilities, the chamber asserts, are nearly intolerable, and it is being besieged by letters from citizens demanding action The bulk of the expenditure upon the building would come from the Atlantic Coast Line and Norfolk Southern railroads. Trains of the Kinston-Carolina and Kinston-Snow Hill railroads would probably use the station.

PRIZE FOR BEST HISTORY.

Of Wayne Veterans' Part in the War Between the States.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Goldsboro, N. C., March 9.—Believing that all the veterans of Wayne county still living will be glad to have permanently recorded the valiant deeds of themselves and their comrades, Mr. H. B. Parker, of this city, has offered a prize of $5.00 in gold to the Confederate veteran who will write the best history of the service of the Confederate veterans of Wayne county, the contest to close the 1st of May. This manuscript will be examined and passed upon by a committee, to be named by the local commander, Ashby Slocumb, of the Camp of Sons of Confederate Veterans, who recently elected Mr. Parker historian.

FORMER YUAN DYNASTY

China Had A Similar One That Lasted 88 Years.

China, it may be said, has had a Yuan dynasty before. It was the name chosen for his rynasty by the great Kubial, Khan of the Mongols, when he overthrew the native Chinese Sunga. The meaning of Yuan is "original," and Kubial Khan signified that he was instituting an entirely new regime. Under this Yuan dynasty the Chinese Empire extended from the Black Sea to the Yellow Sea, and from Northern Mongolia to the frontiers of Annam, and Kubial sent peaceful missions to countries as distant as Madagascar. It was in his time that Marco Polo visited China. But the Yuan dynasty lasted only 88 years, and was then succeeded by Chinese once more, the Mings.

doned silk mill here may be reopened by outside capital, it was stated at the chamber of commerce office today. It is proposed to re-equip the plant, which has not been used for many months, and employ a considerable force of operatives. The wages paid at the rehabilitated mill would amount to about $75,000 per annum.

New Spring Silks

The Season's Newest Showing of
Silks, Crepes, Taffetas, Crepe de Chines and Suitings

Full showing of New Tub Silks, 36 inches wide, yard 48c

Wide Striped and Pretty Plaid Taffetas, 27 and 36 inches wide, per yard 98c

36-inch Silk Crepes and Marquisettes, all the most wanted shades, at per yard 48c

Shepherd Checks, in Silk and Cotton, 45 inches wide, at yard 69c

All the new and pretty colors in Crepe de Chine; all silk, 40 inches wide; this is a $1.50 value at yd. $1.19

85c value White Corduroy, 36 inches wide, at yard 59c

Silk Poplin, 27 inches wide, in black, dark green, pink, old rose, tan, light blue, white; yard 48c

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

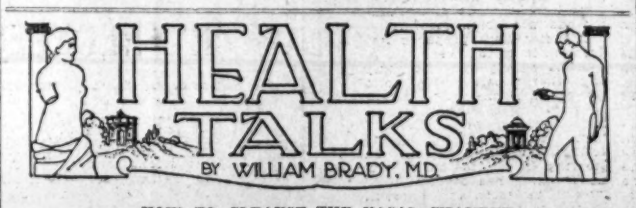
Carfare Paid on Purchases of $2.00 and Over.

Brisk young men generally do their Spring outfitting first —to them March winds are Summer zephyrs.

So it's to these red-blooded young friends of ours that we draw attention to ample preparations made early for their especial benefit.

New Spring suits, overcoats, furnishings.

Knox And Stetson Spring Hats
NOW READY
FOR
YOUR INSPECTION
J. M. SOLKY & CO.
One Price Clothiers. 9 N. Front St.



HOW TO CLEANSE THE NASAL CHAMBER

It is curious how so many of us intelligent bipeds don't know how to do the most instinctive things. For instance, a great many individuals actually don't know how to breathe, except passivley. Tell them to take a deep inspiration, to fill the chest with air, to breathe in as deeply as possible, and they will make the most ridiculous effort without breathing at all. And only one person in a dozen knows how to blow his nose, a fact which accounts for a good many cases of middle ear infection, and probably favors the complete development of many a coryza or head "cold" which normally should have been aborted by natural process.

The right way to blow the nose is a lot easier, though less resounding than the wrong way. The right way is the way the Greek, Italian or Polish laborer does, to-wit, one side at a time and that done well—only of course a handkerchief is somewhat useful in this operation. When the double-barrelled method is used, as most people use it, there is a congestion of the lining of the nose, and besides a very ineffective cleansing of the nasal cavity.

Likewise there is a right and wrong way to spray the nasal passages, supposing disease makes spraying desirable. The atomizer—not nebulizer—should have a horizontal barrel or tube, never a vertical or upward pointing tip. The nasal passages run straight back from the nostrils to the upper throat, not upward. Hence, in order to spray a cleansing or medicinal solution thoroughly in the nasal cavity you must direct the stream horizontally backward as you sit erect. If you direct the spray upward it strikes the sensitive roof of the passage and irritates and does not go far enough back to do any good. A so-called DeVilbiss atomizer, No. 18, is ideal, since it can be completely sterilized by boiling. And different members of a family should never use an atomizer unless it is sterilized.

Here we may say a word about snuffing salt water into the nose. There is no curative virtue, and considerable harm in this practice, unless the solution is very weak—never more than a level tablspoonful of salt in a pint of boiled, lukewarm water. But spray it in the nose, do not snuff it in. When anything is drawn into the nose by snuffing there is danger of entering the Eustachian tubes leading to the ears and causing very serious trouble.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Beef Juice For Invalids.

Would you advise much beef juice to give an invalid strength?

Answer—No. It gives practically no strength. You must feed the meat for strength. The juice is almost entirely a stimulant, and practically worthless as a food.

Interstitial Nephritis.

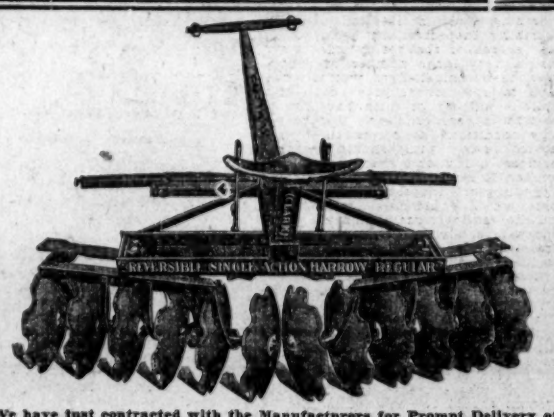
What can be done to remedy or oppose the progress of chronic interstitial nephritis? Is it curable?

Answer—Bright's disease is an arterial disease. By hygienic living the patient should get along comfortably for fifteen to twenty years at least. We cannot give special directions without personal knowledge of your individual case. It is no more curable than gray hair or wrinkled skin. But pet it, and you may forget you have it. Become a good imitation of a vegetarian. Be fond of milk as a food.

Brewer's Yeast Again.

Mr. C. E. W. begs to say that an idea gleaned from one of your recent articles has brought much happiness to his household. You suggested brewer's yeast as a dressing for obstinate varicose ulcers. We obtained some, applied it for about ten days, and healed such an ulcer after six years of futile treatment!

Answer—If the breweries do decide to market the by-product, we trust they won't give it a parlor car title and charge $1 an ounce for it.



We have just contracted with the Manufacturers for Prompt Delivery of a Carload of the Celebrated Clark's Cutaway Harrows, of all styles and sizes. We can safely say after forty years' experience in handling Agricultural Implements that these Harrows are absolutely the Best Goods on the Market Today. No Farmer Can Afford to be Without One.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.
DISTRIBUTING AGENTS FOR EASTERN CAROLINA.

CHOICE MEATS
TURKEYS, GEESE, CHICKENS. FAT, FANCY STOCK ONLY.
A FULL LINE OF FLORIDA AND HOME GROWN VEGETABLES.
DAVIS & HINTZE
FRONT STREET MARKET.

SUGGESTIONS MADE BY HEALTH OFFICER

For Improving Water and Sewerage Department of City.

Complete Survey and Efficient System of Inspection Recommended by Dr. Nesbitt in Report to the Committee.

In response to a request from Councilman W. F. Jones, chairman of the special committee of City Council, which has under consideration the improvement of the water and sewerage department, Dr. Chas. T. Nesbitt, county health officer, has submitted a long list of suggestions for the improvement of the system of administration, organization and recording in this department of the municipal government.

The special councilmanic committee composed of Councilmen Jones, McCaig and Hall was appointed last summer and has already been able to suggest many improvements in the service of the department, which it is believed will result in making it self sustaining this year as well as actually improving the service.

As chairman of the committee, Councilman Jones on February 7th addressed a letter to Dr. Nesbitt stating that the committee would be glad to have a communication from the health officer detailing such corrections and improvements in the management and operation of the department as he might consider necessary and also stating that the committee proposed to make a thorough investigation.

Under date of February 28th, Dr. Nesbitt submitted to the committee a lengthy document going into detail about the various affairs of the department and submitting therewith a set of form models, the use of which he states will secure the exact information along the most important lines which has heretofore been lacking.

Dr. Nesbitt in his communication which was received this week by the committee calls attention to his first communication, made early in November, in which he states that he endeavored to place before the committee a clear statement of facts and conditions which "make co-operation between the department of water and sewerage and the health department an impossibility."

Improvement in Service.

Since that time Dr. Nesbitt states that a few changes and improvements have been inaugurated by the water and sewerage department among which are named the cleaning and repairing to some extent of the sewer system and a noticeable effort on the part of the officers of the department to render more satisfactory service.

Dr. Nesbitt reminds the committee that the Board of Health is held responsible under the statutes, the ordinances of the city and the health regulations for the sanitary efficiency of the system of sewers and the system of public water supply and that such being the case it can readily be seen that every phase of the operation of these plants is of vital importance to the Board of Health.

The first necessity which presents itself in connection with the operation of the sewer system, it is pointed out, is a complete survey of the entire sewer system covering the depth, location, size and material of pipe, distance from manholes and other similar data. The need of such a survey is especially evident, it is stated, because of the 19 miles of sewer which ware purchased from the Wilmington Sewerage Company, upon which there is no data and which has caused much trouble because of stoppages, leaks and defective flow. A careful survey should also be made of the extensions and connections to all private sewers in the city, Dr. Nesbitt states, in order that the city may be ready at any time to handle the connections to the public sewer that are made necessary by the condemnation of private sewers. Examples of this nature are cited and the great difficulty of meeting such situations pointed out.

That this survey should be made by a competent engineer and that after the information is secured maps should be made of convenient size so as to be readily accessible, is also recommended.

Thorough Inspection Needed.

The next necessity is the inauguration of a system of inspection and cleaning, Dr. Nesbitt says. Monthly inspections of the sewer system is recommended. The cost of this inspection should be charged to sewer maintenance, but a great saving could be effected by preevnting serious stoppages, Dr. Nesbitt points out. Other benefits of efficient inspection are pointed out in the communication.

Dr. Nesbitt recommends that arrangements be made immediately so that no citizen should be compelled to wait more than five days for either water or sewer connection from the time of the final inspection of his plumbing and notification by the Plumbing Inspector and declares that the records of the health officer show that a very large number of citizens have been compelled to wait from 60 days to six months for connection while a number of them have had to wait for a year or more. Under ordinary conditions he points out that a service laying gang should lay four services a day and that the average number is rarely more than this. By separating the inspection and cleaning force, which would do all repair work, and the service force, which would attend exclusively to the laying of services, Dr. Nesbitt believes that there would be no difficulty.

Sewer services should be laid when and where needed, says the health officer, who points out that a great deal of difficulty and danger to health has resulted through laying sewer services without reference to the situation and grade of house drains. In order to avoid complications, services should be laid only where needed and the sewer foreman should be required to connect the house drain to the sewer lateral and report on a finished job.

System of Records.

Dr. Nesbitt recommends that a system of records be inaugurated in accordance with the established practice of sewer maintenance and kept so that there would be a complete check on all services.

There should be more than one official in charge of the Sewerage Department, Dr. Nesbitt states, in order that citizens might not suffer inconvenience and loss because of absences from town. The official in charge should be

(Continued on Page Ten.)

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. First application gives relief. 50c.

BABY WELFARE WEEK ENDS

Meeting at William Hooper School Was Largely Attended—Drs. Pridgen and Sidbury Speak.

The series of lectures held in Wilmington for the past few days in connection with Baby Welfare Week came to a successful close yesterday afternoon with a final meeting of mothers, at the William Hooper school. This meeting was more largely attended than any of those that preceded it and showed the increasing interest mothers are taking in the subject.

Miss Christie Pinner, public health nurse, using a live baby, which vocalized its protests against the operation, demonstrated the proper method of bathing and dressing an infant. She used a tub of water and scrubbed the youngster as vigorously as if he really needed it.

Interesting addresses were delivered by Dr. C. L. Pridgen, on "Proper Food for Babies," and Dr. J. B. Sidbury, on "Baby Diseases, Their Causes and Prevention." Miss Eliza W. Meares, principal of the school, made a short address of welcome, and turned the meeting over to Mrs. W. M. Creasy, who presided and introduced the speakers. Rev. Andrew J. Howell made a short prayer.

Dr. Pridgen in his talk brought out the fact that improper feeding of infants not only produces the larger number of the acute diseases, but is responsible for the imperfect development of the child and renders it more susceptible to disease in later years, especially tuberculosis.

He dwelt at some length on the natural baby food, which is mother's milk, and stated that it is just as impossible to render any other milk suitable to the growth of the child by modification so it would compare with it chemically, as it would be to use the chemical constituents of a plant and try to make an artificial plaint grow. This, the speaker stated, was God's chemistry and beyont the skill of man to tuplicate.

Dr. Pridgen warned the mothers to never use any substitute except as a last resort, and when they are compelled to do so, to do it then only under the direction of a man trained for that special work. For all the so-called baby foods, he stated, are unsuitable for the child, as they contain vegetable proteid instead of animal proteid.

Fortunately for the mothers, the speaker declared, cow's milk is one that can be made to compare more nearly with mother's milk by modification than that of any other animal. But under no circumstances should it be given without being modified, because a child's stomach differs from a calf's stomach. He laid special stress on keeping the bottles clean and sterile and to use every precaution to prevent contamination by flies.

In connection with the observance of the week in the rural districts, Dr. and Mrs. G. H. Croom, Dr. John Thames, assistant county health officer, and Prof. Washington Catlett, addressed a well attended meeting yesterday afternoon at the Castle Haynes school. At a meeting which will be held this afternoon at the Wrightsboro school, Dr. B. R. Graham will make the chief address.

Dr. E. J. Wood, being unable to attend the meeting at the Hooper school, Dr. J. B. Sidbury substituted for him, speaking along the general lines of his talk to the mothers at the Cornelius Harnett school Wednesday. He again urged that the city establish a milk depot, where cow's milk could be modified to compare with human milk for young children, and where it could be put up in sterile bottles and dispensed to mothers ready for use. He advocated the dispensing of the prepared milk without cost to those unable to buy. In this way, he declared, the lives of many who die each year from the fact that mothers are unable to buy, and are ignorant of how to prepare the milk, would be saved.

THREE MONTHS FOR NEGRO.

George Hill, Colored, His Own Prosecutor on Larceny Charge.

George Hill, colored, who faced the Recorder yesterday morning on a larceny charge, talked. If he had not talked, he probably could not have been convicted on the meager testimony furnished by the prosecution. He was charged with the larceny of two boxes of cigars, the police having observed him trying to dispose of the cigars at $1 a box.

An employe of J. W. Brooks & Co., testified that the class of cigars found in the defendant's possession was sold by his company, which is the sole agent in Wilmington, and which makes no sales to the retail trade here. That was all the evidence in the case until Hill began to talk.

In explaining how he came into possession of the cigars Hill swore that he found them in a bundle in an alley back of Ahrens' drug store, while he was on his way to a pool room; that he had kicked them with his foot, and after picking them up had decided to go home instead of going to the pool room. After he got to his boarding house, the defendant stated that he had hidden the cigars under the house, because the "lady who kept the house didn't allow the boys to bring what they gits into the house." The defendant stated that as he didn't smoke himself, he proceeded to try to sell the cigars. Recorder Empie pronounced the defendant guilty and sentenced him to three months on the county roads.

AEROPLANE MAIL ROUTE.

Wilmington Scheduled for Place on New Experiment.

Wilmington is slated for a place on one of the 48 routes which are being considered by Postmaster General Burleson as aeroplane mail routes to be tried as an experiment to determine the availability of aerial transportation for carrying mails in various climates and under varying conditions of weather.

Seven routes, six in Alaska and one in Massachusetts, have been determined upon for immediate experimentation. The contracts for the carrying of the mails on these routes will be let May 12. If these experiments prove successful, the aerial transportation of mails will be extended to the other 41 routes.

Wilmington is named as one of the five cities on the second lap of two routes that will give through service between Key West and Washington, D. C. The first section starting at Key West, includes a stop at Jacksonville, another at Savannah and the last at Charleston. There the second route begins taking in Wilmington, then Norfolk, then Richmond and ending at Washington.

—The following arrivals were registered yesterday at the Wilmington Hotel: H. C. Bonner, Warsaw; Roy M. Banks, Raleigh; T. S. Memory, Whiteville; A. M. Lucas, Councils; Morrow Brothers, Atlanta; E. F. Elwell, Raleigh; W. W. Colvert, Winston-Salem, and N. W. Walker, Chapel Hill.

CHARLESTON CLAIMS UNJUST FREIGHT RATES

Are Enjoyed by Wilmington on Fertilizer Materials.

South Carolina Port Has Little, if Any, Cause for Complaint to Interstate Commission, Mr. McCormick Declares.

That the rates on fertilizers are unreasonable in themselves and that they discriminate against Charleston in favor of Wilmington is alleged by the fertilizer companies of the South Carolina port in a recent action which was transmitted to the Interstate Commerce Commission at Washington by the Freight Adjustment Steering Committee of that city. The adjustment of fertilizer freight rates and the refund of thousands of dollars by the railroads serving Charleston is asked.

The Interstate Commerce Commission is asked "to order the rates made just and on a parity with those of the North Carolina port and to order reparation by the railroads of the difference in the present rate and the rate asked, if allowed, on all fertilizer shipments for the last two years." All the fertilizer interests of that port are backing the complaint, it is stated.

"I have not seen the complaint or any other papers in this action," said J. G. McCormick, Esq., secretary and treasurer of the Acme Manufacturing Co., who is recognized as an authority of fertilizer freight rates, yesterday in speaking of the Charleston manufacturers, "but I feel confident that the action is based largely either upon a misrepresentation of facts, or perhaps upon a misstatement of them. So far as fertilizer rates are concerned, Wilmington has considered that, upon the whole, Charleston has but little, if anything, of which to complain."

Hearing to be Held.

There is to be a hearing on the complaint in Charleston next month when the whole subject will be threshed out. The action is against the Atlantic Coast Line, the Charleston & Northwestern Railway Co., the Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio, the Norfolk Southern Railway, the Southern Railway, and the Winston-Salem Southbound Railway. Representatives of the Coast Line and of the fertilizer interests in Wilmington will attend the hearing to be held in Charleston.

Mr. Kimmich, who filed the complaint for the Freight Adjustment Steering Committee, of Charleston, issued the following statement about the matter:

"The rates on fertilizers from Charleston to points in the State of North Carolina are materially higher than from Wilmington and other fertilizer factories in North Carolina for similar distances to points on the Atlantic Coast Line, Seaboard Air Line, Southern Railway and other lines. The rates from Charleston vary in amounts from 15 cents to $2 a ton higher than the scale of rates applied within the State of North Carolina. The Charleston rates are, in the first instance, unreasonable per se, and in the second place, they are unjustly discriminatory because of rates applied intrastate between points in North Carolina.

"The present schedules have seriously handicapped the operation of fertilizer factories at Charleston, not alone in the fact that the difference in rates must be equalized, but the territory has been restricted, due to their inability to absorb some of the greater differences in the rates, and in that way preventing them from making sales which otherwise, under equitable rates, they would be able to connect up with.

"Reparation is being asked for the shipments that have moved during the past two years, based on the difference between what the commission may fix and what has been charged."

Mr. McCormick Explains.

Mr. McCormick, who has given considerable time and thought to the consideration of freight rates, submits figures to show that Wilmington is on a parity with Charleston with reference to many South Carolina points which are much nearer Wilmington and states that upon the whole this port has more discriminatory propositions into South Carolina than Charleston has into North Carolina.

The statement prepared by Mr. McCormick is as follows:

"I have not seen the complaint or any other papers in this action, but I feel confident the action is based largely either upon a misapprehension of facts, or perhaps a misstatement of them. This is one of several similar actions instituted by the Charleston Steering Committee since Commissioner Kimmich has divided his time between Charleston and Knoxville, Tenn. In one of the other cases, Charleston alleged that Wilmington's annual wholesale business amounted to seventy-five million dollars annually, and that a large part of it was done in 'Charleston territory' to that city's great detriment, on account of alleged discriminatory rates in favor of Wilmington. The evidence adduced did not sustain the allegation.

"So far as fertilizer rates are concerned, Wilmington has considered that, upon the whole, Charleston has but little, if anything, of which to complain. In the midst of the fertilizer season, (January 25, 1908), rates from Wilmington to a number of South Carolina points, which had for years been on a parity with Charleston, were advanced. Some of these points were: Cane Savannah, from 2.20 to 2.30; Eastover, from 2.30 to 2.40; Elliott, Lamar, Syracuse, Wisacky, Bishopville, from 2.10 to 2.20; Harleyville, Hollyville, Eutawville, Belvidere, Ferguson, Vance, Milligan, Elloree and Rush, from 2.25 to 2.30; Orangeburg, from 1.70 to 2.30; Robbins, from 2.00 to 2.50; Oswego, St. Charles, Sumter, from 2.00 to 2.20; Myers, Dunbarton, Snellings, from 2.00 to 2.50, and a number of others, similarly situated, in proportion.

Rates Compared.

"At South Carolina points to which Wilmington is much nearer than Charleston, Wilmington has to pay the Charleston rate. Some of them are:

	Distance from Wilmington	Distance from Charleston	Wilmington Rate	Charleston Rate
Dillon	101	132	2.25	2.25
Latta	107	126	2.15	2.15
Hamer	95	138	2.30	2.30
McColl	100	146	2.25	2.25
Cheraw	127	142	2.40	2.40
Wadesboro	135	167	2.30	2.30

No Reason for Complaint.

"There may be slight variations in some of these rates, due to recent ad-

(Continued on Page Six.)

WILMINGTON GETS CONVENTION

National Association of Fisheries Commissioners Will Meet Here the Latter Part of April.

The annual convention of the National Association of Fisheries Commissioners will be held in Wilmington during the latter part of April. Although in point of the number of delegates it will bring here this convention is not so important as others which will meet here this year, in view of the fact that the people of the State are awakening to the importance of conserving fish as source of food supply for the future, it is likely that this gathering will give much impetus to the movement to extend the industry in local waters.

According to a letter received yesterday by the Chamber of Commerce from Mr. Ed. Chambers Smith, of Raleigh, chairman of the State Fisheries Commission, there was considerable competition from other cities who wished to land the convention, notably New Orleans and Boston.

Mr. Smith, in company with other members of the association, recently called upon Secretary of Commerce Redfield in Washington and secured the promise that a revenue cutter or vessel of similar type will be placed at the disposal of the delegates during the three days they are in session here. The vessel will be used in taking the delegates to the various fishing grounds in the vicinity of Wilmington.

As the convention is to be held during the fishing season, the commissioners will be here in time to see the Fish Hawk, one of the fish hatchery boats of the Federal Bureau of Fisheries, at work in the Cape Fear river carrying on shad hatchery.

RETURNS FROM RALEIGH.

Maj. Joseph W. Little Expresses Much Satisfaction at Meeting There.

Maj. Joseph W. Little, chairman of the Democratic Executive committee of New Hanover, returned last night from Raleigh, where he attended the meeting of the State Democratic Executive committee on Wednesday night. He stopped over in Fayetteville yesterday and also visited several points in Harnett county. Major Little states that there was a large attendance at the meeting of the State committee and the gathering was characterized by harmony throughout.

All the members of the State committee from the Sixth Congressional district were present except Hon. A. W. McLean, of Robeson, and Maj. George H. Bellamy, of Brunswick, both of whom were represented by proxies.

Yesterday's Raleigh News and Observer has the following with reference to Major Little:

"Joseph W. Little, Wilmington lawyer, banker, printer and publisher, candidate for the congressional seat now occupied by Hannibal LaFayette Godwin, and member of the State Democratic Executive committee, was here yesterday to attend the committee meeting. He said things were looking good for Democracy down in the Sixth district.

"Mr. Little is one of the youonger Democratic leaders of his localities, but his years has served him well and, being an opportunist, he has turned that service to good account. He has the reputation of being the kind of fellow who works for what he wants until he gets it.

"Mr. Little says the country people have just begun to take an interest in politics.

"Mr. Little will leave this morning for Dunn, when he will go to Fayetteville to spend a short while before returning to his home at Wilmington."

MRS. W. J. SMITH BEREAVED.

Aunt of Wilmington Woman Passed Away at Home at Enfield.

Many friends will regret to learn that Mrs. S. E. Rice, aunt of Mrs. W. J. Smith, of this city, passed away Wednesday night at her home at Enfield. The deceased is survived by two sisters, Mrs. R. M. Aldrich and Mrs. Carrie Bringle, both of Salisbury.

The remains will be brought to Wilmington and the funeral will be conducted this morning at 10:30 o'clock from the residence of Mrs. Smith, No. 406 Grace street.

YOUR FRECKLES

Need Attention in March or Face May Stay Covered.

Now is the time to take special care of the complexion, if you wish it to look well the rest of the year. The March winds have a strong tendency to bring out freckles that may stay all Summer unless removed. Now is the time to use othine—double strength.

This prescription for the removal of freckles was written by a prominent physician and is usually so successful that it is sold by druggists under guarantee to refund the money if it fails. Get an ounce of othine—double strength and even a few applications should show a wonderful improvement, some of the smaller freckles even vanishing entirely.

A Real Flesh Builder For Thin People

Thin men and women—that big, hearty, filling dinner you ate last night. What became of all the fat-producing nourishment it contained? You haven't gained in weight one ounce. That food passed from your body like unburned coal through an open grate. The material was there, but your food doesn't work and stick, and the plain truth is you hardly get enough nourishment from your meals to pay for the cost of cooking. This is true of thin folks the world over. Your nutritive organs, your functions of assimilation, are probably sadly out of gear and need reconstruction.

Cut out the foolish foods and funny sawdust diets. Cut out everything but the meals you are eating and eat with every one of those a single Sargol tablet. In two weeks note the difference. Let the scales be the judge. Five to eight good solid pounds of healthy, "stay-there" fat may be the net result. Sargol aims to charge weak, stagnant blood with millions of fresh new red blood corpuscles—to give the blood the carrying power to deliver every ounce of fat-making material in your food to every part of your body. Sargol, too, mixes with your food, to prepare it for the blood in an easily assimilated form. Thin people tell how they have gained all the way from 10 to 25 pounds a month while taking Sargol and say that the new flesh stays put. Sargol tablets are a careful combination of six of the best assimilative elements known to chemistry. They come 40 tablets to a package, are pleasant, harmless and inexpensive, and all good druggists in this vicinity sell them, subject to an absolute guarantee of weight-increase or money back as found in every large package.

BIG REALTY DEAL CLOSED

Mr. Thos. E. Owen, Republican Candidate for Congress, Buys Heyer Land in Sampson.

A realty deal of interest in New Hanover and Sampson counties was closed here yesterday, by which Mr. Thomas E. Owen, editor of the Clinton News Dispatch and candidate for the Republican nomination for representative in Congress from the Third district, buys from the estate of the late George Heyer, of Wilmington, a tract of 3,231 acres of land in Sampson county, near Mints, on the A. & Y. railroad.

The consideration is said to have been around $35,000. The land is said to be well timbered, while a portion of it is in a state of cultivation.

Editor Owen was in the city yesterday in connection with the transaction and expressed himself as thoroughly confident that he is going to win in his race for Congress—both the nomination and the election—despite the fact that Maj. George E. Butler, brother of ex-Senator Marion Butler, is said to have been slated for that honor by the powers that be in Republican party affairs in the State at present.

FISH HAWK HERE SOON.

Floating Hatchery is Preparing for Work Up River.

The steamer Fish Hawk, the floating hatchery of the Federal Bureau of Fisheries, now at Norfolk, is under orders to proceed to the Chesapeake Bay for experimental work until March 15, after which date the vessel has been ordered to sail for Hertford, where she will lay in a supply of shad spawn and appliances for hatching it.

From this point the Fish Hawk will proceed to the Cape Fear river and at once begin the planting of the small fry as they are hatched in the upper waters of the river. It is reported that the steamer will arrive here about the middle of the present month. The vessel is under the command of Chief Boatswain Mahoney.

BIG EATERS GET KIDNEY TROUBLE

Take a Glass of Salts Before Breakfast if Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers You.

The American men and women must guard constantly against Kidney trouble, because we eat too much and all our food is rich. Our blood is filled with uric acid which the kidneys strive to filter out, they weaken from overwork, become sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and the result is kidney trouble, bladder weakness and a general decline in health.

When your kidneys feel like lumps of lead; your back hurts or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment or you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night; if you suffer with sick headache or dizzy, nervous spells, acid stomach, or you have rheumatism when the weather is bad, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast, for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys; to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water beverage, and belongs in every home, because nobody can make a mistake by having a good kidney flushing any time.

Mothers--This Child Was Cured of Bed-Wetting

Mrs. C. W. Peters, Lancaster, Pa., R. 3., writes: "My six-year-old girl has wet the bed since she was a baby. I found no relief until I tried your sample of Foley Kidney Pills. I saw they were helping her, and bought two bottles of my druggist and she is altogether cured. Thanks to Foley Kidney Pills for the benefit I have found in them, as it takes a lot of washing off me. I have told a number of mothers since I found the cure."

Parents no longer scold or punish a child for bed-wetting. Instead, they improve the little one's physical condition, until the annoying and mortifying act is done away with.

A few simple rules aided by the use of Foley Kidney Pills will stop any ordinary case of bed-wetting that is not caused by obstruction or malformation of the parts. They are safe to take and absolutely free of harmful drugs. Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Av., Chicago, will send their leaflet on bed-wetting to any one asking for it.

R. R. Bellamy & Co.

"Never Saved a Dollar Before"

Said one of our customers, who has been using one of our little Dime Banks, and though he now has a snug little bank account he continues using the Dime Bank which started him on the road to saving, which is the only sure road to independence.

You, too, may have one of the little Banks, by calling for it. Let us suggest that you do this today.

OLD AND STRONG.

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS.

Starting A Bank Account

Is the simplest thing in the world. It is no more trouble than buying a box of candy or a box of cigars.

Come into the Bank and say "I want to open an account." We will fix up your bank book and will ask you to write your name on a card, so that we will always know your signature. The amount of your deposit will be credited in your bank book. All this will not take more than three minutes.

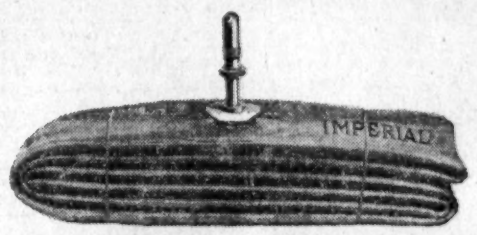
Once you have a bank book, you will take pride in adding to your account. You will come often to the Bank and will save many a dollar which, before you had a bank book, you would spend.

Start a bank account with us today. A single dollar opens an account.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

110 PRINCESS STREET.

Imperial Tires and Tubes



Our Stock Complete. Phone, Wire or Write

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.

Wholesale Hardware. 'Phones 106-1030

This Week's Bargains

3 Saw Mills.	5 Iron Water Tanks.
1 Brick Plant.	6 Duplex Steam Pumps.
2 Boilers and Engines on wheels.	500 Valves.
3 Planers.	100 Grate Bars.

Call early and you will not regret if it is made of Iron, Steel, Brass Copper or other metals.

WILMINGTON IRON WORKS

ORANGE AND WATER STS. "THE IRON MEN"

LIGGETT'S CHOCOLATES

Made in Boston, Mass. Sold in More Than 7,000 Cities.

FEATURED IN RIKER-HAGEMAN, JAYNES', LIGGETT'S UNITED and OWL CHAIN DRUG STORES. 80c TO $1.50 THE POUND. SOLD ONLY

—at—

The Rexall Store

ELVINGTON and MINTZ Dependable Druggists

"UPSON" WALL BOARD

The most dependable Wall Board on the market; quickly and easily applied; a good substitute for plastering; can be put on in attractive patterns.

Let us show you samples and book of designs.

Roger Moore's Sons & Co.

206 PRINCESS STREET.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. J. E. Kenneth, of Southport, is a visitor in this city, a guest at the Orton.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs A. J. McKinnon are visitors in Wilmington and guests at the Orton.

* * *

Miss Carrie Dosher, of Southport, was a visitor to Wilmington yesterday and registered at the Orton.

* * *

Mrs. E. F. Carpenter and Mrs. J. D. GeBott, of Bolton, are spending a few days here, and are registered at the Orton.

* * *

Miss Gwendaline Smith returned yesterday from Norfolk, Va., where she went to attend the funeral of her aunt, Mrs. W. H. Post.

* * *

The Department of Civics and Home Economics of Sorosis will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the club rooms on North Third street.

* * *

The Woman's Missionary Society of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the church. A full attendance is desired.

* * *

The devotional exercises of the Epworth League of Grace Metnodist church will be held this evening at 8 o'clock. The public is cordially invited to attend.

* * *

Miss Lillian Mae White, of Norfolk, Va., who came to Wilmington to attend the marriage of her brother, Mr. E. L. White, to Miss Rosa Male Furlong, has returned to her home.

* * *

The many friends of Mr. Carson Taliaferro, of Charlotte, will be interested to know of his promotion to a more responsible position by the Southeastern Underwriters' Association. Mr. Taliaferro, who married Miss Madge Brand, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Brand, of this city, left Sunday for Atlanta, Ga., where he will reside in the future.

* * *

The sale of wearing apparel for babies to be conducted Saturday by St. Cecilia's Guild in the waiting room of the Tidewater Power Company, on Princess street, near Front, promises to be a most interesting event for all the mothers of the city. The sale will continue throughout the day. Candy will also be sold. The public is cordially invited to attend.

* * *

ORGAN RECITAL TO BE GIVEN AT CHURCH TONIGHT

A large attendance of lovers of good music is expected at the first recital this evening at 7:45 o'clock at the Winter Park Presbyterian church, by Mr. E. H. Munson. An attractive programme has been arranged for the occasion, and those who attend are assured of a pleasant evening.

The pipe organ at the Winter Park church is the best of its kind, and is said to have an unusually sweet tone. For the convenience of those who wish to attend a car will leave Princess and Front streets at 7:15 o'clock this evening. Returning the car will leave the church at 8:56 p. m.

* * *

THANKS THOSE WHO HELPED TO MAKE BAZAAR SUCCESS

Neatly printed cards have been sent all who aided in the bazaar given by the United Society of St. Andrew and St. Geofre, for the relief of war sufferers in Europe, reading as follows:

"Wilmington, N. C., March 7, 1916.

"The Bazaar Executive committee of the above society desire to express to you their deep appreciation of your services and interest during the period of the recent War Suffers' Bazaar and congratulate you individually on the great results attained.

"Very sincerely yours,
"JAS. F. SEARS, Chairman,
"A. MURRY THOMPSON, Secd."

* * *

MR. FRANK TORRANCE WEDS MISS CLETA BELL HAMMOND

Yesterday's Fayetteville Observer: "Yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock, Miss Cleta Bell Hammond, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Hammond, who reside at 222 Mason street, and Mr. Frank Torrance, of Warsaw, N. C., were united in marriage, Rev. Joel S. Snyder officiating. The wedding march was rendered by Mrs. Allie Wooten, and the attendants were Miss Carrie Autry with Mr. Darleigh Wooten; Miss Dora Bell Godwin with Mr. F. B. Hammond, Jr.

"Mr. and Mrs. Torrance left on the 6:50 P. M. train for their future home at Warsaw, where Mr. Torrance is a well known young business man. They have many friends who wish them a happy and prosperous married life."

MR. CROWLEY RETURNS.

Pastor of Immanuel Presbyterian Church Preaches at Elizabethtown.

Rev. J. S. Crowley, pastor of Immanuel Presbyterian church, has returned from a trip to Bladen county and will conduct services in his church tonight in preparation for the communion service Sunday morning. Mr. Crowley went to Tarheel Sunday morning and preached there, going to Elizabethtown to conduct services Sunday night in the Presbyterian church there.

MITCHELL EXALTED RULER

Annual Election of Officers by Wilmington Lodge of Elks Held Last Night in Temple.

Mr. Allie J. Mitchell, a popular young railroad man, was elected Exalted Ruler of the Wilmington Lodge of Elks at the annual meeting which was held in their Temple last evening. This honor was not sought by Mr. Mitchell, whose election was unanimous, which is quite a compliment to his popularity.

Retiring Exalted Ruler C. C. Loughlin was elected representative to the grand lodge and Mr. H. E. Longley was chosen as alternate. Mr. James Owen Reilly, who has served as the capable secretary of the lodge for so many years that the memory of most of the members of the organization runneth not to the contrary, was re-elected as was Mr. E. F. O. Banck, who is treasurer. Mr. H. A. Webber, who has been the popular manager of the club for a number of years, was re-elected as tiler.

Other officers elected for the ensuing year were as follows: Esteemed Leading Knight, Mr. W. S. Register; esteemed loyal knight, Mr. W. R. Hudler; esteemed lecturing knight, Mr. C. L. Walker; trustees for three years, Mr. I. W. Solomon.

NOVEL ENTERTAINMENT.

Presented at Brigade to Large Audience Last Night.

The Morrow Bros'. Quartet, an unusually interesting and entertaining program last night, appearing on the Boys' Brigade lyceum course, having an audience which practically filled the large auditorium of the armory. These four brothers are indeed clever in their use of various musical instruments. They brought forth prolonged applause with their selections on their "home-made" musical instrument, the plate glass band, particularly when they rendered the ever popular anvil chorus. The real music and harmony they got out of this instrument was wonderful, to say the least. While these singers do not possess very good voices for quartet singing, they greatly pleased the audience with two or three "lively" quartet songs in the second part of their programme. And their work on the cornet, meliophone and tenor and baritone horns was highly pleasing. A novel number was the playing by two of the brothers at the same time on one violin. But the side-splitting feature of the entertainment was the basso-comedien, Mr. Ernest Morrow. His character sketches, particularly the reading of the country news from the "Screwdriver," convulsed the audience with laughter. And time and again during other numbers, his antics brought forth spontaneous laughter. The reading, "How Did You Die," by Mr. Clifford Morrow was well delivered, and greatly enjoyed. All in all, while there are better quartets than the Morrow Bros., this company may truly be called a group of "entertainers who entertain."

TABERNACLE WORKERS TO MEET.

At First Baptist Church Sunday Afternoon—Mr. Evarts to Speak.

The first big meeting in preparation for the Chapman-Alexander services at the Tabernacle will be held next Sunday afternoon at the First Baptist church, when all the Christian people of the city are invited to meet with Mr. C. L. Evarts, of the Champman-Alexander party. These meetings will be held every Sunday afternoon from now on until the regular services in the Tabernacle begin. They are for the purpose of organizing a large body of personal workers to supplement the efforts of Dr. Chapman in winning decisions for Christ.

Mr. Evarts, who is the first member of the party to arrive, has had wide experience in this work of organizing. He is an attractive speaker, and it is expected that there will be a large gathering of church members and others interested next Sunday afternoon at the First church.

Arrangements are being made for the cottage prayer meetings that will be held in the homes in different sections of the city on Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week until the services at the Tabernacle begin.

CLAUDE SUGGS GETS 20 YEARS.

For Killing Father-in-Law in Onslow County in December.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Jacksonville, N. C., March 9.—Claude Suggs, who killed his father-in-law, J. J. James, in Onslow county, during the Christmas holidays, today submitted to a verdict of second degree murder, in Superior court here, and was sentenced to the State's prison for 20 years.

MUCH INTEREST IN VISIT OF COMMANDER

Scottish Rite Masons Accord Him Cordial Reception.

Banquet Tonight in Masonic Temple in Honor of Distinguished Head of Southern Jurisdiction, Who Leaves Tomorrow.

More than ordinary interest in the Scottish Rite Bodies has been aroused by the visit of Hon. George Fleming Moore, 33rd degree, Sovereign Grand Commander of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, who is recognized as the brightest symbolical scholar in the United States and his extensive travels abroad have been of such a nature and his research of such a character that it is doubtful if there is one in the Old World who can compare with him in extent of Masonic knowledge.

Dignified, courteous, affable and pleasant to all who have met him, he has endeared himself to the Rite in Wilmington since his arrival on Wednesday afternoon. Tonight at 8 o'clock in the Scottish Rite hall in the Masonic Temple a banquet will be given in his honor. Dr. C. L. Pridgen will be the toastmaster and the chief address will be made by Mr. Moore. Hon. David Preston Byers, 33rd degree honorary, deputy for the Supreme Council in North Carolina, will also be a guest of honor and will speak on Scottish Rite Freemasonry in North Carolina.

Grand Commander Moore is an Alabamian by birth and has been a member of the Supreme Council of the Scottish Rite in the Southern Jurisdiction of the United States for the last 27 years. During the administrations of President Cleveland and Harrison he served as United States Attorney in Alabama and was considered one of the most skilled and well informed attorneys in his native State on constitutional law.

Mr. Moore leaves tomorrow morning for Savannah, Ga., where he will remain for several days. He will then go to Charleston, S. C., where he will spend four days. From April 24 to 29 he will be in Oklahoma and Guthrie and McAllister. From May 3 to 6, he will be in St. Louis, and from that city will go to Little Rock, Ark. June 6, 7 and 8 he will be in Cheyenne, Wyo.

On his first visit South in his official capacity as grand commander, Mr. Moore is accompanied by his private secretary, Mr. Ray Nelson, 32nd degree Mason.

Hon. David P. Byers, 33rd degree honorary, deputy of the Supreme Council, will return to his home in Charlotte tomorrow morning. Mr. Byers is one of the most accomplished Masons in the State and elected to the 33rd degree last October at the biennial session of the Supreme Council and was appointed deputy for this State soon thereafter.

Both the Sovereign Grand Commander and Deputy Byers expressed their deep appreciation for the courteous reception by the local Bodies and comend in the highest terms the splendid and efficient work of the Wilmington lodges. They feel that the prospects for Scottish Rite Freemasonry in Wilmington are very bright indeed.

Cape Fear Chapter Rose Croix met last evening to confer the 18th degree. There was a large attendance of the members and the degree work was put on in a most impressive manner.

CHARLESTON CLAIMS UNJUST FREIGHT RATES

(Continued From Page Five)

justments, but they are practically correct.

"Charleston today has the same rates for a greater distance to Southern Railway points out of Charlotte on the old Three C's road, as Wilmington, with a greater mileage. This is practically true at a number of other points on other lines of the Southern in the same section. In fact, so far as fertilizer traffic from Wilmington to Southern Railway points is concerned, it has been made almost a 'dead letter' on account of unsatisfactory service. There may be, and no doubt are, North Carolina points at which the rates from Charleston to such points, on a mileage basis, are higher than from Wilmington, but taking the whole territory covered by Charleston fertilizer tariff, it has had but little, if anything, of which to complain. Wilmington rates are similarly advanced at the State line. For instance, the distance from Rowland, N. C., to Hamer, S. C., is only four miles, but the rate advances from $1.70 to $2.30 per ton; from Tabor, N. C., to Howard, S. C., four miles, the rate increases 50 cents per ton. Similar jumps are experienced from Fair Bluff to Nichols, Hasty to McColl, etc.

"Wilmington has more discriminatory propositions into South Carolina as a whole, than Charleston has into North Carolina. Wilmington's causes of complaint against Richmond into South Carolina and against Norfolk, and other Virginia cities in this State would fill a volume, and would no doubt make a stronger case than Charleston can make out in the present instance. The favorable rates which had obtained from Wilmington to certain Eastern North Carolina water points, prior to the Justice Act, have been withdrawn, and there seems to be no present purpose on the part of the railroads to restore them nor any effort by the Corporation Commission to make them do so. Fertilizer material rates into Wilmington from both Norfolk and Charleston have been materially advanced.

"However, this does not bear directly upon Charleston's contention. If Charleston really wishes to come into North Carolina on the same basis as Wilmington reaches over all of its own State, then she should be consistent, and not use as an argument that North Carolina interstate rates are unfair to her, when as a matter of fact the scale which Charleston proposes to use for South Carolina interstate business is lower than the present North Carolina scale, and with a lesser carload minimum. But even if the rates were as they complain that they are, the expression in the statement of Commissioner Kimmich, to-wit: 'The territory has been restricted,' is the real giveaway, and this is true as to practically every fertilizer port today, and will be brought home to the port even more forcibly with the restoration of normal conditions in the fertilizer industry."

London, March 9, (Delayed by Censor)—The Norwegian steamer Nordkyn, from Baltimore to Copenhagen, with a cargo of grain, has been taken into Kirkwall.

GIVING CHILDREN MENTAL FOOD WHEN THEY'RE HUNGRY

Written Especially for Baby Week

By Winifred Sackville Stoner, Author of Natural Education.

George Ade has aptly said: "You can lead a boy to college but you can't make him think." This is true of our children whom we force to attend school at certain times and at a certain age. No child's brain is injured when he is interested, but we do not stop to inquire if the child be thirsty for knowledge before we lead him to "knowledge fount," and we do not trouble ourselves to make the roads leading to said fount, pathways of joy.

Psychologists have proven that the brain of the normal child doubles between the age of two and a half to three years. This increase is proof that a child is in the keenest period of all life at this time and grandmothers, uncles and aunts all testify that he is a regular "imp of Satan."

Personally I love the so-called naughty child. Naughtiness is but misdirected energy. The waters of a raging torrent may be turned to good account in furnishing the power for machinery to produce great things, and so if we give our children something to do for a real purpose we direct the surplus energy into proper channels, bring peace into the home and happiness to the little ones.

All two and three year old children are eager to ask questions about the birds, the stars and everything in nature. That is the time to give them the information they seek. How foolish to wait until the high school age when they are not hungry for knowledge about flowers, bugs, birds, etc.

Mothers do not need to fear that they are "forcing" their children when they answer the questions the little ones love to ask. Nature gave children the questions to seek for information. Alas, it is the mothers who cannot always answer these questions.

There is one fairy book which supplies mothers with ammunition to give replies for volleys of questions. To this book Winifred Stoner attributes her ability to be placed in the rank of a college graduate at the age of twelve years. To this book many mothers sing loud praises each day for the help it gives in the homes by making good kiddies out of so-called naughty ones. I refer to the book of knowledge, which educates mothers so that they can educate their babies by showing them "what things can do and what they can do with things.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. A. S. Kirby, of Phoenix, was a business visitor in the city yesterday.

—Lieutenant H. W. Eglins, of Fort Caswell, is a visitor in this city and is registered at The Orton.

—Mr. Joseph F. LeBeau, of Bolton, is spending a few days in Wilmington and is registered at the Orton.

—Mr. Charles L. Terry has left for his home in Durham, after spending several days with friends here.

—Captain W. A. Sanders, of the Wilmington Towing Company, has returned from Norfolk, where he spent several days on business.

—Dr. J. W. Powell, who recently moved from this city to Kinston to open a dental office there, was a visitor in this city yesterday and a guest at the Hotel Wilmington.

—Yesterday's Fayetteville Observer: "Hon. Joseph W. Little, of Wilmington, a Democratic candidate for Congress in this, the Sixth, district, was in Fayetteville today."

—Captain C. S. Ridley, in charge of the local office of the United States Engineer Corps, left last night for Norfolk, Va., where he will confer with other members of the corps on matters pertaining to the inland waterway from Norfolk to Beaufort, N. C.

LOCAL DOTS.

—The following arrivals were registered at the Orton Hotel yesterday: J. R. Souls, Raleigh; C. R. Church, Raleigh; J. R. Lowell, Charlotte; N. H. Carter and George R. Ward, Wallace; Capt. J. F. Bussels, Southport; James H. Clark, Elizabethtown; W. B. Duncan, Raleigh; Thomas E. Owen, Clinton; Willis Smith, Raleigh; J. T. Gresham, Warsaw; C. M. Dockman, Newbern; W. H. Nicholson, Raleigh; W. L. Phifer, J. W. Frazier, A. L. Derosset, M. G. Hunter and Walter S. Wolfe, Charlotte; J. N. Rafferty, Rocky Mount; E. Bryan Jones, Hickory; J. W. Cole, Charlotte; J. B. Rogers, Bolton; L. H. Kuhn, Charlotte.

Cottolene

"The Natural Shortening"

A recipe for delicious fried potatoes

The use of Cottolene for frying potatoes always brings the most gratifying results.

It adds a delicious flavor and gives the brown crispness that makes fried potatoes appetizing as well as wholesome.

Cottolene is especially good for frying vegetables of all kinds. It is a real aid to digestion.

Use Cottolene when you fry chicken, fish or vegetables in crumbs or batter; you will be delighted with the excellent results.

Order a regular supply of Cottolene from your grocer. It is put up in pails of convenient sizes.

Write our General Offices, Chicago, for a copy of our *real* cook book, "HOME HELPS."

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

Fried potatoes

Cut pared potatoes in thin slices, straws or dice. Soak in cold water; drain and dry on napkin and cook, a few at a time in basket in deep, hot Cottolene. Drain and season with salt.

"Cottolene makes good cooking better"

Vinol

CREATES STRENGTH

FOR DELICATE CHILDREN

A Southern Mother Tells How Her Little Son Was Made Strong

Miami, Fla.—"Our little boy was puny and cross from the time he was born, and we hardly knew how to handle him. When he was three years old he was weak and so cross we could hardly live with him, and we could not get him to eat anything. A friend asked us to try Vinol. We did so and you should see the change it has made in him. He is now a good-natured, healthy youngster, ready to eat at any time, and we cannot say enough praise of Vinol."—J. L. ALBURY, Miami, Fla.

Vinol is a delicious cod liver and iron tonic without oil, containing beef peptone, which creates an appetite, tones up the digestive organs, enriches the blood and creates strength—children love to take it.

We ask all parents of weak, sickly, delicate children in this vicinity to try Vinol with the understanding that we will return your money if it fails to benefit your little ones.

Robert R. Bellamy, Druggist.

AT THE LEADING DRUG STORE WHEREVER THIS PAPER CIRCULATES—LOOK FOR THIS SIGN

Meat Crisps

A Concentrated Poultry Feed Made of Select Meat. "For the Hen that Lays the Golden Egg." Write for Prices and Circular.

Love & Woody

Wholesale Grocers.

For Sale

500 BUSHELS JUMBO PEANUTS

1,000 BARRELS FLOUR

We positively have a Full Stock of Wire and Cut Nails, and will name close prices. See us before buying.

D. L. Gore Co.

WHOLESALE GROCERS

Wilmington, N. C.

A Collection of Beautiful Silks for Spring

No Advance in Prices

Owing to the Fact They Were Contracted For Months Ago.

QUALITY: The Same A. D. Brown Standard.

Taffetas and Crepe de Chines are Leading. We Show Them in the Most Wanted Colors.

A. D. Brown

The Store That Sells Wooltex.

COATS SUITS SKIRTS

Wise People Look Ahead

Eye-future depends largely upon the care bestowed at present.

People who know avail themselves of our expert service, thus comfort and preservation of the eyesight follow as cause and effect.

Spectacles or Eye Glasses fitted to your eyes for $1.00 and up.

EYES EXAMINED FREE

Dr. Vineberg

MASONIC TEMPLE.

To The Trade

We are in a Position to Supply Your Wants in the Grocery Line.

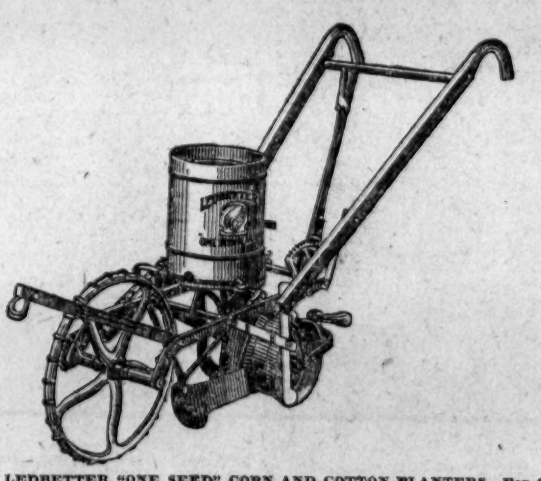
SPECIALTIES

Flour, Rice, Coffee, Sugar, Lard, Morris & Co.'s Supreme Brand Canned Meats.

Also Full Line of All Standard Goods Satisfaction Guaranteed. Send Us Your Orders.

McNair & Pearsall

Wholesale Grocers.



NO. 2 LEDBETTER "ONE SEED" CORN AND COTTON PLANTERS—For Cotton, Corn, Peanuts, Peas, Beans, Sorghum, Millet, Cane, Etc. Price, $14.00 With Fertilizer Attachment, $10.00. Peanut Attachment, $1.50 Per Set.

The Starting Point of All Your Crop Profits is in the Planter. The LEDBETTER is Positive and Uniform in Distribution of Seed in Any Desired Quantity. The LEDBETTER will Insure you Perfect Planting, even in the hands of the most ignorant, careless and incompetent farm hand. The LEDBETTER is Especially Good in Rough, Rooty, Stumpy or Stony Land—The runner opener rides over these obstructions and will not drag trash, stalks, vines, etc The LEDBETTER is easily held on the row and is easily guided on short, crooked rows. The hopper may be lifted off the base to allow easy access to its parts.

SAVE BY USING A LEDBETTER. SPECIAL PRICES TO DEALERS IN QUANTITY LOTS.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

"The man who whispers down a well,
About the things he has to sell,
Ne'er reaps as many golden dollars,
As he who climbs a tree and hollers."

WE are NOT "whispering down a well" about the quality of our cigars nor are we giving coupons, trading stamps, presents, etc., in order to induce you to buy OUR cigars, but we are giving the **value of your money** IN THE QUALITY of the cigars we offer you.

There is no better 5c cigar on the market today than the "CONTENTARS", in fact, none as good.

In many places this cigar would sell for 10c, but we are selling them for 5c, whether you buy one lone cigar or ten thousand. "Prove all things, hold fast that which is good."

The CUBANO is another A-No. 1 cigar. Somewhat smaller than the CONTENTARS but of the same quality. Both of these cigars are GENUINE KEY WEST goods.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.

The Original Prescription Specialists and Quality Drug Store.

BURETT H. STEPHENS

ARCHITECT

18-20 GARRELL BUILDING.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Spring Opening

The First Formal Exhibition of 1916 Fashions Delineating the Authenic Modes for

Spring and Easter

Spring according to the calendar of Fashion begins on March 10th and this Store has made elaborate preparations in honor of the occasion, "The Annual Grand Review of Fashions." It will be the initial Style event of the season.

Probably never before in our history has the country made so complete a turn toward prettiness. The nation's prosperity very likely is a conspicuous reason, and there are doubtless others. But the fact remains and 1916 will certainly be referred to as the period when Style was in its glory.

This, therefore, will be an event when fashionable attire will rule supreme. The rich Millinery, the resplendent Suits, Coats and Costumes and the various dress accessories will be portrayed in commendatory manner. Silks and Fabrics, too will be advantageously displayed. It will be an exhibition beautiful.

Kindly Regard This as A Personal Invitation

Friday, March 10th — *Saturday, March 11th*

BELK-WILLIAMS CO.

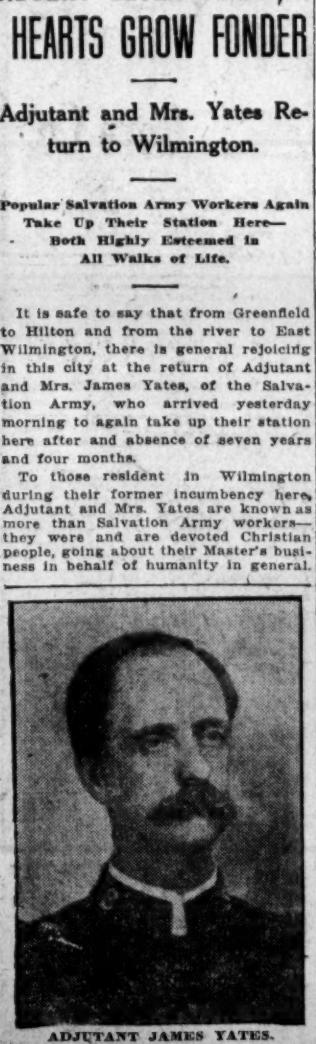
ABSENT SEVEN YEARS, HEARTS GROW FONDER

Adjutant and Mrs. Yates Return to Wilmington.

Popular Salvation Army Workers Again Take Up Their Station Here—Both Highly Esteemed in All Walks of Life.

It is safe to say that from Greenfield to Hilton and from the river to East Wilmington, there is general rejoicing in this city at the return of Adjutant and Mrs. James Yates, of the Salvation Army, who arrived yesterday morning to again take up their station here after and absence of seven years and four months.

To those resident in Wilmington during their former incumbency here, Adjutant and Mrs. Yates are known as more than Salvation Army workers—they were and are devoted Christian people, going about their Master's business in behalf of humanity in general.



ADJUTANT JAMES YATES.

MRS. JAMES YATES.

Confining their activity to neither class nor creed, they filled a niche in the hearts of Wilmington people that has made their return an event of more than passing interest. They come back to Wilmington from Augusta, Ga., and having arrived on the early morning train from the South yesterday, they are now at home at the Bethel, corner of Front and Dock streets, where they will be glad to greet their old friends and meet new ones. Their first service will be held on Sunday, announcement of which will be made later.

They are accompanied on their return only by their daughter, Miss Florence Yates, also of the Army corps, the three other children remaining in Augusta where they will be for some time in the future at least. Miss Abigail Yates, oldest daughter, who is pleasantly remembered by many friends here, is taking a course for diploma in the school for trained nurses in the University of Georgia Hospital; Miss Gwendolyn Yates, also pleasantly remembered, is a teacher in the graded schools in Augusta, and Theodore Yates, who was a mere lad when the family left Wilmington a little more than seven years ago, is now studying medicine in the University of Georgia.

Adjutant and Mrs. Yates are looking exceedingly well and they re-enter upon their work in Wilmington with interest and enthusiasm. They love Wilmington and Wilmington people hold them in the highest esteem. A little more than seven years ago, after a service of two years and nine months here, they were ordered to Augusta and they have been there and at others places until now, when they feel they were fortunate in getting among old friends again here in Wilmington. They have visited here several times since they left, but it is now a pleasure to have them again as residents.

They succeed on the Wilmington station Adjutant and Mrs. Mataxas, who, after a service of four years here, have gone to Mobile, Ala., where they will be stationed in the future.

25 MILES OF RECORDS

England's Public Document Office In Chancery Lane.

(London Tit-Bits.)

Unknown to the millions who pass through the city London every week, a work of unparalleled magnitude at what is known as the public record office in Chancery lane, has been going on for a number of years. In this office there are 25 miles of shelves, all full of historical material going back through the centuries to "Doomsday Book."

It costs over $26,000 a year to keep up the record office, the keeper of records being the master of the rolls. The office was established by the public records act in 1838, and the records were taken there from the tower of the chapter house, Westminster, the rolls chapel, and elsewhere. Ever since that time the office has been constantly receiving accreetion from the law courts, the government departments, and from various other quarters.

All sorts of records are kept—legal, historical, genealogical, statistical—and so varied are the contents of the office that antiquarion research af almost every kind can be made. There you will find the records of the star chamber and the old wards and liveries. State papers, domestic, colonial and foreign, formerly perceived in the state paper office in Whitehall are also to be seen there. Ucually 50 or 60 students are seen working in the record office every day, and at times there is the fascinating thought that one of them may make some interesting historical discovery.

AN EVANGELIST OF JOY

"The Fun of Doing wood" Title Of Oakland (Cal.) Pastor's Sermon.

(San Francisco Bulletin)

"The Christianity of the long face and sour countenance is not the Christianity of our Christ.

"All the world loves a laughter as well as a lover.

"The preacher has no corner on the fun of doing good. All the rest of you folks have your chance at it.

"The greatest pleasure resort is just this weary, weather-beaten old world of ours."

STATE COMMITTEE 75 PER CENT FOR BICKETT

So His Forces Claim Since Meeting in Raleigh

Want Him to Lead Campaign—Daughtridge Forces Optimistic—No Superfluous Clerks Found in Wake Courthouse.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 9.—Now that the State Democratic Executive committemen here for the meeting last night have gone to their homes, the absorbing topic here is the individual preferences of the individual members of the committee as between the various candidates for State offices. Numbers of the committeemen declined to express their personal preferences, but polls were made that are claimed to throw accurate light on the standing of the candidates among the committeemen.

Friends and campaign workers for T. W. Bickett, in his race for Governor, are claiming in a most confident way that considerably more than 75 per cent. of the members of the committee are favoring him, some even claiming for Bickett 95 per cent. of the committee. They claim that stock in the Bickett candidacy has gone up mightily of late because there is a realization that the most strenuous campaign is impending to adequately and effectively stir the Democratic voters to their duty in voting down the "Butlerized Republican party," and that Mr. Bickett is the type of campaigner to lead the Democratic forces in such a campaign as is necessary. They insist that there is no one opposing Bickett who is equipped for this party service as he is.

Daughtridge Forces Optimistic.

Workers in the campaign for E. L. Daughtridge, in the race against Bickett for the nomination for Governor, insist that large numbers of the members of the committee and other prominent Democrats here for the meeting called at the Daughtridge headquarters and gave assurances of support, and that the Daughtridge campaign is much helped up by the assurances of support received from this source.

The fact is the committeemen and prominent Democrats here were not overwhelmingly for any of the opposing candidates for the party nominations, all having their supporters, but all bent on maintaining a friendly campaign that shall develope no bitterness that will either give disaffection in the final vote in the general election or provide material with which the opposition party can embarrass the ultimate party nominees, as has been the case in former county and district primaries the Democrats have held.

Corporation Chartered.

A charter was issued today for the Church Association of Black Mountain, for the establishment of a mountain resort for rest and recreation and religious and educational development. The capital is $25,000 authorized and $600 subscribed by James M. Horner and Haywood Parker, of Asheville, and F. S. Westbrook, J. D. Eckles, E. R. Aiken and A. A. Hegeman, of Black Mountain.

Large numbers of North Carolina educators are planning to make the trip to New Orleans for the annual session of the Southern Association of Education and Industry to be held there April 16 to 21. Dr. J. Y. Joyner, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, is a former president of the association, and numbers of the educational workers of the State are directors and otherwise connected with the work of the association, which is nation-wide, with particular attention to the Southern states.

No Superfluous Clerks.

A special committee investigating Wake county affairs in the light of the recent charges of excessive clerk hire and extravagances in county finances, filed with the board of commissioners by Solicitor H. E. Norris, finds that there are no more clerks employed in the county offices than are needed and that an additional clerk is really necessary in the office of the county auditor. The committee would reduce the force maintained by the courthouse janitor in keeping in order the new courthouse. The committee expresses the belief that the revenue of the county will be sufficient to maintain the county administration as now constituted and not show a big deficit, as predicted by Solicitor Norris. Burdensome court costs, constant increase in cost of caring for dependent poor, increased cost of the health department, and the fact that profits from the fee and commission fund goes to roads and schools instead of to the general fund, are given as accounting for the deficit that has occurred in the general county fund in the past. Changes in this respect are to be sought. The investigation and report were made by Commissioners Beddingfield, Franklin and Scarboro, of the board, and is a document of twenty pages.

COMMERCIAL ASSOCIATION OF SOUTHPORT ELECTS OFFICERS

Little Done Towards Floating the Austin—Prof. Walker Speaks.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Southport, N. C., March 9.—The annual meeting of the Commercial Association was held in the courthouse Wednesday night. The reports of the secretary and treasurer for the past year were filed, but not read, owing to the lateness of the hour. The secretary reported six new members during the past month.

The following officers were elected to serve during the ensuing year: President, M. C. Guthrie; first-vice-president, Robt. W. Davis; second vice-president, Chas. E. Gause; secretary, C. L. Stevens; treasurer, Thos. B. Carr; executive committee, S. B. Northrup, J. Berg, C. Ed. Taylor, F. P. Crockett, Geo. H. Gray, Jas. B. Ruark and Geo. H. Ruark.

Prof. N. H. Walker, State Inspector of High Schools, made an address at the courthouse last night.

Owing to continued high winds there has been little work done toward attempting to float the fish boat Austin. Parties interested in the saving of the Austin are still here.

Kinston, N. C., March 9.—Richard Winfield, colored, pleading self-defense, was found not guilty of the murder of another negro by a Superior court jury at Jacksonville, Onslow county, yesterday.

How do they wait for YOU?

HOW about *your* wife? Does she listen for your home-coming footsteps and anxiously wonder if you are sober? And *your* children. As you open the door do they run *to* you or are they afraid?

There would be no doubt of your glad welcome home if your craving for strong drink were gone. Happiness or sorrow, which do you choose?

At Greensboro, N. C., four weeks of the Keeley Treatment will take away all your desire for liquor—without suffering, or confinement or any humiliation. And more!—there is a spirit of sympathy and comradeship about the place that helps, and gives the backing a man needs.

Take the case of C. R. Brady of Conover, N. C. who writes:

"Before I went to you I was a physical wreck from whiskey and cigarettes, and almost lost morally. My nerves racked me; I weighed only 130 lbs. and did not know what a good night's rest was. Now, three years after taking the Treatment, I am a picture of health, weighing 165 lbs., my nerves are steady and I sleep like a child. And better still—my home is once more a happy place."

The Keeley Institute of Greensboro has a record of nearly ten thousand cases treated and over 90% of these cured. It's a record that is a marvel in medical history. Write us about your case now—frankly and in confidence.

The Keeley Institute

Greensboro, North Carolina

W. H. Osborne, Pres. C. D. Cunningham, Mgr.

THEATRICAL

Today the Military Maids Company put on what is positively their greatest show for the week. Contrary to the usual custom it is the policy of this company to start with their weakest bill, gradually bringing it up to a great climax for the latter part of the week. This plan makes it impossible for anyone to be disappointed with any of their shows later in the week.

For today and tomorrow they will present "Cafe La Chanta", a rattling musical comedy sketch introducing some new and novel comedy situations. The Military Maids Company—everyone—is an accomplished vaudeville artist, and for today and tomorrow there will be five of the greatest vaudeville acts ever seen at the Victoria, leading off, of course, with a new and wonderful acrobatic contortionist performance by Wallace and Beech, with a new and laughable act by Jack Miller, new specialty singing and dancing numbers by Miss Gladys Clark and Miss Ethel Beech, assisted by the chorus in novel costumes.

Tonight the biggest Country Store event that Wilmington has ever witnessed. A new system, whereby there will be no drag to the event, will guarantee that it will pass off quickly, and the range of valuable articles is much greater than last week. Values range all the way from $10 down to 25 cents—nothing under a quarter in value.

Tomorrow afternoon, in addition to the children's matinee, the management has secured, by request of Professor Blair, a notable two-reel production "The Spirit of Audubon," a beautiful drama study of bird life, starring some big stars, a feature made through cooperation with the Audubon Society, and containing many beautiful scenes and incidents. Five cents admission to the school children, and the house should be crowded!

"Thou Art the Man."

The Bible has been responsible for the themes of many great screen successes. The latest feature film that owes its origin to the Biblical text is the great Vitagraph Blue Ribbon feature, "Thou Art the Man," and the manner in which it was written will cause added interest to the film. It has been booked for presentation at the Royal tomorrow, starring Miss Virginia Pearson, Joseph Kilgour and a notable cast of Vitagraph stars.

Propped up on her death-bed, with life ebbing fast away, with blindness clouding her view of the things around her, George Cameron, novelist and playwright, dictated the plot of a remarkably dramatic story, suggested to her from the Bible—her most comforting companion in her last moments. In this manner did George Cameron, who was Mrs. Sidney Drew, pass into the Great Beyond. She left as her heritage to coming generations, a story that her son, S. Rankin Drew, has told through the medium of motion pictures, produced for the Vitagraph Company of America.

Anna Little at Bijou.

"Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friend."

Ben Wolf, gambler, outlaw and general all-round bad man, wandered into the town's sole church during Sunday service, happened across this chapter from the Good Book. For the first time he realized that the life he had been leading for years wasn't the only thing worth while in the world. And Ben Wolf, strange to say, was falling in love.

Between the two, the bad man's reformation was accomplished. Then, when the supreme moment came, Wolf was ready. This, in brief, is the basis of "According to St. John," a throbbing three-act tale of regeneration in the Western country, starring Anna Little and Jack Richardson, a Mustang-Mutual feature, which heads today's big bill at the Bijou. It is a story filled with suspense, a vital, red-blooded drama of love, crime and self-sacrifice, starring the pretty star of "The Black Box" in one of her greater roles.

Another great feature today will be one of those inimitable Keystone laugh makers, a full reel of guffaws.

"Girl and the Game" Today.

Today the seventh great chapter of "The Girl and the Game" at the Grand That means capacity crowds all day, and when we state that the seventh chapter is the greatest yet, it is absolutely not stretching the truth a particle. The title of this chapter is "Spike's Awakening," and it depicts the first turn of the tide in favor of the dauntless Helen Holmes, when "Spike", her erstwhile enemy, comes to her rescue, and probably saves her life. It is a thriller right from the first flash and right up to the end will not allow interest to lag for a single minute.

Helen Holmes pulls off two of the most dangerous stunts she has yet shown on the screen in this chapter, and they are absolutely so big that descriptions are futile. But you'll be there to see it, so what's the use of going into details?

Another big feature on today's bill is a big Cub comedy feature, 'Jerry's Millions" starring that "funniest man in America", George Ovey, in the leading role.

There will also be a great Keystone scream, one that alone is worth the price of admission.

Novelty at the Royal.

Today the Royal presents what is absolutely a novelty in the photoplay world—something approaching which no previous attempt of any producer has any ways near approached. It is absolutely revolutionary, entirely different from anything you have ever seen in a photoplay.

"The Nature Man" is the title, and the sub-title is "A Struggle for Existence." It depicts the remarkable feat of Joe Knowles, "nature man," who answered the hankering to throw off the shackles of conventional man and return to the modus vivendi of the primordial man and live the wild, free existence of the forest and stream. So Joe Knowles entered the unbroken forest, in the wilds of the Sierra Nevada mountains and into the trackless forests of Maine without shelter, without tools or food, to grapple with the wild beasts of the wilds for an existance.

From the exciting adventures of Knowles while living as a primitive man, the Universal has made a five-reel film, which is undoubtedly one of the greatest novelties ever presented on the screen. It is the most fascinating and at the same time instructive reproduction of the conquest of nature that has ever been shown. All lovers of the woods will marvel at the beauty and splendor of the inspiring ranges of the California mountains. Bare handed the hero of this venturesome experiment hews a home in the wilderness, tackles fierce animals without weapons and makes clothes from their skins. Knowles emerged from the forest on October 4th, 1913. This is a feature that should be seen by everyone, and the management personally guarantees everyone to be satisfied.

STREET PAVING DISCUSSED

Mr. MacRae Doubts if Princess Street Improvement Would be Wise—Mr. Bellamy Wants Hotel.

While the improvement of Princess street would be an advantage to the city of Wilmington in many ways, there are many other things that may be done that might prove to be much more so in the opinion of Mr. Hugh MacRae, president of the Tidewater Power Company, who pointed out some of the things that he considers more desirable just now, in a short talk before the Chamber of Commerce at its regular monthly meeting yesterday afternoon.

President Hall, who presided at the meeting, which was not a largely attended one, called attention to the agitation recently started for improving Princess street and asked Mr. Roger Moore to explain just what is proposed to be done. Mr. Moore stated that had not already been pointed out but that among other things the street was the main outlet to Wrightsville Beach and as such was doubtless viewed by more visitors than any other street in the city. In conclusion he stated that it was the most logical street in the city to improve now as the Tidewater Power Company, whose lines extend the entire length of the street, would have to pay half of the expense.

Could Use Money Better.

This brought Mr. MacRae to his feet immediately. That the money it would take to improve the street could be used by the Tidewater where it would do the city ten times as much good was his opinion. He mentioned among other things the development at Oleander and the improvements around Audubon and the building of a causeway across Wrightsville Sound to the "Hammocks." The Tidewater is also trying to develop a manufacturing suburb which would be of much greater benefit.

While visitors to the city do travel the street a great deal in going to the beach, they see little of the street, he declared, but what they do see is a cluster of negro houses. He thought the improvement of the street would be of more benefit to private interests than to the city.

Continuing he stated that the Tidewater Power Company has just put in a waiting room at Front and Princess streets and is spending a number of thousands of dollars in building and improving stations along its suburban lines and is trying to find a way to build an auditorium. While it had been stated that the auditorium would cost $5,000, investigations had shown that it would more likely cost $15,000. He thought that $15,000 invested in an auditorium would do more good than paving Princess street.

The Tidewater Power Company had always been in favor of improving the city in every way possible. It now has employed a landscape architect and also a landscape gardener, who are giving freely of their time to helping in beautifying the city.

After Mr. MacRae had spoken, President Hall stated that the matter would be referred to the civic improvement committee and also to the streets and wharves committee for investigation and report.

Wants Tourist Hotel.

Hon. John D. Bellamy declared that while he somewhat coincided with Mr. MacRae in what he had said, he was for improvement. He wanted to see the city continue to grow and develop. He had seen it grow from a population of 7,000 to 30,000. He had watched with interest the growth and development of the car lines. He would like to have both the auditorium and also to see Princess street paved.

However, in his opinion a more pressing need was for a tourist hotel. He thought that this was a proposition in which all the citizens should join in and help to make a success. It would bring to the city men and women with money, who would invest it here and help to develop the city. The climate here is as inviting as anywhere and with proper facilities, winter tourists, who now go elsewhere, would come here and would spend their money. He urged that some steps be taken immediately. The proposition had been discussed many times but nothing had ever been done. He thought the time was ripe for action.

President Hall referred Mr. Bellamy's suggestion to the Business Enterprise committee for investigation and report.

More Trains Needed.

J. G. McCormick, for the traffic committee, urged that steps be taken for securing better passenger train service on the Seaboard. The Wilmington branch of the U. C. T. recently went on record as favoring a train leaving Wilmington about 8 A. M., reaching Hamlet at noon and returning arrive here at 5 P. M. This would enable connections to be made at Hamlet and would also help to improve the present train service by relieving the present trains from making connections at Hamlet. He understood that Charlotte was working for such a train service and he thought that the time was ripe for the Chamber of Commerce to take up the matter. He moved the appointment of a sub-committee to take up the matter and this was adopted and President Hall will appoint the committee.

GREAT BRITAIN ASKED FOR COPY OF THE INSTRUCTIONS.

May be Given Chance to Answer German Charges in Latest Note.

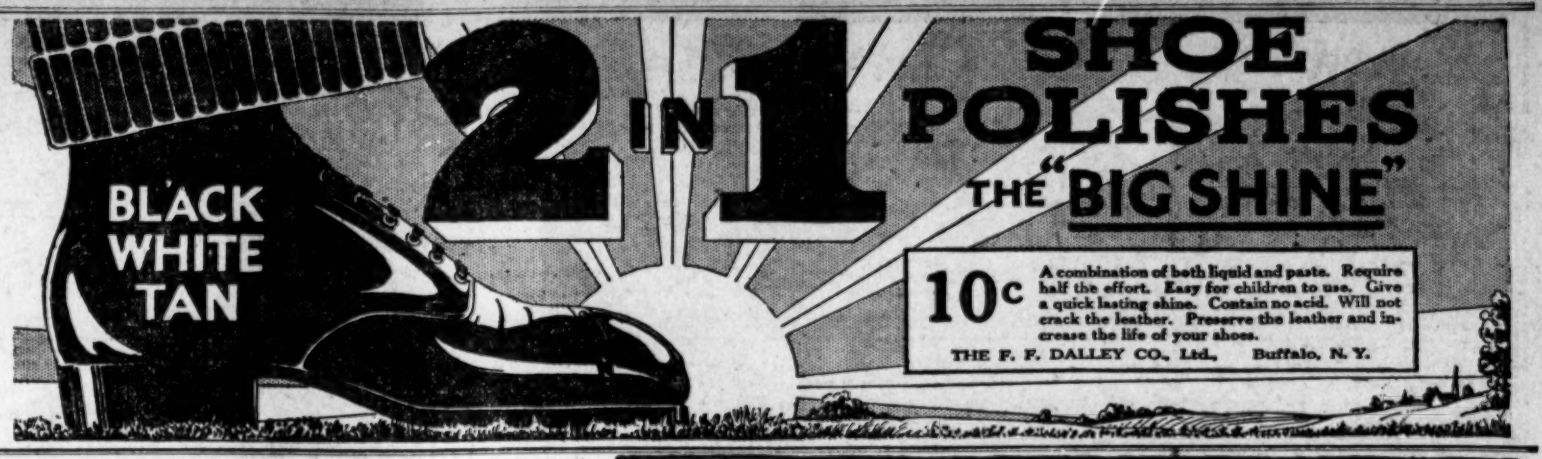
Washington, March 9.—The United States has asked Great Britain for a copy of the confidential instructions to commanders of British merchant vessels which Germany claims prove that merchantmen armed ostensibly for defensive purposes have orders to act offensively against German and Austrian submarines. The request is understood to have been made today through Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador.

This is the first step the United States has taken since administration officials begun studying the complete memorandum, in which Germany announced its intention to treat as warships armed merchantmen of the Entente Allies.

NO RECOMMENDATION MADE IN MARSHALL INVESTIGATION

Sub-Committee Presents Evidence in Report to Committee.

Washington, March 9.—The House Judiciary sub-committee, which recently held hearings at New York in connection with Representative Buchanan's impeachment charges against United States Attorney Marshall, made its report to the full committee today, submitting evidence developed without recommendation. Chairman Carlin, of the sub-committee, also presented the letter written to him by Mr. Marshall attacking the motives of the investigators. There was some talk of contempt proceedings, but the committee adjourned without action to take up the case again next Tuesday.


BLACK
WHITE
TAN
2 IN 1
SHOE POLISHES
THE "BIG SHINE"
10c
A combination of both liquid and paste. Require half the effort. Easy for children to use. Give a quick lasting shine. Contain no acid. Will not crack the leather. Preserve the leather and increase the life of your shoes.
THE F. F. DALLEY CO., Ltd., Buffalo, N. Y.

GRATIFYING REPORTS MADE

Meeting of Board of Directors of Young Women's Christian Association Pleased With the Work.

The reports of the different departments of the association which were heard by the board of directors at their monthly meeting yesterday were very gratifying and showed that the organization is now entering upon the most useful period of its history.

Miss Anna Troutt, the popular and efficient secretary, gave a full and comprehensive resume of the activities of the past month, showing with what spirit and interest all the members had joined in the Jubilee services which were observed in common with 979 associations throughout the world. It was indeed a most inspiring report and the directors were pleased to find that so much had been done.

The treasurer reported that the total receipts for the month, including the payment of a number of subscriptions, were $1,898.78, while the disbursements were $756.49.

Mrs. George Peschau, chairman of the Finance committee, reported that from the fiance campaign pledges and cash were received for a total amount of $2,872. The committee is working this month to secure subscriptions from old subscribers, who were not seen last month.

Mr. Robert Ruark, chairman of the religious work committee, told of the different services held during the month—especially of the closing jubilee services on March 3rd. All pledges for the Grace Dodge Memorial fund must be in by next Tuesday, quite a neat sum having already been paid in.

Mrs. C. R. Humphreys for the physical committee, reported that there were 138 enrolled in gymnasium classes. The physical and educational committees are arranging for a choral club, open to all members of the Y. W. C. A., which will be directed by Mr. Christie.

Miss Wilhelmina Harlowe, for the social committee, told of the banquet given last month. The Extension committee, of which Mrs. Walter Sprunt is chairman, is doing most efficient work. A new gymnasium class for girls in the Southern part of the city has just been organized.

Mrs. W. H. Pemberton, for the house committee, reported that the past month had been the best in the history of the association. There were 1,435 meals served and net profit of $34.77 was made.

ONE ALLEGED PICKPOCKET AT RALEIGH IS IDENTIFED

Automobile From Virginia With 400 Pints Whiskey Captured.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 9. — Chief of Detectives Jones arrived tonight from Asheville and positively identified George Thompson, the alleged pickpocket, as E. McNeelis, who is wanted in Asheville to answer thirteen counts for housebreaking.

McNeelis is also being held under a warrant from Durham for picking the pocket of W. A. Guthrie. It has not been decided yet whether the Raleigh authorities will deliver McNeelis to Asheville or to Durham, for his first trial. The police are weaving a net of evidence about all four of the pickpocket suspects.

The Raleigh police captured an automobile tonight laden with four hundred pints of whiskey that had been brought from a Virginia city not yet specified for a Raleigh blind tiger.

The machine was driven by Frank King, who assumed all responsibility, although there were two other young men in the machine with him. King gave $500 bond for appearance tomorrow. The police took charge of the automobile, pending an investigation as to its confiscation.

Washington, March 9.—American shippers are warned in a dispatch to the State Department today from Ambassador Sharp, at Paris, that navigation on the Turkish coast of Asia Minor and Syria is made dangerous by the presence of submerged mines.

Do Something for your Cold.

Do not let it wear you out and encourage sickness. Take Dr. King's New Discovery. You will get instant relief.

Most of us neglect coughs and colds. We brush suggestions aside with the remark "I'll be better soon," and oftentimes we do get better. However, when that cough or cold gets a hold, it usually means annoyance, interference with our work and often a spell of sickness follows. Isn't it better *immediately* to check that cold and ease the cough? Dr. King's New Discovery does it! Search as you will, you will not find a better remedy.

Dr. King's New Discovery is made of Pine Tar mixed with soothing balsams and laxatives. It's antiseptic and kills the germs, allays the cold-fever and soothes the irritated, inflamed throat. The very first dose gives you relief. You cough with less strain. And if you have a hacking or dry night cough, grateful relief follows and you soon drop into a restful and refreshing sleep. Get a bottle to-day and let Dr. King's New Discovery be your cold and cough doctor. At all druggists.

BIJOU

ANNA LITTLE

Starring with Handsome Jack Richardson, in

"According To St. John"

A throbbing Tale of Regeneration in the Western Country—A Vital, Red-Blooded Drama of Love, Crime and Self-Sacrifice. Three Reels.

Another Feature is a Rousing

KEYSTONE

Comedy Scream!

FISK NON-SKID

1916 Will Be A Fisk Non-Skid Year Like 1915—Will You Be A Fisk User?

The unprecedented demand for this **quality** tire at **low prices** continues. It still costs less than the smooth tread tires of many other standard makes.

With **Fisk Free Service** in more than 100 Fisk Branches it is **the greatest tire buy of the year.**

Compare These Fisk Prices
Grey Non-Skid Casings and Tubes

Size	Casing	Tube
3 x 30	10.40	2.60
3½ x 30	13.40	2.95
4 x 33	22.00	4.25
4½ x 35	31.20	5.55
4½ x 36	31.55	5.70
5 x 37	37.30	6.90

Fisk Tires For Sale By

T. D. PINER
Wilmington

GRAND

THE GIRL AND THE GAME

Seventh Great Chapter, Entitled

Spike's Awakening"

A THRILL IN EVERY FLASH!

GEORGE OVEY
In a Great Cub Comedy,
"Jerry's Millions"

Also a Great
KEYSTONE
Comedy.

VICTORIA
----FAMILY THEATRE----

Today and Tomorrow—Matinees, 3; 10c, 20c. Night, 7:30 and 9, 10c, 20c, 30c.

THE MILITARY MAIDS CO.
Present Their Very Greatest Bill
"CAFE LA CHANTA"

Big New Specialties, by Wallace and Beach, Miss Gladis Clark, Miss Ethel Beech, Jack Miller and the Chorus.

Country Store Tonight

The Greatest Event of the Kind Ever Pulled Off in Wilmington! No Hitch! No Drag!

Tomorrow
Children's Five-Cent Matinee
ADDED ATTRACTION
"The Spirit of Audubon," Two-Reel Special Feature Picture, by Request of Prof. Blair!

THE ROYAL
"Wilmington's Modern Movie"

SHOWS START
11:00 A. M.
12:30 P. M.
2:00 "
3:30 "
5:00 "
6:30 "
8:00 "
9:30 "

"The Nature Man"
or
"A Struggle for Existence"

That Magnificent Universal Photographic Achievement, Man's Victory Over Nature's Forces

THE FILM OF A THOUSAND WONDERS

IN FIVE ACTS.

A Picture that will thrill, delight and amaze you. Joe Knowles, the Nature Man, enters the primeval wilds without tools, weapons or provisions, and by the mastery of human intelligence, and sheer brute force, overcomes the forces of Nature. He captures and kills wild beasts, makes clothing and shelter.

BUILD FIRE BY FRICTION
BUILD A SHELTER HUT
MAKE ROPES AND FISH NETS OF BARKS
SNARE RABBITS, BEAR, MOUNTAIN LION, ETC.
TREE AND CAPTURE A BEAR
ETC., ETC.

MAGNIFICENT SCENERY IN SIERRA NEVADA MOUNTAINS

INDIA is the place.
JOSEPH KILGOUR, the world man;
VIRGINIA PEARSON, the wife;
S. RANKIN DREW, the husband.

Royal Tomorrow

You Are the Judge

It is "up to you" to decide whether

Twice Usual Wear or Another Pair

True Shape Socks for Men

Silk Fibre 25¢ Silk Lisle 25¢ Pure Silk 50¢

give you twice the average wear you have obtained heretofore. We would not make this offer—we could not make this offer, were we not sure True Shape Socks will "make good."

Guaranteed by your dealer and the factory.

True Shape Hosiery Co., Pa.

Everybody Reads the Star Business Locals

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

SHARP ADVANCE IN COTTON

General List Closes Steady at Net Gain of 21 to 28 Points—May Quotations at 11.89; Spot 11.90.

New York, March 9.—There was a very sharp advance in the cotton market here today, May selling up 11.95, or 29 points above last night's final figures, and closing at 11.89. The general list closed very steady at a net gain of 21 to 28 points.

Liverpool was hardly up to expectations and March opened at a decline of one point, but other months were 1 to 9 points higher and active positions quickly sold 9 to 12 points above last night's close. May and July sold readily at the advance, but reactions of 3 or 4 points were followed by renewed firmness and the demand became more active during the afternoon. The best prices of the day were reached in the late trading, when July sold at 12.13; October at 12.28, and the general list showed net gains of from 27 to 29 points. Realizing caused reactions of 3 or 4 points on the more active positions during the last few minutes. Some attributed the advance chiefly to covering by Wall street sellers on the better view of the international situation while others emphasized the renewed steadiness of Southern spot markets, reports of an improved trade demand and reports in opposition to recent predictions of a material increase in the Texas acreage.

Liverpool houses were among the buyers on the late advance. Futures closed very steady.

	Open	High	Low	Close
May	11.66	11.95	11.66	11.89
July	11.90	12.13	11.90	12.08
October	12.05	12.28	12.05	12.23
December	12.26	12.45	12.25	12.41
January	12.35	12.50	12.34	12.47

Spot cotton steady; middling uplands 11.90; sales 200 bales.

PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling, 11.63; receipts, 2,688; sales, 3,485; stock, 377,631.

Galveston—Middling, 12.10; receipts, 5,917; sales, 250; stock, 320,708.

Mobile — Middling, 11.38; receipts, 175; sales, 375; stock, 20,568.

Savannah—Middling, 11.88; receipts, 873; sales, 1,980; stock, 182,424.

Charleston—Middling, 11½; receipts, 133; stock, 74,096.

Wilmington—Receipts, 43; stock, 51,-031.

Norfolk—Middling, 11.44; receipts, 991; exports, 325; sales, 274; stock, 116,-942.

Baltimore—Stock, 5,937.

Boston — Middling, 11.65; receipts, 68; stock, 13,600.

Philadelphia — Middling, 12.15; receipts, 46; stock, 1,725.

New York—Middling, 11.90; exports, 1,252; stock, 307,820.

Minor Ports—Stock, 28,374.

Total today—Receipts, 10,934; exports, 1,577; stock, 1,499,856.

Total for week—Receipts, 79,017; exports, 81,507.

Total for season—Receipts, 5,703,097; exports, 3,634,251.

Interior Movement.

Houston — Middling, 12.00; receipts, 2,337; shipments, 5,067; sales, 3,289; stock, 144,361.

Memphis — Middling, 11.75; receipts, 1,765; shipments, 2,621; sales, 1,250; stock, 260,453.

Augusta — Middling, 11.69; receipts, 404; shipments, 553; sales, 1,182; stock, 153,264.

St. Louis — Middling, 11⅝; receipts, 3,253; shipments, 3,403; stock, 19,272.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 553; shipments, 473; stock, 18,323.

Little Rock—Middling, 11.75; receipts, 204; shipments, 269; sales, 269; stock, 37,123.

Dallas—Middling, 11.60.

Montgomery—Middling, 11.25; sales, 343.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, March 9. — Cotton, spot, steady; good middling, 8.03; middling, 7.76; low middling, 7.46; sales, 6,000; for speculation and export, 500. No receipts. Futures quiet. March, 7.57½; March-April, 7.57½; April-May, 7.57½; May-June, 7.57½; June-July, 7.57; July-August, 7.56½; August-September, 7.51; September-October, 7.42; October-November, 7.39; November-December, 7.35½; December-January, 7.33; January-February, 7.31; February-March, 7.32; March-April, 7.32.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, March 9. — Beeves—No trading.

Calves—Firm. Veals, 9.00@13.00; culls, 7.00@8.00; barn yard calves, 5.00@5.75; fed calves, 6.00@8.00.

Sheep and Lambs — Steady. Sheep, ewes, 5.50@8.00; culls, 4.00@5.00; lambs, 10.00@11.75.

Hogs—Firm. Light to heavy, 9.00@9.70; roughs, 8.25@8.50; pigs, 8.50@8.75.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, March 9. — Turpentine, firm, 48¼@49; sales, 203; receipts, 40; shipments, —; stock, 10,074.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 717; receipts, 400; shipments, —; stock, 85,109. Quote: A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, 5.10; K, 5.15; M, 5.35; N, 5.45 to 5.50; W G, 5.65@5.70; W W, 5.80 to 5.85.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

Firmness of Spots Outweighs Other Features—Rise of 25 to 28 Points.

New Orleans, March 9.—Firmness of spots outweighed all unfavorable features in the cotton market today and sent prices of contracts up 25 to 28 points, at the highest levels. The gain was well maintained until the close in the face of some little realizing. Last prices were at a net rise of 22 to 23 points. No attention apparently was paid to the Mexican news by traders.

Spot accounts told of a broader demand both here and in the interior and a particularly keen demand from foreign sources. English and Japanese buyers were reported as competing with each other. The demand was met by light offerings, renewed firmness on the part of holders and higher prices, both here and in the interior. Locally, quotations were advanced 13 points to 11.63 for middling, half a cent above the level reached when the bear movement was at its height a few weeks ago.

Market closed steady. Closing bid: May 11.68; July 11.93; October 12.03; December 12.16; January 12.27.

Spot cotton firm, 13 points up; sales on the spot 1,610 bales; to arrive 1,875 bales; middling 11.63.

GRAIN REPORT FOR STATE

Government Estimates for North Carolina of Stocks on Farms Compared With Past Two Years.

Washington, March 9.—A summary of the March crop report for the State of North Carolina as compiled by the Bureau of Crop Estimates (and transmitted through the Weather Bureau), United States Department of Agriculture, is as follows:

Wheat—Estimated stocks on farms March 1 this year 2,690,000 bushels, compared with 2,126,000 bushels a year ago and 1,982,000 bushels two years ago. Price on March 1 to producers, $1.35 per bushel, compared with $1.50 per bushel a year ago and $1.10 a bushel two years ago.

Corn—Estimated stocks on farms March 1 this year, 30,700,000 bushels, compared with 27,624,000 bushels a year ago and 26,535,000 bushels two years ago. Price March 1 to producers, 87 cents per bushel, compared with 94 cents per bushel a year ago and 93 cents per bushel two years ago.

Corn of merchantable quality—The percentage of the 1915 crop which was of merchantable quality is estimated at 88 per cent, compared with 86 per cent of the 1914 crop and 87 per cent of the 1913 crop.

Oats—Estimated stocks on farms March 1 this year 1,290,000 bushels, compared with 788,000 bushels a year ago and 897,000 bushels two years ago. Price March 1 to producers, 64 cents per bushel, compared with 71 cents per bushel a year ago and 60 cents per bushel two years ago.

MARINE.

Cleared.

Str. Perfection, 1,151 tons, Tarkenton, towing barge 81, Charleston, Standard Oil Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 3,289 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.) 2,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)
STAR OFFICE, March 9.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nominal.
ROSIN—Nominal.
TAR—$1.70-8c
CRUDE TURPENTINE—Nominal.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 41½; rosin, $2.80; tar, $1.50-7c.; crude, $2.75, $2 75, $1.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine .. ..(—)
Rosin .. ..(—)
Tar 42
Crude Turpentine 17

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, (—) casks; rosin, 100 barrels; tar, 177 barrels; crude turpentine, 5 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—11½c. Quotations same day last year, 2½c.

Receipts—115 bales; same day last year, 841 bales.

Total receipts since August 1st, to date, 151,484 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 189,048 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, March 9th

Atlantic Coast Line—115 bales cotton; 42 barrels tar; 17 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—115 bales cotton; 42 barrels tar; 17 barrels crude turpentine.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, March 9.)

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, 55c. to 60c. per bushel.
IRISH POTATOES—$1.00.
CORN—$1.75 per sack.
BEEF—Native dressed, 7@9c; good demand.
PORK—Small, 8@10c. per pound.
WOOL—Burry, 17c to 20c.; first class, 27c.
HIDES—Green salt, 12@13c; dry flint, 17@20c per lb.; good demand.
NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 18c.; sides and shoulders, 14c. to 15c. per pound, good demand.
BEESWAX—Firm, 28c per pound; good demand.
POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 45c to 50c; spring, 20c to 35c head. Geese 55c to 60c per head. Ducks, 35c to 50c owing to quality. Turkeys, 18c per lb., alive.; 20c to 22c dressed.
EGGS—18c. dozen.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, March 9.—North Carolina Peanuts—Market weaker. Fancy hand picked, 75c.; No. 1 machine picked, 70c. per bushel.

Virginia Peanuts — Market weaker. Jumbos, 60c.; fancy hand picked, 55c. No. 1, machine-picked, 50c. per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—Market weaker. No. 1, small, machine picked, 95c.; Jumbos, 85c. per bushel.

Receipts—Light.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., March 9—Spanish—Farmers' stock, market steady. First quality, $1.05 per bu.; green and dirty, 60c. to 75c. per bu

Virginias—Farmers' stock, market steady. Fancy Jumbo, 4c. per lb.; fancy hand picked, 3¾c. per lb.; extra prime, 3½c. per lb.; prime, 3¼c. per lb.; shelling stock, 2½c. to 3c per lb.

NEW YORK PROVISIONS.

New York, March 9. — Raw sugar, firm. Centrifugal 96 test, 5.39; molasses, 4.62; refined, firm.

Coffee—Spot, steady. Rio, No. 7, 9½; Santos, No. 4, 10¼.

Butter—Steady.

Cheese—Firm.

New York, March 9. — Jobbers today reported a steady trade in wash fabrics, *white goods, linens* and dress goods. Primary markets were generally firm, but rather quiet. Yarns were steady. Raw silk was higher with a fair amount of buying reported.

STOCKS RECOVERING LOSSES

Trading Yesterday on Largest and Broadest Scale of Recent Weeks. Entire List Has Part in Rise.

New York, March 9.—Wall street, or at least the speculative fraternity, seemed to have recovered from the alarm, occasioned by recent political and diplomatic controversies, and today's trading was on the largest and broadest scale of recent weeks and almost wholly on a rising scale of values.

The entire list participated in the advance which continued despite considerable realizing for profits.

Specialities again scored the most substantial gains, the metal group being particularly prominent. Shares of the independent steel companies, as well as equipments, motors, oil, fertilizers and mercantile marine, preferred, rose from 2 to almost 5 points, while various sundry issues were appreciably better. Lackawanna steel was foremost of the war stocks, rising 3 3-8 to 78 1-2.

United States Steel gained 1 1-2 to 84 1-2, its strength being attributed to yesterday's announcement of an expansion of the corporation's operations and expectations that tomorrow's tonnage statement for February will show an increase in unfilled orders. Bethlehem Steel rose 7 points to 484. Texas company led the Petroleums, which were unaffected by reports of further disturbances of Mexican origin. Rails were higher by 1 to 2 points, with the exception of New Haven, which was weak in the early trading, but recovered later.

Germany's declaration of war against Portugal became known in the final hour and cotnributed to the general shading of prices toward the end. Total sales amounted to 710,000 shares.

Exchange on Germany fell to a new low rate of 72 3-8.

Bonds were irregular, with total sales, par value, of $2,400,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers	30
American Beet Sugar	69¼
American Can	60
American Car and Foundry	69¼
American Cotton Oil	B. 52
American Locomotive	70⅞
American Smelting	101
American Sugar	109
American Tel. and Tel	127⅞
American Tobacco	199⅝
Anaconda Copper	87¼
Atchison	102⅞
Atlantic Coast Line	B 109
Baldwin Locomotive	105⅛
Baltimore and Ohio	87⅜
Bethlehem Steel	484
Brooklyn Rapid Transit, ex. div.	85½
Canadian Pacific	165½
Central Leather	53⅜
Chesapeake and Ohio	61⅜
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	93½
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry	17
Consolidated Gas	133½
Continental Can	82½
Crucible Steel	82
Erie	37
General Electric	170
Great Northern, pfd	121⅜
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	43¼
Illinois Central	102
Interborough Consol. Corp	17
Kansas City Southern	25⅜
Lehigh Valley	78¼
Louisville and Nashville	122
Liggett and Meyers	B. 250
Lorillard Co	B. 196
Missouri, Kansas and Texas, pfd	11
Missouri Pacific	4⅜
Mexican Petroleum	102
National Lead	68½
New York Central	104½
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	66
Norfolk and Western	117
Northern Pacific	112¾
Pennsylvania	56½
Reading	84½
Rep. Iron and Steel	52⅜
Seaboard Air Line	15½
Seaboard Alf Line, pfd	B. 35
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	56
Studebaker Corp	141¼
Southern Pacific	97½
Southern Railway	20⅜
Southern Railway, pfd	59
Tennessee Copper	57
Texas Co	207
Texas and Pacific	7
Union Pacific	132⅛
United States Rubber	50⅛
United States Steel	83¾
United States Steel, pfd	116½
Utah Copper	85⅝
Virginia-Caro. Chem	44
Wabash, Pfd., "B" Ctfs	26½
Western Union	90
Westinghouse Electric	64½
United Fruit	144
Kennecott Copper	57⅛

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat Prices Go Higher, Because of Recent Persistent Selling.

Chicago, March 9. — Assertions that the bearish showing of the government crop report had been more than discounted by persistent selling for weeks past, led today to higher prices for wheat. The market, although unsettled at the close, was ½ to ⅝@⅝c. up with May at 1.11⅝@⅛ and July at 1.09½.

Corn gained ⅛ to ¾ net, and oats a shade to ⅛ and provisions 17 to 52c.

Grain and provisions closing:

Wheat—May, 1.11⅝; July, 1.09½.
Corn—May, 75; July, 75⅝.
Oats—May, 43½; July, 41⅝.
Pork—May, 22.70; July, 22.60.
Lard—May, 11.00; July, 11.22.
Ribs—May, 12.07; July, 12.20.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.13¾; No. 3, red, nominal; No. 2, hard, 1.11⅝@1.12½; No. 3, hard, 1.06½@1.11½.

Corn—No. 2, yellow, nominal; No. 4, yellow, 69@70; No. 4, white, 63@69.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 9. — Hogs—Easy. Bulk, 9.55@9.75; light, 9.20@9.70; mixed, 9.35@9.80; heavy, 9.25@9.80; rough, 9.25@9.45; pigs, 7.75@8.90.

Cattle—Unsettled. Native beef cattle, 7.50@9.90; stockers and feeders, 3.85@8.00; cows and heifers, 3.50@8.60; calves, 8.50@11.25.

Sheep—Firm Wethers, 8.25@8.50; ewes, 6.00@8.60; lambs, 8.50@11.55.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, March 9 — Mercantile paper, 3@3¼; Sterling sixty day bills, 4.71; demand, 4.76⅛; cables, 4.76¾. Bar silver, 56¾; Mexican dollars, 43⅞; government bonds, steady; *railroad bonds*, irregular; time loans, steady; sixty and ninety days, 2¾@3; six months, 3@3¼; call money, firm; ruling rate, 2¼.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

March 10, 1916.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours enging at 8 P. M. yesterday:.

Temperature at 8 A. M., 30 degrees; at 8 P. M., 41 degrees; maximum, 47 degrees; minimum, 29 degrees; mean, 38 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00 inch; rainfall for the month to date, 2.35 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M. yesterday, 12.4 feet; falling.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina: Fair, warmer Friday. Saturday fair.

The Port Calendar, March 10, 1916.

Sun rises .. ..6:29 A. M.
Sun sets .. ..6:15 P. M.
Day's length .. .. .11 hrs. 46 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	2:14	2:36	9:40	9:42
Southport	12:00	12:14	6:35	6:42
Masonboro Inl	11:49	12:03	6:15	6:22

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS
March 9, 1916.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 p.m.
Abilene	cldy	74	42	.0
Asheville	clear	38	18	.0
Atlanta	clear	46	22	.0
Augusta	clear	52	26	.0
Baltimore	clear	38	—	.0
Birmingh	clear	54	32	.0
Boston	clear	32	22	.01
Charleston	clear	50	30	.0
Charlotte	clear	48	22	.0
Chicago	cldy	44	20	.0
Galveston	clear	68	58	.0
Jacksonv.	clear	56	34	.0
Memphis	pt cldy	54	40	.0
Mobile	clear	54	40	.0
Montgom'y	clear	54	34	.0
New Orl	clear	62	44	.0
New York	clear	32	16	.0
Oklahoma	pt cldy	60	40	.0
Palestine	clear	72	44	.0
Pittsburg	cldy	30	16	.01
Raleigh	clear	46	26	.0
Savannah	clear	50	30	.0
Shreveport	cldy	66	46	.0
St. Louis	pt cldy	52	28	.0
Washing'n	clear	40	22	.0

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, March 9.—Cotton seed oil scored further substantial price gains today on covering of belated shorts and local professional buying on the decided strength in lard and kindred markets, small crop talk and advancing crude. Fnal prices were 8 to 19 points net higher. Sales, 19,900 barrels

Closed steady. Spot, 10.45@10.70; March, 10.46@10.49; April, 10.40@10.50; May, 10.44@10.45; June, 10.35@10.39; July, 10.34@10.35; August, 10.27@10.34; September, 10.26@10.27; October, 9.34@9.38. Total sales, 19,900.

DON'T BE EXTRAVAGANT.

"Live Within Your Income," Keynote of Thrift Movement.

"Live within your income" is the keynote of the great nation wide thrift movement, and be not so wasteful.

The strength of Rome lay not in the time when Romans were extravagantly spending their millions in feasts and games; when people were flocking from the country to the city; when Romans were too lazy even to play their own games, but hired gladiators not only to play, but to die, for their amusement; it lay not in the time when the young Roman millionaires spent their time at the baths and in feeding on nightingales' tongues and on oysters brought in wet moss from the shores of Britain; when $175,000 was paid for roses at a feast, and when her citizen soldiery was replaced by hirelings, but in the time when the Roman farmer was its citizen and statesman and depended not upon the hired others, but upon himself, for performing the duties of the family and the state.

The entire world at the beginning of the present war started to save money. It is a curious fact that such a destructive process as war sometimes is a benefit to a nation. It increases the total efficiency, and it increases the total saving. Let America be not too free to cast criticisms upon our foreign warring sister nations. It may be that the increased thrift and the increased efficiency and the increased strength of character brought about by this great crisis, so affecting the nations of Europe, will do for them as they did for us in our civil war—produce characteristics and produce men and women that in the years following the war may offset the enormous waste and destruction brought about by it.

No amount of wealth will replace character. Wealth will never take the place of personal righteousness, but the characteristics of thrift and economy will do more than anything else to bring back the type of American that made New England, and that makes any nation, strong and great. And by what we save only can we measure our future wealth, whether as individuals or as a nation.

AMERICAN ENGRAVERS EXCEL

They Turn Out The Best Plates For Printing Bank Notes.

(Philadelphia Record)

An official of the treasury department assures the friter that not only do American engravers of bank notes excel all others in the artistic quality of their designs, but that they likewise excel in the ingenuity of their provisions against counterfeiting.

Jacob Perkins, of Newburyport, Mass., invented the method of transferring designs from hardened steel plates to steel cylinders and of retransferring to flat plates, thus enabling the engraver to devote the time necessary to accomplish his best work in the original and reproduce it at will. Asa Spencer, another Yankee, contributed another instrument, the geometric lathe, which renders difficult the successful counterfeiting of paper money.

Most European governments depend for the protection of their paper money upon color work. Several of the large banks of issue employ civil engineers in their bureaus of engraving and printing, a proceeding that puzzles American experts, who cannot see the connection between engineering and engraving. Many Italian bank notes are easy to counterfeit. A few years ago the Bank of Spain was obliged to abandon its own plant, since its notes *were* imitated so successfully that the counterfeits were without question accepted by the bank itself. A private concern now does the work.

BRAY BROTHERS
STOCKS & BONDS
GREENSBORO, N. C.

WE OFFER

$10,000 GUILFORD COUNTY, N. C., 5 Per Cent. Coupon Bonds.
$2,000 City of Greensboro, N. C., 6 Per Cent Coupon Bonds.
10 Shares JENNINGS COTTON MILL STOCK, Lumberton, N. C.; Pays 10 Per Cent Dividend.
10 to 25 Shares SOUTHERN UNDERWRITERS, of Greensboro, N. C.
20 Shares ROXBORO COTTON MILLS STOCK, Roxboro, N. C.
10 Shares of GREENSBORO LOAN & TRUST CO. STOCK, Greensboro, N. C.
PRICES AND INFORMATION ON APPLICATION. WRITE US A LINE.

SEND YOUR ORDERS TO US. WE DO IT NOW. WIRE, PHONE OR WRITE US FOR WHAT YOU WANT.

Heavy and Fancy Goods at Wholesale.
SPECIALTIES:
Molasses, Syrup, Rice, Candies, Coffees, Spices, Extracts, Drugs, Teas and Nails.
Call in and See Us, or Write or Wire for Prices.

A. B. Croom, Jr. Company
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.

Bulletin of Round-Trip Fares in Effect from Wilmington.

NEW ORLEANS, LA. $26.75
On sale March 24, 25 and 26th. Limited returning Midnight, April 3rd. Ticket extended to April 15th on payment $1.00.
NEW ORLEANS, LA. $28.65
On sale April 11, 12, 15, 16 and 17th. Limited returning Midnight, April 30th.
ROANOKE, VA. $12.75
On sale March 12, 13 and 14th. Limited returning Midnight, March 21st.
WASHINGTON, D. C. $13.10
On sale April 12, 14 and 16th; limited returning Midnight, May 12th.

For further information call 'phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel Building.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship Cherokee, Fri., March 10th
Steamship Chippewa, Fri., March 17th
Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship Cherokee, Mon., March 13th
Steamship Chippewa, Mon., March 20th
Wilmington to New York.
Steamship Chippewa, Sat., March 11th
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., March 18th
Steamship Chippewa Does Not Carry Passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.,
C. J. BECKER, Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES,
Commercial Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.

General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

BALTIMORE & CAROLINA STEAMSHIP COMPANY
Weekly Sailings Between
BALTIMORE, WILMINGTON, GEORGETOWN and CHARLESTON, S. C.

Sailings form Baltimore every Friday afternoon, 3 o'clock.

Lowest through rates to and from Interior, Eastern and Western points furnished upon application.

Through bills lading issued.

J. LAMBLE DOTEN, Agent.
Office and Piers, foot Grace street 'Phone 482.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Southern Mutual Home and Real Estate Company, in the company's office in the Masonic Temple, Wilmington, N. C., on Thursday, the 23rd day of March, 1916, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of taking action upon a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors on the 15th day of February, 1916, in which it was unanimously resolved that it was advisable and most for the benefit of said corporation that it should be dissolved.

This 23rd day of February, 1916.

J. A. McNORTON, Secretary.
fe 25-fr-4t.

PARAGUAY'S WAR LOSS

Majority of Her Population Wiped Out A Generation Ago.

(Army and Navy Journal)

There is a little South American country called Paraguay. About the time of our Civil War Paraguay boasted a population of 1,200,000 souls. Then the reigning distator plunged her into war with the powerful neighboring countries of Brazil, Argentina and Uruguay. For years Paraguay kept up the unequal struggle, although she was outnumbered 20 to 1. When she finally succumbed in 1870 her population was a little more than 200,000. She had no men left—literally none. Her last levies were composed of tottering old men, boys not out of the nursery and women. This, too, mind you, was warfare in the nineteenth century, not in the Middle Ages; warface with gunpowder, muskets and cannon. Paraguay literally was extinguished on. The proportion of males to females even now is just becoming normal. It shows what even a small country can do if it is ready to sacrifice all for victory and independence.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective Dec. 27, 1915. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS
No. 90. 3:40 A.M. Monday morning only.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connect at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91. 1:15 A.M. [illegible] morning, Saturday only.
No. 51. 5:30 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied, inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	[illegible] 11:59 P. M. Daily.
No. 64. 5:15 A.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65. 6:15 P.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.
No. 48. 7:30 A.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Parlor car, Wilmington to Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman service.	Daily. No. 49. 6:05 P.M.
No 53. 8:45 A.M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52. 3:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 62. 3:25 P.M. Daily.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate stations.	No. 63. 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 55. 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmintogn, August and Atlanta. Pullman cars between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. 12:50 P. M. Daily.
No 59. 6:30 P.M. Tues., Thurs. and Sat. only.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. 10:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs., Sat. only.
No. 42. 6:45 P.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41 9:50 A.M. Daily.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect November 15, 1915.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS

EASTBOUND			WESTBOUND		
Leave Front and for Winter Park	Leave Front and for Wrightsville	Leave Front and for Beach	Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave Beach for Wilmington
.....	.....	.....	a6:26 A. M.	a6:15 A. M.	.....
a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a7:36 A. M.	a7:25 A. M.	.....
6:55 A. M.	6:55 A. M.	b6:55 A. M.	8:01 A. M.	7:50 A. M.	7:40 A. M.
a8:00 A. M.	a8:00 A. M.	.....	a8:41 A. M.	a8:30 A. M.	.....
8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	9:36 A. M.	9:25 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
.....	.....	.....	b10:31 A. M.	b10:20 A. M.	.....
10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	11:06 A. M.	10:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:36 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
b1:00 P. M.	b1:00 P. M.	b1:00 P. M.	b2:06 P. M.	b1:55 P. M.	b1:45 P. M.
a1:10 P. M.	a1:10 P. M.	ae1:10 P. M.	a2:01 P. M.	a1:50 P. M.	a11:45 P. M.
c1:55 P. M.	c1:55 P. M.	.....	a2:36 P. M.	a2:20 P. M.	.....
c d2:35 P. M.	.....	.....	c d3:06 P. M.	.....	.....
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	c3:00 P. M.	.....	.....
3:30 P. M.	.....	.....	4:06 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
c4:10 P. M.	.....	.....	c4:30 P. M.	.....	.....
4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	c5:10 P. M.	.....	.....
c4:50 P. M.	.....	.....	5:36 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	.....	6:11 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	.....
6:10 P. M.	6:10 P. M.	.....	6:51 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	.....
6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	e6:40 P. M.	7:31 P. M.	7:20 P. M.	7:15 P. M.
7:15 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	.....	8:06 P. M.	7:55 P. M.	.....
8:15 P. M.	8:15 P. M.	.....	8:56 P. M.	8:46 P. M.	.....
9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	10:21 P. M.	10:10 P. M.	10:00 P. M.
10:15 P. M.	10:15 P. M.	.....	10:56 P. M.	10:46 P. M.	.....
1:15 P. M.	11:15 P. M.	.....	11:56 P. M.	11:45 P. M.	.....

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess Streets every half hour from 2:00 to 5:00 P. M.
Leave Beach every half hour from 3:45 to 5:45 P. M.

a—Daily except Sundays.
b—Sundays only.
c—Superseded by half hour cars Sund y afternoons.
d—Goes through to Seagate; returning, leaves Seagate at 3:00 P. M.
e—Does not go beyond Station No. 3.
f—Leaves from Station No. 2.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.
(Daily Except Sunday)

Leave Ninth and Orange streets, 3:30 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2:30 to 3:30 P. M.

$26.75 New Orleans
$23.35 Mobile
$23.35 Pensacola
MARDI GRAS

Tickets on sale February 28th to March 6th, inc., limited until March 17th. Extension of final limit may be secured until April 3rd by payment of fee of $1.00 and deposit of ticket with Special Agent.

Through sleeping cars to Atlanta that arrive at 6:10 A. M., and give 50 minutes more for a connection than any other line. For reservations or information,

Telephone 160.

Atlantic Coast Line
"The Standard Railroad of the South."

ATLANTA, GA.,
—via—
SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South.
Shortest and Most Direct Route.
Leave Wilmington .. ..4:00 P. M.
Arrive Atlanta .. ..7:00 A. M.
Making connection for Birmingham, Memphis, Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago.

For further information call 'phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel.

JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

Read Star Business Locals.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South.
Effective January 2nd, 1916.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM WILMINGTON:

No. 13—4:00 P. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR, WILMINGTON TO CHARLOTTE.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE. Open at 10:00 P. M. for Passengers.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS AT WILMINGTON:

No. 14—12:40 P. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON.

No. 20—12:15 A. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON. PASSENGERS MAY REMAIN IN SLEEPER UNTIL 7:00 A. M.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Agent, Orton Building. 'Phone 178.

R. W. WALLACE, C. T. A.
H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A.
Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

J. B. McCABE
Certified Public Accountant
Room 515 Murch. Nat. B

NOT A STORM, BUT A DELUGE OF IRON

Hurled by German Guns Against French at Caures

FIGHTING IS DESCRIBED

"One of the Most Dramatic and Most Glorious Episodes of the Battle of Verdun — Gallantry of French Chasseurs.

Paris, March 9.—An officer who has returned from the Verdun front gave the following description today of the battle for possession of Caures wood:

"The affair of the Caures wood is one of the most dramatic and most glorious episodes of the battle of Verdun. The chasseurs who were charged with defending this part of the sector were under the orders of Lieutenant Colonel Driant. They have added a magnificent page to contemporary history by their unyielding gallantry.

"It was 7:15 in the morning of February 20 when the Germans commenced preparations for their attack. We had then been holding the trenches for four days and our chief, Lieutenant Colonel Driant, was making a tour of inspection. We had one battalion on the firing line and another held in reserve at the Moronat farm. Everybody was immediately on the alert. The bombardment commenced with an unusual violence and our listening posts, according to orders, fell back on the first line where we awaited the attack.

"A storm of iron began to pass over. It was, in fact, more than a storm, it was a deluge. Our shelters, even the best constructed, were demolished. About 11 o'clock the post at which I was was wiped out under the hail of shells, and fourteen chasseurs and one officer were buried in the debris. However, our men did not hesitate, but pressed forward to the aid of their wounded comrades as if it was simply a question of some common accident. Sergeant captain, with some assistance, rescued nine victims and each one courageously prepared again to face the enemy. Under the fire of the enemy, the soldiers labored to reinforce our fortifications in the wood. About 2 o'clock the effects of the bombardment were tremendous. There did not remain a single shelter worthy of the name. The officer next in command to Lieutenant Colonel Driant was seriously wounded, and many of our chasseurs also were stricken.

"About 3 o'clock the enemy's artillery slackened its fire and we no longer suffered so much. The reason of this was that the Germans were about to hurl themselves on Haumont.

"The front ranks of the enemy were dressed in capes somewhat resembling ours and they wore armlets similar to those on our men. This ruse was quickly seen through and they received a warm welcome. However, at the end of a certain tinie they were able to penetrate our first line trenches and establish themselves there. Counter attacks were made by us during the whole night, and after a hot grenade fighting our positions were practicaly maintained.

"On the 22nd the bombardment was resumed with the greatest violence. Our trenches, hammered by shells, were rapidly levelled, the communicating trenches were destroyed and even the wood itself was mowed down in large spaces. However, our chasseurs maintained the same impassibility.

"Toward midday we perceived large parties of the enemy, who, after having advanced toward the wood of Haumont, turned toward the Caures wood with the intention of taking us in the rear. All our telephonic communcations had been destroyed the evening before, and we were no longer able to communicate with the main body of our troops, except by couriers. Many volunteered for this service, but none of them ever returned. The devotion of the chasseurs was inexhaustible in these critical circumstances.

"The German attack increased in violence. A lieutenant sprang to the head of his company to repel the enemy. He was wounded in the hand immediately. He wrapped it in his handkerchief and sprang forward again crying, 'Forword;' a second bullet cut the word short in his mouth. As he fell to the ground, another officer leaped automatically forward to take his place. He had only gone a few yards when a bullet pierced his throat. The enemy, with very superior forces to ours, including an entire new brigade, swept down upon us. From the evening before until the morning, our two battalions had suffered under a most murderous fire. The enemy was endeavoring to turn both our flanks and we fought with all our strength against the encircling movement. About 3:30 p. m. the situation suddenly became critical. The ring was tightening itself around us. The Germans had even brought up a big gun which was bombarding the very heart of our position. It was then that I was called to the post of Lieutenant Colonel Driant.

"Colonel Driant was stationed in the front line, which he had not left since the opening of the attack. He was leaning on his gun, surrounded by Commandant Renouard, Captain Cincent and Captain Hamel. Energetically but calmly he declared to us: 'In a few more moments it will be necessary to die or be taken prisoner.' He waited a little while and added: 'I would prefer to die.' The tears flowed down his cheeks and we all wept.

"The most hardened of our chasseurs present at this scene were overwhelmed by emotion. Commandant Renouard assured himself that there was nothing more in the shelter which could be of any advantage to the enemy. All our archives and our plans had been burned on the 21st, and the order to retreat was given."

OUCH! LAME BACK. RUB LUMBAGO OR BACKACHE AWAY

Rub Pain Right Out With Small Trial Bottle of Old, Penetrating "St. Jacob's Oil."

Kidneys cause Backache? No! They have no nerves, therefore can not cause pain. Listen! Your backache is caused by lumbago, sciatica or a strain, and the quickest relief is soothing, penetrating "St. Jacob's Oil." Rub it right on your painful back, and instantly the soreness, stiffness and lameness disappears! Don't stay crippled! Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacob's Oil" from your druggist and limber up. A moment after it is applied you'll wonder what became of the backache or lumbago pain.

Rub old, honest "St. Jacob's Oil" whenever you have sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism or sprains, as it is absolutely harmless and doesn't burn the skin.

FUNERAL OF MR. CHAS. J. HUSKE

Popular Young Man of Cumberland Laid to Rest—Military Honors.

Fayetteville, N. C., March 9.—Company F, North Carolina National Guard, of which deceased was a sergeant, attended in a body this afternoon the funeral of Mr. Charles J. Huske, who died in Cumberland General Hospital here Wednesday morning. The funeral was held at 3 o'clock, conducted at the Huske home, a few miles west of Fayetteville, by Rev. Archer Boogher, rector of St. John's church, this city, and the burial was in the cemetery at St. Thomas' Episcopal church. A salute was fired over the grave by the military company.

Portland, Ore., March 9.—The first battalion of the 21st United States infantry began preparations today to leave Vancouver barracks on March 20 for San Diego. The troop movement, it is said, has no connection with the Mexican situation.

HELD CAPTIVE BY VILLA NINE DAYS; HUSBAND PROBABLY MURDERED

(Continued from Page One).

also made a prisoner of the Mexican who had been working about the place. A Mexican soldier ordered my husband not to talk. I said to my husband, 'I am sure they intend to kill you.' The soldier told me to shut up and my husband said he thought everything would be all right, if I went into the house. He said it was too cold for the baby outside. So I went into the house, but soon afterward a soldier came in and said my husband wanted to see me. When I went out he told me to leave the baby with the wife of the Mexican who had also been taken prisoner. I did that. The soldier and I went out together after he told me that my husband was at the top of a hill a short distance away.

"The soldier told me to mount behind on his horse. When I refused he put me on one of the pack mules taken from my husband. I was suspicious and said so. I did not see my husband. When I called he did not answer, then I said, 'I am going back to my baby.'

"The soldier replied, 'We have given your baby to a Mexican family.' That made me frantic and I cried, 'I am going back to my baby,' whereupon the soldier drew his sword and declared that if I did he would kill me. I dismounted from the mule, but he forced me back and I knew then I was a prisoner.

"We rode all that night and reached Jiminez, where we made camp for three hours. Three hours was the longest we ever stopped in any 24 until we reached Boca Grande river.

Men Ruled by Fear.

"I saw Villa at Jiminez but he refused to talk to me. 'I am too busy,' he would always say. 'Talk to one of my colonels—that's what they are for.' Throughout all the nine days I was a prisoner I slept only in the saddle or the camp a little while with my head against a tree or stump. The men guarding me treated me well and one of them told me Villa's men did not love him but were ruled entirely by the fear he had instilled in them. Villa was protected from assassins throughout the march by his officers—a score of colonels and generals—and by a picked body of men known as dorados, who camped and rode by themselves."

Mrs. Wright then told of how the meat supply and water gave out during the march northward through the desert region of Chihuahua and how men, their tongues swollen, eyes glazed and thoroughly exhausted, would drop from their horses, only to be beaten and prodded with swords by Villa's officers until they remounted and again joined their countrymen.

"From the first I knew that Villa intended to attack Columbus," Mrs. Wright continued. "It was freely discussed by the men and the officers. Some of the latter told me that Villa intended to kill every American they could find but they pointed to me as an example of their decision not to harm women. Later, as we approached the border from Boca Grande these same officers told me that Villa—his rage growing as he neared the boundary—had declared he would make torches over every woman and child as well as every man in Columbus.

"'He intended,' they said, 'to kill everybody in the United States and would be helped by Japan and Germany.' At Boca Grande I saw evidence of their determination. I did not see three American cowboys named McKinney, Corbett and O'Neill slain, but I saw officers wearing their clothing. That was after Villa had sent out 20 men to break up the Palomas cattle ranch, and round up and supply the hungry column with meat.

Saw American Killed.

"I did see another American killed. He appeared in the road just ahead of the column and a squad took after him. He was trampled down by the horses of a score of men. Then Servantes dragged the American past the company with which I was marching. Servantes drew his revolver and shot him in the neck. The American ran about 40 feet and fell. The Mexicans stripped him of his clothing which they divided. The whole column then rode their horses over him and the last man fired a parting shot into his head. He was nothing more than a pulp.

"When we left Boca Grande I pleaded to be released," Mr. Wright added, "but Servantes, with a smile, told me that instead, he intended to give me a 30-30 rifle and force me to fight with the Mexicans against the gringoes. I told him if he did that I would throw the gun into the river.

"'If you do,' he said, 'I will throw you in after it.'

"I then told him I could die but once and that the first one I would fire upon would be him and then I would try to shoot some other officers.

"Servantes turned to some other officers and said: 'I really believe she would, and I will not give her a rifle.' Then turning to me he said, 'You are the hardest woman I ever saw.' I replied, 'This would make any woman hard.'

"Just before the march for the border began, I spoke to General Villa again, asking him to set me free because I did not want my own countrymen, the American soldiers, firing upon me in the ranks of the Mexicans. But he laughed and said that when we got to Columbus he would give me my papers in the office of the bank there. He also said that the life I had led with his troops was making me fat. 'Your cheeks are rosey and fat' he said. 'Sunburnt and swollen,' I said.

"We left Boca Grande yesterday and crossed the border west of Columbus before 4 o'clock. The officer in charge of the company I was with said, 'We will lay the town in waste,' and Villa said, 'We are to make torches of every man, woman and child to be found.'

Expected Easy Time at Columbus.

"As we entered the ditch leading past the American army camp below Columbus, the captain of my company told me that he and 20 other officers had crossed the border yesterday as spies and found that only a few American soldiers were in camp, that the others were farther west. He added that everybody expected an easy time capturing and burning the town and destroying every American in it. The Mexican inhabitants, he told me, were to be spared.

"I was in the line Villa threw along the railroad tracks after his troops had swept eastward through the United States cavalry. A bullet hit the saddle of my horse as I stood by dismounted behind it. Villa sent his men across the tracks into the town. Soon I saw buildings on fire, then the American troops, apparently got into action and in a little while the Mexicans came back.

"Villa rode among the men cursing and threatening to shoot any man who ran away. An old soldier named Manuel who said he was too sick to fight, had been detailed to guard me, because he had had enough of war, but he was afraid, and I went back with the retreating forces until I reached a point near the house where Mr. Moore was killed and his wife wounded.

"Here Villa came upon me. Again I asked him to set me free. 'You go, you are at liberty.' I went to the Moores' house and found Mr. Moore lying face down on the steps, dead; his wife was in a nearby field wounded. She had seen her husband shot, but did not know he was dead. Some American soldiers came by. They called for an ambulance and I came to Columbus with Mrs. Moore."

Mrs. Wright assisted surgeons who attended Mrs. Moore and in the army camp she again assisted in helping wounded soldiers. She was then taken in charge by Mrs. Slocum who put her to bed, the first bed she had slept in since March 1, and kept her there all day and tonight, letting her rise only to eat a little of what she described as "real feed" and drink a few cups of tea.

"I have had nothing for nine days but mule meat and scorched beef without salt," she said. "You are a real mother," she added, turning to Mrs. Slocum.

Mrs. Wright came from Santa Clara county, Alabama.

SUGGESTIONS MADE BY HEALTH OFFICER

(Continued from Page Five.)

a man who has had engineering experience and capable of handling the technical side of sewer construction and operation and he should have under him competent foremen. A trained official of this kind, working in close conjunction with the Health Department, says Dr. Nesbitt, is the only possible way in which satisfactory results can be obtained.

Dr. Nesbitt also recommends that a complete survey of the water distribution system be made and from this data a map be prepared which will show all mains and laterals, sizes of pipes, location of valves, etc. From this map sectional maps, such as recommended for the Sewerage Department, should be made and bound into books of suitable size for the use of the field force. Dr. Nesbitt says that he is informed that much valuable information concerning the location of important cut-off valves and other appurtenances is not a matter of record in the office and that this information is being held out for some purpose.

Dr. Nesbitt points out that there should be more than one person employed who is competent to make a water connection and states that citizens have been seriously inconvenienced on many occasions by the fact that these connections are in the hands of a single man, who, while entirely competent, is frequently not available through both avoidable and unavoidable circumstances.

Unnecessary expense in pipe and labor to citizens is often caused, Dr. Nesbitt says, because at present he is informed that connections are only made in the small street lines at the end of pipe length. This could be avoided, he says, if the street connection were properly made by cutting through the pipe and inserting the necessary fixture at the point most convenient to the property holder.

Should Have Correlation.

"There has never been any evidence that the work of the field force of the Water Department and the Sewer Department is effectively correlated," Dr. Nesbitt declares. "Many citizens have received sewer service and connection who have had to wait for weeks and months for a water connection." During the first week in January, he states, the inspector of his department reported 30 flush closets which the Sewer Department found had not been connected with the sewer.

The correlation of the work of the Plumbing Inspector of the Health Department and the Water and Sewerage department is absolutely imperative, the report states, and a form is submitted for making this possible.

An inspection service for the water distribution system is recommended and this should be done in connection with the meter reading, meter inspection and meter repair service. The officer in charge of this inspection service should be some person having education, training and experience of an engineer, Dr. Nesbitt states, as the discovery of water wastes, which represent a big loss to the city, usually requires technical skill as does their prevention when discovered.

The operation of the pumping and purification plant is even more technical and difficult, Dr. Nesbitt states. He points out the saving of more than $100 a week recently effected in connection with the chemical treatment of water and calls attention to the changes that have been effected in the physical structure of the plant that are effecting still further savings. "A competent engineer in charge would have secured these changes or would at least have urged them from the beginning of his work," Dr. Nesbitt declares, "and if such a man were in charge now he would be bending his energies to secure the further changes that are necessary."

Skilled Supervision Needed.

Educated and skilled supervision is the greatest need in this department and until it is secured a million dollars worth of public property will continue to be operated at a loss and will suffer deterioration, says Dr. Nesbitt, after pointing out various recommendations that the Health Department has made which have not been carried out because there was no one in charge of the plant who understood their value.

He recommends that Mr. Sweeney be authorized to have the pump at the waterworks station repaired so that it can be run on high duty instead of low duty, as at present, and that a man be employed to operate the pump during the day directly under Mr. Sweeney's supervision and that the present engine room man be replaced by a competent assistant engineer, who can operate the pump on high duty and take responsible charge of the plant at night during Mr. Sweeney's absence. In this way the big pump could be kept going 18 hours out of the 24, instead of ten, as at present, and thus could do the major part of the pumping. This would effect a saving in fuel that would more than care for the extra expense. Under the present system three low duty pumps are used for 14 hours a day.

The remainder of the report has to do with the forms for keeping the records. The report will be gone over carefully by the committee and such suggestions adopted as it is found to be possible. Many of the improvements suggested have already been adopted.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

NEW WAY MARKET — BARGAIN day; 200 bunches extra nice trout, dressed, delivered to your house, 52 cents per bunch; elegant fresh cod fish, oysters, fancy veal chops, 23 cents today only; 300 baskets tomatoes, 45 cents; 700 pecks extra nice King apples, regular price 60 cents peck, today 23 cents per half peck. Get one of our salad folders. 'Phones 816 and 817. W. H. McEachern. mh10-1t

WANTED — GOOD STOUT BOY, 16 TO 18 years old, as help in repair shop. Good chance for good worker. Apply at once 1015 South Front street. C. C. Hopkins. mh10-1t*

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, MODERN conveniences, with good board, private family, married couple or gentlemen. 'Phone 1788-J. mh10-1t*

FOR SALE — TWENTY-ONE EXTRA nice Holstein 2 and 3 year old; fresh and due during March and April. All direct from Wayne county, New York. Priced to sell. W. H. McEachern. 'Phone 816. mh10-1t

FOR EXPERT DETECTIVE SERVICE (correspondence confidential), address MacConnell Detective Bureau, 513-517 Lyric Building, Richmond, Va. mh10-1mo

CROSS TIES — I AM IN THE MAR-ket for several thousand heart pine cross ties, 7 by 9; 8½ feet, delivered on the wharf at Wilmington or on lighters on Cape Fear River and Black River. Address A. A. Clark, Rosindale, N. C. mh10-2t

WANTED — A COMPETENT MALE stenographer. References required. Butters Lumber Company, Boardman, N. C. mh10-7t

LOST — MINK FUR MUFF, ON MA-sonboro Road or between Winter Park and City. Finder please leave at Star office for very liberal reward. mh10-tf

FREE LAND — FIVE TO FIFTY acres, well drained, two miles above Castle Hayne. Will give all pine and oak thereon and use of this excellent land for five years to party agreeing to place land in state of cultivation. Strictly legitimate proposition, open to responsible white or colored person, or will accept bond. Address "Land," Box 581, City. mh10-1t*

WANTED — BIDS FROM GROUND mill men to cut under contract by the thousand into 4-4 and 8-4 boards from four to five million feet hardwood timber on Cape Fear River, about forty miles from Wilmington, N. C. No bids except from practical and financially responsible men will be considered. If interested, reply to Box 547, Richmond, Va. mh10-3t

WANTED — TO PURCHASE SOME AT-lantic Coast Veneer stock. Address Box 683, City. mh10-7t*

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—BLACK and white setter puppy, male, about seven weeks old. Reward for return 16 North Eighth street. mh10-1t

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

No Alum—No Phosphate

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS — WE PAY highest cash prices for mixed scrap iron and steel. Special offer made on solid cars cast iron machinery scrap, copper, brass, all kinds metals, rubber boots and shoes, auto tires and inner tubes, rags, tailor clips, bones, etc. Get my offers before selling. References: any firms or banks in Lynchburg. M. Eichelbaum, Lynchburg, Va. mh1-w,f,su-13t*

NEW — WE HAVE RECEIVED A FEW copies of the World Almanacs, which we are selling for 25 cents per copy; by mail, 35 cents per copy 'Phone your orders to 745. Gordon Bros. mh1-tf

EXPERT AUTO RADIATOR DOCTOR Bring your leaky radiators, smashed fenders, lamps and mufflers to 22 S. Second street. W. B. Klander. fe27-tf

QUALITY PRINTING; FACSIMILE EM-bossing and engraving; multigraphing, typewriting; Notaries Public. Harriss Typewriting & Adv. Co. fe17-tf

WANTED—TWENTY GOOD BOX MILL men at once. Camp Manufacturing Co., Wallace, N. C. mh8-6t

FOR RENT — TWO-STORY NINE-room residence, No 409 South Sixth street; large lot, stable and garage. For terms, 'Phone 1512-J or 1336-W. mh8-3t

NORFOLK AND NEW RIVER OYS-ters. Full supply of beef, veal and pork; nice tomatoes, celery and lettuce; bell peppers and squash. Fancy grape fruit. 'Phone No. 72 Batson's Meat Market, 115 Market street. mh8-tf

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES FOR sale: Apples, lemons, grape fruit, white cabbage, turnips, onions Send us your orders. Bear Produce and Mdse. Co., Inc. (Wholesale), Wilmington, N. C mh8-7t

EGGS, EGGS, EGGS — LARGE QUAN-tities fresh country eggs wanted Ship them to us. Bear Produce and Mdse. Co., Inc., Wilmington, N. C. mh8-7t

FRESH LOBSTER SALAD DAILY— California oranges, 25 cents dozen; large grape fruit, 5 cents; pure maple syrup, 28 cents; Catawba Print butter, 38 cents; lean sliced bacon, 25 cents lb.; fancy lemons, 18 cents per dozen. We carry a full line of groceries and delicatessen. A trial order will convince you the saving we are to you. May Bros. 24 North Front street. Phone 1322. The only real delicatessen. mh 4-tf

HEMSTITCHING, PICOT EDGE work, done on short notice. Singer Sewing Machine Company, 107 Market Street. mh 5-10t

OPPORTUNITY FOR ANY YOUNG MAN —Get married, we'll furnish th diamond and wedding rings at half price. Solid gold jewelry our specialty. See Uncle Charles, No. 6 South Front st. fe22-tf

NEW SERIES OPENS MARCH 4, 1916, at 210 Princess street, Brooklyn Building and Loan Association. G. H. Heyer, President; Herbert McClammy, Attorney; Geo. B. Applewhite, Secretary and Treasurer. We want you as a stockholder. fe6-tf

WANTED — 100 ROOFS TO PAINT and repair; ice boxes, refrigerators, slate roofing. Call 'phone 431. Prices reasonable. W. B. Klander, 22 South Second street. fe27-tf,

FOR SALE — 1,000 TONS 71-2 PER cent prime cotton seed meal, at a very low price. Wire me, collect, if you are interested; I can sell you. V. B Sharpe, Maxton, N. C. mh9-tf

SPECIAL FOR 15 DAYS — WILL PUT on half soles, sewed, and rubber heels for $1.00. All work is perfectly guaranteed. The Fair Shoe Shop. S. Rubin, prop'r. 825 N 4th street; 'phone 738. mh9-7t*

FOR RENT — HOUSE, 8 ROOMS, 215 Ann street; modern; in fine order; $25.00 a month. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. mh8-tf

FERTILIZER FOR FLOWERS, LAWNS, etc. Darling's pulverized sheep manure, put up in five, ten and twenty-five pound packages. John S. McEachern Sons. mh9-th,f,su-3t*

DRY KILN BLOCKS — THEY ARE fine for quick fires. Call our wood man at 321, and prepare for the cold weather. Hilton Lumber Co. mh9-2t

FINE ART

This week we will show a fine line of **PICTURES**—copies from the Old Masters—Etchings, Apographs, Re-Proofs, Carbons and Prints.

Fine Cathedral pictures, copies from Etchings by Haig, Fitton, Affleck and others.

We make a Specialty of **PICTURE FRAMING**, of all kinds and sizes, from the latest styles of moulding. We guarantee satisfaction both in workmanship and price.

Out of town orders solicited.

C. W. YATES CO.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

COTTON

WE ARE PREPARED TO CONTRACT FOR FALL DELIVERY COTTON WITH RESPONSIBLE PARTIES, AT GOOD PRICES.

W. B. Cooper & Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Don't Envy Those Who Have Acquired Success by Thrift.

The same opportunity is offered you. They had the foresight to lay aside a small portion of their earnings systematically and were enabled to take advantage of opportunity You follow the example of hundreds of successful men when you open a Savings Account in our Savings Department.

A Growing Savings Account Promotes Prosperity

American Bank & Trust Co.

Front and Market Street.

Prepare For Prosperity

Have your office quarters suitably arranged, properly located and efficiently systematized to handle your share of the increase in business, which is predicted to reach us in 1916 by America's greatest men.

The new Murchison Building is the hub around which Wilmington's commerce revolves. It is the best locality in which to locate. There is no excuse for not having a modern office, in a model office building, with really good janitor service, heat, light, etc., when you can get all these for forty cents a day and up. Locate in the Murchison, Wilmington's Busy Building. See Manager of Building, in room No. 501.

A Message

Have you lost opportunities simply because you did not have the necessary funds with which to take advantage of them?

Have you profited by your experience and laid the foundation with which to grasp the next one?

If not, open an account today with this bank, and add to it as much and as often as possible.

HOME SAVINGS BANK

JUST RECEIVED

Car load Maxwell Cars, selling for.. .. ..$ 655.00 F. O. B. Detroit
Car load Studebaker Cars .. ..1,050.00 F. O. B. Detroit
Car load Studebaker 4 cyl .. .. 885.00 F. O. B. Detroit
Car load Hudson, 6 cyl .. ..1,350.00 F. O. B. Detroit

We have some good values in used cars, and anything in the accessory line. We also carry the famous Pennsylvania Tires, that are guaranteed for 6,000 miles, adjustments on casing, if any, made right here in our office. It will pay to use this tire. For fast and lasting service, 'phone 414.

Lassiter-McDuffie Co., Inc.

114 NORTH SECOND ST.

Buy at Home

Following out the "Rotary" idea, Mr. Moore and his committee insist that the money that stays in Wilmington is the only money that really helps build the city. That being the case, patronize the

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

The Only Oil Company in the City Whose Money Remains in Wilmington.

STACKS, TANKS, BOILERS, PUMPS.
GAS AND STEAM ENGINE REPAIRS.
REPAIRS FOR MILLS, HOTELS AND PUBLIC WORKS.
OUR FOUNDRY MAKES ALL KINDS of IRON, BRASS and ALUMINUM CASTINGS.

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Our Framing Department is Now Open. Our line of Moulding is the Prettiest That Has Ever Been Shown in the City, and

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COAL! BUILDERS' SUPPLIES!
LARGE STOCKS. PROMPT DELIVERY
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